Trinidad and Tobago



Monitoring the Situation of Children & Women

Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011

Key Findings & Tables















THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Trinidad and Tobago

Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011

Key Findings & Tables

December, 2017









The Trinidad and Tobago Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) was conducted from November to December 2011 by the Ministry of Social Development and Family Services and Central Statistical Office in collaboration with the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), as part of the global MICS4 programme. Technical and financial support was provided by UNICEF.

MICS provides up-to-date information on the situation of children and women and measures key indicators that allow countries to monitor progress towards the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and other internationally agreed upon commitments. Additional information on the global MICS project may be obtained from www.childinfo.org.

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Introduction

BACKGROUND

The Trinidad and Tobago Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) was conducted from November to December 2011 by the Ministry of Social Development and Family Services and Central Statistical Office in collaboration with the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), as part of the global MICS4 programme. Technical and financial support was provided by UNICEF.

The survey provides statistically sound and internationally comparable data essential for developing evidence-based policies and programmes for children and women in Trinidad and Tobago and for monitoring progress toward national goals and global commitments. Among the global commitments are those emanating from the World Fit for Children Declaration and Plan of Action, the goals of the United Nations General Assembly Special Session on HIV/AIDS, the Education for All Declaration and the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). The findings are also expected to be part of the baseline data on children and women for the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

This report presents the survey results on a wide range of indicators for understanding the children's wellbeing, education, health and protection in Trinidad and Tobago. The data will inform the monitoring of national plans and policies related to children such as, the National Child Policy 2017-2022 and the Vision 2020 National Strategic Plan. It will provide useful insights for the draft National Gender Policy and Action Plan and the national health agenda. MICS data will be a valuable input for assessing the investment within the Social Sector towards the achievement of national priorities.





The evidence from MICS will also be instrumental in the longer term strategic planning for the inclusive socio-economic development of Trinidad and Tobago and will support policy and programme implementation to achieve the objectives of the government's Medium Term Policy Framework, which guides the development of the country.

SURVEY OBJECTIVES

TThe 2011 Trinidad and Tobago MICS is the third survey of its kind supported by UNICEF and implemented collaboratively by the Ministry of Social Development and Family Services and Central Statistical Office. Its primary objectives are:

- To provide up-to-date information for assessing the situation of children and women in Trinidad and Tobago;
- To furnish data needed for monitoring progress towards goals established in the national development plans and internationally agreed upon commitments, as a basis for future action;
- To collect disaggregated data for the identification of inequities and disparities, to

- allow for evidence based policy-making aimed at social inclusion of the most vulnerable
- To contribute to the improvement of data and monitoring systems in Trinidad and Tobago and to strengthen technical expertise in the design, collection and analysis of data;
- To validate data from other sources and the results of focused interventions.

An Inter-Ministerial Research Council (IMRC) was established in 2009 to coordinate the social research. agenda, promote institutionalization of the conduct of important surveys, such as the Survey of Living Conditions and the Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey, and to encourage the sharing of data across Ministries. The Council is chaired by the Ministry of Social Development and Family Services and has representation from senior research personnel from across the social sector, as well as the Tobago House of Assembly, the University community and the Civil Society. A group of the Council acted as the steering committee for the MICS project and provided technical oversight and some administrative responsibilities. The general coordination and management of the project was undertaken by the Social Investigations Division of the Ministry of Social Development and Family Services.





Sample and Survey Methodology

Sample Design

The sample for the 2011 Trinidad and Tobago Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) was designed to provide estimates for a large number of indicators on the situation of children and women at the national level and for 5 Regional Health Authorities (regions): North West, North Central, South West, East, and Tobago. All enumeration districts (EDs) were defined as primary sampling units (PSUs). The regions were identified as the main sampling strata and the sample was selected in two stages. In each stratum, a specified number of primary sampling units were selected systematically with probability proportional to size. After a household listing was carried out within the selected enumeration areas, a systematic sample of 15 households was drawn in each sample enumeration district.



Map 1: Regions of Trinidad and Tobago

Note: The 5 regions are North West Regional Health Authority (NWRHA), North Central Regional Health Authority (NCRHA), South West Regional Health Authority (SWRHA), East Regional Health Authority (ERHA), and Tobago Regional Health Authority (THRA).

Source: Ministry of Health, Trinidad and Tobago, 2015.





As in the case of 2006 MICS, the indicator on immunization was considered to be very important and DPT (diphtheria, pertussis and tetanus) coverage was selected as the key indicator. In order to estimate the value of this indicator with the desired level of precision, the sample size was estimated to be about 6,600 households. A total of 407 primary sampling units were selected, and 15 households were sampled in each selected PSU. A total of 6,020 households were found at these addresses, of which 5,573 were successfully interviewed. Sample weights are used for reporting the results at national and regional level. A more detailed description of the sample design can be found in Appendix A.

Questionnaires

Three sets of questionnaires were used in the survey:

1) a household questionnaire which was used to collect information on all *de jure* household members (usual residents), the household, and the dwelling;

2) a women's questionnaire administered in each household to all women age 15-49 years; and 3) an under-5 questionnaire, administered to mothers (or caretakers) for all children under 5 living in the household. The questionnaires included the following modules:

The Household Questionnaire included the following modules:

- Household Listing Form
- Education
- Water and Sanitation
- Household Characteristics
- Child Labour
- Child Discipline
- Handwashing
- Salt Iodization

The Questionnaire for Individual Women was administered to all women age 15-49 years living in the households, and included the following modules:

- Women's Background
- Access to Mass Media and Use of Information/ Communication Technology
- Child Mortality
- Desire for Last Birth
- Maternal and Newborn Health
- Post-natal Health Checks
- Illness Symptoms
- Contraception
- Unmet Need
- Attitudes Toward Domestic Violence
- Marriage/Union
- Sexual Behaviour
- HIV/AIDS

The Questionnaire for Children Under Five was administered to mothers (or caretakers) of children under 5 years of age¹ living in households where interviews were conducted. Normally, the questionnaire was administered to mothers of under-5 children; in cases when the mother was not listed in the household roster, a primary caretaker for the child was identified and interviewed. The questionnaire included the following modules:

- Age
- Birth Registration
- Early Childhood Development
- Breastfeeding
- Care of Illness
- Immunization
- Anthropometry

The questionnaires are based on the MICS4 model questionnaire². From the MICS4 model English version, the questionnaires were customized and pretested during the third quarter of 2011. Based on the results of the pre-test, modifications were made to the wording of the questionnaires.

² The model MICS4 questionnaires can be found at http://mics.unicef.org/tools?round=mics4.





¹ The terms "children under 5", "children age 0-4 years", and "children age 0-59 months" are used interchangeably in this report.

In addition to the administration of questionnaires, fieldwork teams tested the salt used for cooking in the households for iodine content, observed the place for handwashing, and measured the weights and heights of children age under 5 years. Details and findings of these measurements are provided in the respective tables of the report.

Training and Fieldwork

Training for the fieldwork was conducted for 10 days between October 24th and November 4th, 2011. Training included lectures on interviewing techniques and the contents of the questionnaires, and mock interviews between trainees to gain practice in asking questions. Towards the end of the training period, trainees spent 5 days in practice interviewing in the following locations: Four Roads Tamana, Cedros, Point Fortin, Barrackpore, San Fernando, St. Augustine, Petit Bourg, California, Cocoyea, Princes Town, Mayaro and Edinburgh.

The data were collected by 12 teams; each consisting of 4 interviewers, one editor and a supervisor. There was a field-co-ordinator overseeing the field work activities and reporting to a survey co-ordinator. Twenty six nurses were separately trained to perform the anthropometric measurements. The anthropometry training took place on December 1st, 2011. Given that some nurses dropped-out before the field work, some regions and teams were left without a trained measurer and had to rely on supervisors and other team members who were trained during the pre-test. Due to the challenges with recruiting the nurses, the anthropometry module was not completed at the same time as the other modules of the questionnaire. This resulted in a back log which continued to increase due to the shortage of nurses in some regions. This situation could not continue and the survey team had to temporarily stop the fieldwork and focus on reducing the number of children to be measured. Fieldwork began in November 2011 and concluded in December 2011.

Data Processing

Data were entered using the CSPro software. The data were entered on 10 microcomputers and carried out by 10 data entry operators. There were also a data processing supervisor, a data entry supervisor and 3 secondary editors to reinforce quality control standards. All questionnaires were double-entered and internal consistency checks were performed. Procedures and standard programs developed under the global MICS4 programme and adapted to the Trinidad and Tobago guestionnaire were used throughout. Data processing began simultaneously with data collection on November 14th, 2011 and was completed in June 2012. According to the original schedule of activities, the completion date for data processing was January 13th, 2012. The delays in completion were mainly due to: incomplete questionnaires, discrepancies in the data, slow pace of some data entry operators, and non-adherence to the data processing process. Data were analysed using the Statistical Package for Social Sciences (SPSS) software program, Version 18. Model syntax and tabulation plans developed by UNICEF were customized and used for this purpose.







Trinidad and Tobago MICS at a Glance

Sample frame	2009 PAHO Sampling Frame	Questionnaires	Household Women (age 15-49)
- Updated	August-October 2011	,	Children under five
Interviewer training	October-November 2011	Fieldwork	November - December 2011
Survey sample			
Households		Children under five	
- Sampled	6,628	- Eligible	1,224
- Occupied	6,020	- Mothers/caretakers intervie	wed 1,199
- Interviewed	5,573	- Response rate (Per cent)	98.0
- Response rate (Per cent)	92.6		
Women			
- Eligible for interviews	4,424		
- Interviewed	4,123		
- Response rate (Per cent)	93.2		

Survey population			
Average household size Percentage of population under: - Age 5 - Age 18 Percentage of women age 15-49 years with at least one live birth in the last 2 years	3.2 6.7 24.6 9.7	Percentage of population living in - Urban areas - Rural areas - North West - East - North Central - South West - Tobago	57.4 42.6 23.5 7.6 38.2 26.6 4.1

Housing characteristics	
Percentage of households with	
- Electricity	97.5
- Finished floor	82.6
- Finished roofing	99.4
- Finished walls	91.9
Mean number of persons per room used for sleeping	1.52

Household or personal assets	
Percentage of households that own - A television - A refrigerator - Agricultural land - Farm animals/livestock	96.0 95.3 10.9 4.9
Percentage of households where at least a member has or owns a - Mobile phone - Car or truck	96.3 55.8





Child mortality

Ear	Early childhood mortality			
MICS Indicator		Indicator	Description	V alue ^A
1.2	MDG 4.2	Infant mortality rate	Probability of dying between birth and the first birthday	(32)
1.5	MDG 4.1	Under-five mortality rate	Probability of dying between birth and the fifth birthday	(36)

[^]Indicator values are per 1,000 live births and refer approximately to 2004.9. The East Model was assumed to approximate the age pattern of mortality in Trinidad and Tobago and calculations are based on the Time Since First Birth (TSFB) version of the indirect children ever born/surviving method.

() Figures that are based on 250-499 unweighted exposed persons





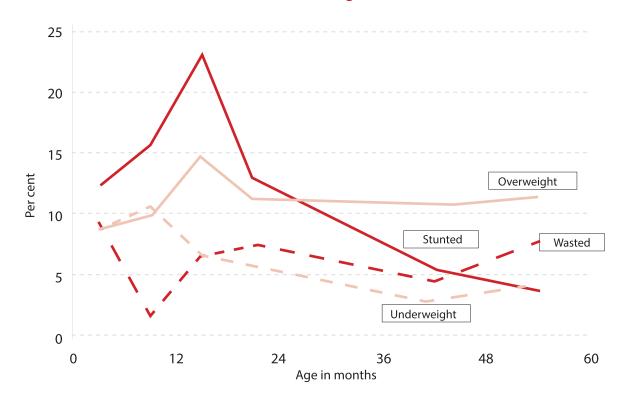


Nutrition

MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value
2.1a MDG 1.8 2.1b	Underweight prevalence (a) Moderate and severe (b) Severe	Percentage of children under age 5 who fall below (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe) (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for age of the WHO standard	5.5 1.9
2.2a 2.2b	Stunting prevalence (a) Moderate and severe (b) Severe	Percentage of children under age 5 who fall below (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe) (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median height for age of the WHO standard	11.0 5.1
2.3a 2.3b	Wasting prevalence (a) Moderate and severe (b) Severe	Percentage of children under age 5 who fall below (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe) (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for height of the WHO standard	6.3 2.1
2.4	Overweight prevalence	Percentage of children under age 5 who are above two standard deviations of the median weight for height of the WHO standard	11.5

Figure 1: Underweight, stunted, wasted and overweight children under age 5 (moderate and severe),

Trinidad and Tobago, 2011





MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value
2.5	Children ever breastfed	Percentage of women with a live birth in the last 2 years who breastfed their last live-born child at any time	91.9
2.6	Early initiation of breastfeeding	Percentage of women with a live birth in the last 2 years who put their last newborn to the breast within one hour of birth	46.3
2.7	Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	Percentage of infants under 6 months of age who are exclusively breastfed ³	21.5
2.8	Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months	Percentage of infants under 6 months of age who received breast milk as the predominant source of nourishment ⁴ during the previous day	30.7
2.9	Continued breastfeeding at 1 year	Percentage of children age 12-15 months who received breast milk during the previous day	41.2
2.10	Continued breastfeeding at 2 years	Percentage of children age 20-23 months who received breast milk during the previous day	28.2
2.11	Median duration of breastfeeding	The age in months when 50 percent of children age 0-35 months did not receive breast milk during the previous day	8.1
2.12	Age-appropriate breastfeeding	Percentage of children age 0-23 months appropriately fed ⁵ during the previous day	28.3
2.13	Introduction of solid, semi- solid or soft foods	Percentage of infants age 6-8 months who received solid, semi-solid or soft foods during the previous day	52.6
2.14	Milk feeding frequency for non-breastfed children	Percentage of non-breastfed children age 6-23 months who received at least 2 milk feedings during the previous day	97.0
2.15	Minimum meal frequency	Percentage of children age 6-23 months who received solid, semi-solid and soft foods (plus milk feeds for non-breastfed children) the minimum number of times ⁶ or more during the previous day	70.1
2.18	Bottle feeding	Percentage of children age 0-23 months who were fed with a bottle during the previous day	80.5

⁶ Breastfeeding children: Solid, semi-solid, or soft foods, two times for infants age 6-8 months, and three times for children 9-23 months; Non-breastfeeding children: Solid, semi-solid, or soft foods, or milk feeds, four times for children age 6-23 months.







³ Infants receiving breast milk, and not receiving any other fluids or foods, with the exception of oral rehydration solution, vitamins, mineral supplements and medicines.

⁴ Infants receiving breast milk and certain fluids (water and water-based drinks, fruit juice, ritual fluids, oral rehydration solution, drops, vitamins, minerals, and medicines), but do not receive anything else (in particular, non-human milk and food-based fluids).

⁵ Infants age 0-5 months who are exclusively breastfed, and children age 6-23 months who are breastfed and ate solid, semi-solid or soft foods.

Salt iodiza	Salt iodization				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value		
2.19	lodized salt consumption	Percentage of households with salt testing 15 parts per million or more of iodide/iodate	47.4		

Low-birthweight				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value	
2.20	Low-birth weight infants	Percentage of most recent live births in the last 2 years weighing below 2,500 grams at birth	16.0	
2.21	Infants weighed at birth	Percentage of most recent live births in the last 2 years who were weighed at birth	87.8	

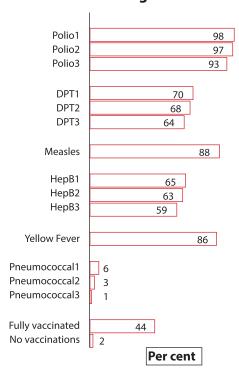


Child health

Vaccinatio	Vaccinations				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value		
3.2	Polio immunization coverage	Percentage of children age 18-29 months who received the third dose of polio vaccine (OPV3) by 18 months	92.6		
3.3	Diphtheria, pertussis and tetanus (DPT) immunization coverage	Percentage of children age 18-29 months who received the third dose of DPT vaccine (DPT3) by their first birthday	64.0		
3.4 MDG 4.3	Measles immunization coverage	Percentage of children age 18-29 months who received measles vaccine by 18 months	87.5		
3.5	Hepatitis B immunization coverage	Percentage of children age 18-29 months who received the third dose of Hepatitis B vaccine (HepB3) by their first birthday	58.5		
3.7	Yellow fever immunization coverage	Percentage of children age 18-29 months who received yellow fever vaccine by 18 months	86.2		
3.8	Full immunization coverage	Percentage of children age 18-29 months who received all ⁷ vaccinations recommended in the national immunization schedule by their first birthday (by 18 months for measles, yellow fever and OPV3)	44.3		

Figure 2: Vaccinations by age 12 months (measles, yellow fever and OPV3 by 18 months),
Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

Children Age 18-29 months



⁷ Full vaccination includes the following: DPT1-3 (alone or from Pentavalent), HepB1-3 (alone or from Pentavalent) and Polio1-2 by age 12 months in the national immunization schedule. Measles, yellow fever and Polio3 by 18 months.







Tetanus t	Tetanus toxoid				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value		
3.9	Neonatal tetanus protection	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who were given at least two doses of tetanus toxoid vaccine within the appropriate interval prior to the most recent birth	15.8		

Diarrhoea			
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value
-	Children with diarrhoea	Percentage of children under age 5 with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks	5.3
-	Diarrhoea treatment with oral rehydration therapy (ORT)	Percentage of children under age 5 with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received ORT (ORS packet, pre-packaged ORS fluid, recommended homemade fluid or increased fluids) during the episode of diarrhoea	60.3
3.12	Diarrhoea treatment with oral rehydration therapy (ORT) and continued feeding	Percentage of children under age 5 with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received ORT (ORS packet, pre-packaged ORS fluid, recommended homemade fluid or increased fluids) and continued feeding during the episode of diarrhoea	39.8

	Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) symptoms				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value		
-	Children with ARI symptoms	Percentage of children under age 5 with ARI symptoms in the last 2 weeks	4.1		
3.13	Care-seeking for children with ARI symptoms	Percentage of children under age 5 with ARI symptoms in the last 2 weeks for whom advice or treatment was sought from a health facility or provider	80.3		
3.14	Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms	Percentage of children under age 5 with ARI symptoms in the last 2 weeks who received antibiotics	32.2		

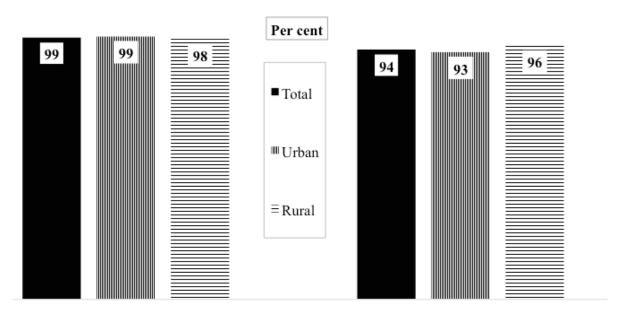
Solid fuel use				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value	
3.15	Use of solid fuels for cooking	Percentage of household members in households that use solid fuels as the primary source of domestic energy to cook	0.0	



Water and sanitation

Wa	Water and sanitation				
MIC Indi	S cator	Indicator	Description	Value	
4.1	MDG 7.8	Use of improved drinking water sources	Percentage of household members using improved sources of drinking water	98.7	
4.2		Water treatment	Percentage of household members in households using unimproved drinking water who use an appropriate treatment method	29.7	
4.3	MDG 7.9	Use of improved sanitation	Percentage of household members using improved sanitation facilities which are not shared	94.2	
4.4		Safe disposal of child's faeces	Percentage of children age 0-2 years whose last stools were disposed of safely	17.5	
4.5		Place for handwashing	Percentage of households with a specific place for hand washing where water and soap or other cleansing agent are present	94.6	
4.6		Availability of soap or other cleansing agent	Percentage of households with soap or other cleansing agent	96.6	

Figure 3: Use of improved water and sanitation in urban and rural areas, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011



Percentage of household members using an improved water source

Percentage of household members using an improved sanitation facility which is not shared





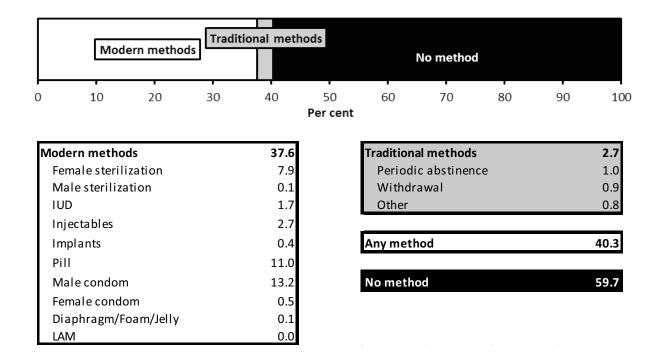
Reproductive health

Cor	Contraception and unmet need					
MICS	-	Indicator	Description	Value		
-		Total fertility rate	Total fertility rate ^A for women age 15-49 years	1.7		
5.1	MDG 5.4	Adolescent birth rate	Age-specific fertility rate ^A for women age 15-19 years	32		
5.2		Early childbearing	Percentage of women age 20-24 years who had at least one live birth before age 18	6.3		
5.3	MDG 5.3	Contraceptive prevalence rate	Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married or in union who are using (or whose partner is using) a (modern or traditional) contraceptive method	40.3		
5.4	MDG 5.6	Unmet need	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who are currently married or in union who are fecund and want to space their births or limit the number of children they have and who are not currently using contraception	24.3		

^AThe age-specific fertility rate is defined as the number of live births to women in a specific age group during a specified period, divided by the average number of women in that age group during the same period, expressed per 1,000 women. The age-specific fertility rate for women age 15-19 years is also termed as the adolescent birth rate.

The total fertility rate (TFR) is calculated by summing the age-specific fertility rates calculated for each of the 5-year age groups of women, from age 15 through to age 49. The TFR denotes the average number of children to which a woman will have given birth by the end of her reproductive years (by age 50) if current fertility rates prevailed.

Figure 4: Use of contraception, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011





Ma	Maternal and newborn health				
MICS		Indicator	Description	Value	
5.5a 5.5b	MDG 5.5 MDG 5.5	Antenatal care coverage	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who were attended during their last pregnancy that led to a live birth (a) at least once by skilled health personnel (b)at least four times by any provider	95.1 87.3	
5.6		Content of antenatal care	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who had their blood pressure measured and gave urine and blood samples during the last pregnancy that led to a live birth	97.7	
5.7	MDG 5.2	Skilled attendant at delivery	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who were attended by skilled health personnel during their most recent live birth	98.4	
5.8		Institutional deliveries	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was delivered in a health facility	97.9	
5.9		Caesarean section	Percentage of women age 15-49 years whose most recent live birth in the last 2 years was delivered by caesarean section	22.1	

Post-natal	Post-natal health checks				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value		
5.10	Post-partum stay in health facility	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who stayed in the health facility for 12 hours or more after the delivery of their most recent live birth in the last 2 years	97.6		
5.11	Post-natal health check for the newborn	Percentage of last live births in the last 2 years who received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery	96.3		
5.12	Post-natal health check for the mother	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery of their most recent live birth in the last 2 years	92.0		







Child development

Child dev	elopment		
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value
6.1	Attendance to early childhood education	Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are attending an early childhood education programme	84.5
6.2	Support for learning	Percentage of children age 36-59 months with whom an adult has engaged in four or more activities to promote learning and school readiness in the last 3 days	95.7
6.3	Father's support for learning	Percentage of children age 36-59 months whose biological father has engaged in one or more activities to promote learning and school readiness in the last 3 days	56.5
6.5	Availability of children's books	Percentage of children under age 5 who have three or more children's books	76.2
6.6	Availability of playthings	Percentage of children under age 5 who play with two or more types of playthings	76.3
6.7	Inadequate care	Percentage of children under age 5 left alone or in the care of another child younger than 10 years of age for more than one hour at least once in the last week	1.5
6.8	Early child development index	Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are developmentally on track in at least three of the following four domains: literacy-numeracy, physical, social-emotional, and learning	91.3





Literacy and education

MICS	S cator	Indicator	Description	Value
7.1	MDG 2.3	Literacy rate among young people	Percentage of young women age 15-24 years who are able to read a short simple statement about everyday life or who attended secondary or higher education	99.0
7.2		School readiness	Percentage of children in first grade of primary school who attended pre-school during the previous school year	84.8
7.3		Net intake rate in primary education	Percentage of children of school-entry age who enter the first grade of primary school	84.5
7.4	MDG 2.1	Primary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Percentage of children of primary school age currently attending primary or secondary school	98.7
7.5		Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Percentage of children of secondary school age currently attending secondary school or higher	87.5
7.6	MDG 2.2	Children reaching last grade of primary	Percentage of children entering the first grade of primary school who eventually reach last grade	99.2
7.7		Primary completion rate ^A	Number of children attending the last grade of primary school (excluding repeaters) divided by number of children of primary school completion age (age appropriate to final grade of primary school)	105.8
7.8		Transition rate to secondary school	Number of children attending the last grade of primary school during the previous school year who are in the first grade of secondary school during the current school year divided by number of children attending the last grade of primary school during the previous school year	87.7
7.9	MDG 3.1	Gender parity index (primary school)	Primary school net attendance ratio (adjusted) for girls divided by primary school net attendance ratio (adjusted) for boys	1.00
7.10	MDG 3.1	Gender parity index (secondary school)	Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted) for girls divided by secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted) for boys	1.01

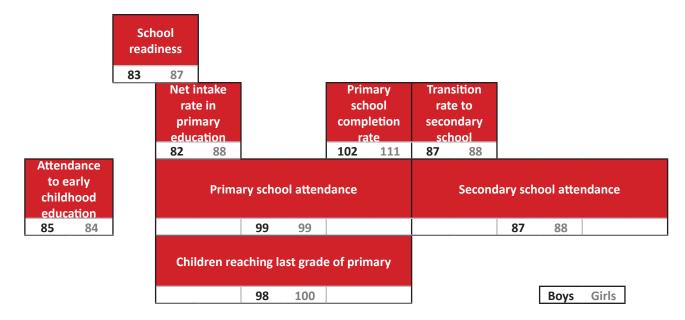
younger or older than the primary school graduation age.





⁸ Education indicators, wherever applicable, are based on information on reported school attendance (at any time during the school year), as a proxy for enrolment.

Figure 5: Education indicators by sex, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011



Note: All indicator values are in per cent



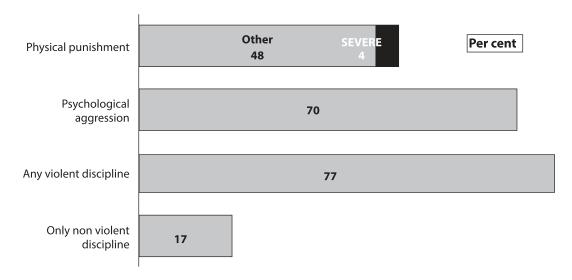
Child protection

Birth registration				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value	
8.1	Birth registration	Percentage of children under age 5 whose births are reported registered	96.5	

Child labour				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value	
8.2	Child labour	Percentage of children age 5-14 years who are involved in child labour ⁹	2.3	

Child disc	Child discipline				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value		
8.3	Violent discipline	Percentage of children age 2-14 years who experienced psychological aggression or physical punishment during the last one month	76.7		

Figure 6: Child disciplining methods, children age 2-14 years, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011



⁹ A child is considered to be involved in child labour activities at the moment of the survey if during the week preceding the survey he/she performed the following activities: (a) children 5-11 years of age did at least one hour of economic activity or at least 28 hours of domestic chores per week, and (b) children 12-14 years of age did at least 14 hours of economic activity or at least 28 hours of domestic chores per week.





Early marriage and polygyny			
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value
8.4	Marriage before age 15	Percentage of Women age 15-49 years who were first married or in union before age 15	2.8
8.5	Marriage before age 18	Percentage of Women age 20-49 years who were first married or in union before age 18	12.4
8.6	Young women age 15-19 years currently married or in union	Percentage of young women age 15-19 years who are married or in union	4.4
8.7	Polygyny	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who are in a polygynous union	2.1
8.8a 8.8b	Spousal age difference	Percentage of young women who are married or in union and whose spouse is 10 or more years older,	
		(a) among women age 15-19 years,(b) among women age 20-24 years	(36.3) 15.7

Attitudes towards domestic violence			
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value
8.12	Attitudes towards domestic violence	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who state that a husband is justified in hitting or beating his wife in at least one of the following circumstances: (1) she goes out without telling him, (2) she neglects the children, (3) she argues with him, (4) she refuses sex with him, (5) she burns the food	3.7

Children's living arrangements				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value	
8.13	Children's living arrangements	Percentage of children age 0-17 years living with neither biological parent	6.6	
8.14	Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead	Percentage of children age 0-17 years with one or both biological parents dead	5.9	



HIV/AIDS and sexual behaviour

НΙ\	HIV/AIDS knowledge and attitudes			
MIC Indi	S cator	Indicator	Description	Value
-		Have heard of AIDS	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who have heard of AIDS	99.7
9.1	MDG 6.3	Knowledge about HIV prevention among young people	Percentage of young women age 15-24 years who correctly identify ways of preventing the sexual transmission of HIV ¹⁰ , and who reject major misconceptions about HIV transmission ¹¹	60.2
9.2		Knowledge of mother-to- child transmission of HIV	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who correctly identify all three means ¹² of mother-to-child transmission of HIV	49.5
9.3		Accepting attitudes towards people living with HIV	Percentage of women age 15-49 years expressing accepting attitudes on all four questions ¹³ toward people living with HIV	17.4

HIV testir	ng		
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value
9.4	People who know where to be tested for HIV	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who state knowledge of a place to be tested for HIV	92.4
9.5	People who have been tested for HIV and know the results	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who have been tested for HIV in the last 12 months and who know their results	19.9
9.6	Sexually active young people who have been tested for HIV and know the results	Percentage of young women age 15-24 years who have had sex in the last 12 months, who have been tested for HIV in the last 12 months and who know their results	36.0
9.7	HIV counselling during antenatal care	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who had a live birth in the last 2 years and received antenatal care during the pregnancy of their most recent birth, reporting that they received counselling on HIV during antenatal care	66.8
9.8	HIV testing during antenatal care	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who had a live birth in the last 2 years and received antenatal care during the pregnancy of their most recent birth, reporting that they were offered and accepted an HIV test during antenatal care and received their results	80.9

¹³ People (1) who think that a female teacher who is HIV-positive and is not sick should be allowed to continue teaching, (2) who would buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor who is HIV-positive, (3) who would not want to keep secret that a family member is HIV-positive, and (4) who would be willing to care for a family member with AIDS in own home.





¹⁰ Using condoms and limiting sex to one faithful, uninfected partner.

¹¹ The two most common misconceptions about HIV transmission are included in the indicator calculation: i) mosquito bites and ii) sharing food with someone with AIDS.

¹² Transmission during pregnancy, during delivery, and by breastfeeding.

<u> </u>	ehaviour		
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value
9.9	Young people who have never had sex	Percentage of never married young women age 15-24 years who have never had sex	62.5
9.10	Sex before age 15 among young people	Percentage of young women age 15-24 years who had sexual intercourse before age 15	3.7
9.11	Age-mixing among sexual partners	Percentage of women age 15-24 years who had sex in the last 12 months with a partner who was 10 or more years older	12.6
9.12	Multiple sexual partnerships	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who had sexual intercourse with more than one partner in the last 12 months	2.9
9.13	Condom use at last sex among people with multiple sexual partnerships	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who report having had more than one sexual partner in the last 12 months who also reported that a condom was used the last time they had sex	44.2
9.14	Sex with non-regular partners	Percentage of sexually active young women age 15-24 years who had sex with a non-marital, non-cohabitating partner in the last 12 months	66.0
9.15 MDG 6	2 Condom use with non- regular partners	Percentage of young women age 15-24 years reporting the use of a condom during the last sexual intercourse with a non-marital, non-cohabiting sex partner in the last 12 months	59.2



Access to mass media and ICT

Access to mass media				
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value	
10.1	Exposure to mass media	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who, at least once a week, read a newspaper or magazine, listen to the radio, and watch television	75.1	

Use of information/communication technology						
MICS Indicator	Indicator	Description	Value			
10.2	Use of computers	Percentage of young women age 15-24 years who used a computer during the last 12 months	93.0			
10.3	Use of internet	Percentage of young women age 15-24 years who used the internet during the last 12 months	90.7			





APPENDICES



Appendix A. Sample Design

The major features of the sample design are described in this appendix. Sample design features include target sample size, sample allocation, sampling frame and listing, choice of domains, sampling stages, stratification, and the calculation of sample weights.

The primary objective of the sample design for the Trinidad and Tobago MICS was to produce statistically reliable estimates of most indicators, at the national level and for the five regions of the country: North West, North Central, South West, East, and Tobago.

A multi-stage, stratified cluster sampling approach was used for the selection of the survey sample.

Sample Size and Sample Allocation

The sample size for the Trinidad and Tobago 2011 MICS was calculated as 6,600 households. For the calculation of the sample size, the key indicator used was DPT (diphtheria, pertussis and tetanus) immunization coverage. The following formula was used to estimate the required sample size for this indicator:

$$n = \frac{[4(r)(1-r)(f)(1.1)]}{[(0.12r)^{2}(p)(n)]}$$

where

- n is the required sample size, expressed as number of households
- 4 is a factor to achieve the 95 percent level of confidence
- *r* is the predicted or anticipated value of the indicator, expressed in the form of a proportion

- 1.1 is the factor necessary to raise the sample size
 by 10 per cent for the expected non-response
- f is the shortened symbol for deff (design effect)
- 0.12r is the margin of error to be tolerated at the
 95 percent level of confidence, defined as 12 per cent of r (relative margin of error of r)
- p is the proportion of the total population upon which the indicator, r, is based
- \overline{n} is the average household size (number of persons per household).

For each of the five regions, namely, North West, North Central, South West, East and Tobago, the calculation of n was based on r (DPT coverage) that was assumed to be 72.9 percent, 70.3 percent, 87 percent, 94.5 percent and 77.8 percent respectively, based on the values found in Trinidad and Tobago 2006 MICS.

The choice of the DPT immunization rate as the key indicator for estimating sample size was made after examining the likely sample sizes that would be needed for this and other possible key variables such as those relating to HIV.

To calculate *n* (the required sample size) the *r* values for DPT for each region were used, *p* (percentage of children age 18-29 months in the total population) was taken as 3 percent, average household size was taken as 3.4 persons, and the expected response rate was assumed to be 90%. The standard MICS default value of 1.5 was used for the design effect *deff*, since there was some doubt about the credibility of the very low *deff* values obtained for DPT in Trinidad and Tobago 2006 MICS.

Given uncertainties that prevailed with respect to the required sample size, the sampling consultant recommended a sample size of 6,600 households for Trinidad and Tobago 2011 MICS, which is slightly larger than the sample size used in Trinidad and Tobago 2006 MICS.







A number of possible allocation principles were considered for determining the number of sampling units to be enumerated in each of the five regions. These included proportional allocation, square root allocation, cube root allocation and equal allocation. Because Trinidad and Tobago 2006 MICS had relied on proportional allocation resulting in sample sizes that were too small to yield reliable estimates in the Eastern region and in Tobago, 2011 MICS relied on disproportionate allocation based on

the threealternative allocation principles – a square root allocation, a cube root allocation and an equal allocation. All possible allocations for the sample used for the Trinidad and Tobago 2011 MICS are shown in Table SD.1. Having considered each of these options, the survey team deemed the cube root allocation as the most appropriate as it was expected to yield sufficiently reliable estimates for each of the five regions especially Tobago.

Table SD.1: Possible allocations of the sample in Trinidad and Tobago								
Region	Households	Proportional allocation	Square root	Square root allocation	Cube root	Cube root allocation	Equal allocation	
North West	75,731	1,645	275.2	1,568	42.3	1,505	1,320	
North Central	109,719	2,383	331.2	1,887	47.9	1,703	1,320	
South West	82,458	1,791	287.2	1,636	43.5	1,548	1,320	
Eastern	23,358	507	152.8	871	28.6	1,017	1,320	
Tobago	12,605	274	112.3	640	23.3	828	1,320	
Total	303,871	6,600	(1,158.7)	6,600	(185.6)	6,600	6,600	

Based on the allocation of households as sampling units within the five regions, Table SD.2 provides a corresponding allocation of enumeration districts (EDs) to facilitate fieldwork activities based on the selection of 15 households per ED.

Table SD.2: Sample allocation for Trinidad and Tobago 2011 MICS						
Region	No. of EDs	No. of households				
North West	100	1,500				
North Central	114	1,710				
South West	103	1,545				
Eastern	68	1,020				
Tobago	55	825				
Total	440	6,600				

Sampling Frame and Selection of Clusters

The survey team examined the possible sampling frames at CSO. One option was a sampling frame based on the old administrative regions consisting of counties and wards, and a table of equivalence that links the former structure to a new set of administrative regions consisting primarily of regional corporations, two cities, three boroughs and the island of Tobago with its seven parishes. The survey team also discussed about using a sampling frame that was developed to undertake work done for the Pan-American Health Organization (PAHO) and which was based on an automatic system for sample selection. It was prepared in December 2009 and consisted of a listing of all the EDs by region, along with their size estimates. The PAHO frame was considered ideal for





Trinidad and Tobago 2011 MICS and was used for the selection of clusters.

Separate lists of enumeration districts have been prepared for Trinidad and for Tobago. The lists for Trinidad had to be disaggregated to reflect the four health regions on the island. The lists had to be cleaned as a number of EDs had no measure of size to the extent that it was appropriate to insert the latest available figure, from either the 2000 census or some more recent survey. A few EDs were extremely small and had to be combined with neighboring EDs before the sample was drawn. In contrast, some other EDs were very large, and had to be segmented, either in the frame before drawing the sample or in the field if a large ED was selected.

The enumeration districts were defined as primary sampling units (PSUs), and were selected from each of the sampling strata by using systematic pps (probability proportional to size) sampling procedures, based on the number of households in each enumeration district. The first stage of sampling was thus completed by selecting the required number of enumeration districts from each of the five regions.

Listing Activities and Selection of Households

Lists of households were prepared by the listing teams in the field for each enumeration district. The households were then sequentially numbered at the Central Statistical Office from 1 to the total number of households in each ED, and a selection of 15 households in each ED was carried out using random systematic selection procedures.

Calculation of Sample Weights

The Trinidad and Tobago MICS sample is not selfweighting, since different sampling fractions (based on a cube root allocation) were used for each region. For this reason, sample weights were calculated and these were used in the subsequent analyses of the survey data.

The major component of the weight is the reciprocal of the sampling fraction employed in selecting the number of sample households in that particular sampling stratum (h) and PSU (i):

$$W_{hi} = \frac{1}{f_{hi}}$$

The term f_{hi} , the sampling fraction for the *i-th* sample PSU in the *h-th* stratum, is the product of probabilities of selection at every stage in each sampling stratum:

$$f_{hi} = p_{1hi} \times p_{2hi} \times p_{3hi}$$

where p_{shi} is the probability of selection of the sampling unit at stage s for the i-th sample PSU in the h-th sampling stratum.

Since the estimated number of households in each ED (PSU) in the sampling frame used for the first stage selection and the updated number of households in the ED from the listing were different, individual sampling fractions for households in each sample enumeration area (cluster) were calculated. The second stage probability in this formula refers to the proportion of the sample ED that is listed, in the case of a large sample ED that is segmented; for the remaining sample EDs this probability is 1. The sampling fractions for households in each enumeration district (cluster) therefore included the first stage probability of selection of the ED in that particular sampling stratum, any second stage probability, and the last stage probability of selection of a household in the sampled ED (cluster).







A second component in the calculation of sample weights takes into account the level of non-response for the household and individual interviews. The adjustment for household non-response is equal to the inverse value of:

 $RR_h = Number$ of interviewed households in stratum h/ Number of occupied households listed in stratum h

After the completion of the fieldwork, response rates were calculated for each sampling stratum. These were used to adjust the sample weights calculated for each cluster within the stratum. Response rates in the Trinidad and Tobago Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey are shown in Table HH.1 in this report.

Similarly, the adjustment for non-response at the individual level (women and under-5 children) for each stratum is equal to the inverse value of:

RR_h = Completed women's (or under-5's) questionnaires in stratum h / Eligible women (or under-5s) in stratum h

The non-response adjustment factors for women's and under-5's questionnaires were applied to the adjusted household weights. Numbers of eligible women and

under-5 children were obtained from the roster of household members in the Household Questionnaire for households where interviews were completed.

The design weights for the households were calculated by multiplying the above factors for each ED. These weights were then standardized (or normalized), one purpose of which is to make the weighted sum of the interviewed sample units equal the total sample size at the national level. Normalization is achieved by dividing the full sample weights (adjusted for nonresponse) by the average of these weights across all households at the national level. This is performed by multiplying the sample weights by a constant factor equal to the unweighted number of households at the national level divided by the weighted total number of households (using the full sample weights adjusted for nonresponse). A similar standardization procedure was followed in obtaining standardized weights for the women's and under-5's questionnaires.

Normalized sample weights were appended to all data sets and analyses were performed by weighting each household, woman or under-5 with these sample weights.





Appendix B. Data Tables

Sample and Survey Characteristics

Table HH.1: Results of household, women's and under-5 interviews

Number of households, women, and children under 5 by interview results, and household, women's and under-5's response rates, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Are	a			Region		
	Total	Urban	Rural	North West	East	North Central	South West	Tobago
Households								
Sampled	6,628	3,164	3,464	1,509	1,023	1,717	1,550	829
Occupied	6,020	2,841	3,179	1,323	925	1,602	1,450	720
Interviewed	5,573	2,559	3,014	1,205	901	1,446	1,386	635
Household response rate	92.6	90.1	94.8	91.1	97.4	90.3	95.6	88.2
Women								
Eligible	4,424	1,979	2,445	925	732	1,186	1,131	450
Interviewed	4,123	1,818	2,305	856	710	1,079	1,099	379
Women's response rate	93.2	91.9	94.3	92.5	97.0	91.0	97.2	84.2
Women's overall response rate	86.3	82.7	89.4	84.3	94.5	82.1	92.9	74.3
Children under 5								
Eligible	1,224	550	674	258	231	299	289	147
Mothers/caretakers interviewed	1,199	538	661	253	231	290	288	137
Under-5's response rate	98.0	97.8	98.1	98.1	100.0	97.0	99.7	93.2
Under-5's overall response rate	90.7	88.1	93.0	89.3	97.4	87.5	95.3	82.2





Table HH.2: Household age distribution by sex

Percent and frequency distribution of the household population by five-year age groups, dependency age groups, and by child (age 0-17 years) and adult populations (age 18 or more), by sex, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Total		Ma	ales	Females		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	17,883	100.0	8,925	100.0	8,958	100.0	
Age							
0-4	1,191	6.7	581	6.5	610	6.8	
5-9	1,191	6.7	602	6.8	589	6.6	
10-14	1,246	7.0	658	7.4	588	6.6	
15-19	1,258	7.0	664	7.4	594	6.6	
20-24	1,352	7.6	673	7.5	679	7.6	
25-29	1,567	8.8	802	9.0	765	8.5	
30-34	1,306	7.3	667	7.5	640	7.1	
35-39	1,173	6.6	585	6.6	588	6.6	
40-44	1,080	6.0	561	6.3	518	5.8	
45-49	1,302	7.3	636	7.1	666	7.4	
50-54	1,264	7.1	615	6.9	648	7.2	
55-59	1,080	6.0	553	6.2	527	5.9	
60-64	853	4.8	408	4.6	445	5.0	
65-69	756	4.2	362	4.1	394	4.4	
70-74	482	2.7	229	2.6	252	2.8	
75-79	329	1.8	141	1.6	188	2.1	
80-84	223	1.2	92	1.0	131	1.5	
85+	200	1.1	80	0.9	119	1.3	
Missing/DK	30	0.2	15	0.2	15	0.2	
Dependency age groups							
0-14	3,628	20.3	1,841	20.6	1,787	19.9	
15-64	12,236	68.4	6,164	69.1	6,071	67.8	
65+	1990	11.1	904	10.1	1,086	12.1	
Missing/DK	30	0.2	15	0.2	15	0.2	
Child and adult populations							
Children age 0-17 years	4,402	24.6	2,249	25.2	2154	24.0	
Adults age 18+ years	13,451	75.2	6,661	74.6	6790	75.8	
Missing/DK	30	0.2	15	0.2	15	0.2	



Table HH.3: Household composition

Percent and frequency distribution of households by selected characteristics, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Weighted	Number of households			
	percent	Weighted	Unweighted		
Total	100.0	5,573	5,573		
Sex of household head					
Male	67.1	3,740	3,760		
Female	32.9	1,833	1,813		
Region					
North West	24.6	1,374	1,205		
East	7.3	409	901		
North Central	37.7	2,102	1,446		
South West	25.9	1,445	1,386		
Tobago Area	4.4	243	635		
Urban	58.7	3,270	2,559		
Rural	41.3	2,303	3,014		
Number of household members					
1	19.2	1,071	1,097		
2	21.7	1,210	1,201		
3	19.5	1,086	1,068		
4	18.5	1,029	1,037		
5	10.6	588	570		
6	5.6	310	319		
7	2.6	145	148		
8	1.1	61	61		
9	0.7	38	38		
10+	0.6	35	34		
Education of household head					
None	1.5	82	84		
Primary	40.4	2,250	2,396		
Secondary+	57.5	3,205	3,059		
Not Stated	0.6	35	34		
Ethnicity of household head					
African	38.4	2,140	2,289		
Indian	37.9	2,110	2,001		
Mixed	21.7	1,210	1,191		
Other/Not stated	2.0	112	92		
Mean household size	3.2	5,573	5,573		







Table HH.4: Women's background characteristics

Percent and frequency distribution of women age 15-49 years by selected characteristics, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Weighted	Numbe	r of women
	percent	Weighted	Unweighted
Total	100.0	4,123	4,123
Region			
North West	23.3	961	856
East	8.1	333	710
North Central	36.7	1,514	1,079
South West	28.7	1,184	1,099
Tobago	3.2	131	379
Area			
Urban	55.5	2,289	1,818
Rural	44.5	1,834	2,305
Age			
15-19	13.3	550	559
20-24	15.4	633	632
25-29	16.9	699	697
30-34	14.3	591	596
35-39	13.0	537	549
40-44	11.9	493	484
45-49	15.1	621	606
Marital/Union status			
Currently married/in union	49.1	2,023	2,041
Widowed	1.0	42	43
Divorced	2.4	97	93
Separated	5.7	235	239
Never married/in union	41.7	1,718	1,698
Missing	0.2	8	9
Motherhood and recent births			
Never gave birth	58.4	2,406	2,444
Ever gave birth	41.6	1,717	1,679
Gave birth in last two years	9.7	401	410
No birth in last two years	90.3	3,722	3,713
Education			
None	0.4	18	17
Primary	12.0	494	538
, Secondary+	87.5	3,609	3,566
, Missing/DK	0.0	2	2
Wealth index quintile			
Poorest	17.8	733	829
Second	19.2	791	836
Middle	21.0	865	861
Fourth	21.5	885	842
Richest	20.6	850	755
Ethnicity of household head		-	
African	34.9	1,440	1,523
Indian	41.6	1,716	1,628
Mixed	22.0	908	926
Other/Not stated	1.4	60	46





Table HH.5: Under-5's background characteristics

Percent and frequency distribution of children under five years of age by selected characteristics, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Weighted	Number of under-5 children			
	percent	Weighted	Unweighted		
Total	100.0	1,199	1,199		
Sex					
Male	48.8	585	584		
Female	51.2	614	615		
Region					
North West	24.5	293	253		
East	9.2	110	231		
North Central	35.4	424	290		
South West	26.7	321	288		
Tobago	4.3	51	137		
Area					
Urban	58.4	700	538		
Rural	41.6	499	661		
Age					
0-5 months	8.6	103	105		
6-11 months	9.3	111	111		
12-23 months	17.0	204	200		
24-35 months	21.5	258	256		
36-47 months	23.8	286	286		
48-59 months	19.8	238	241		
Mother's education ^a					
None	0.3	4	3		
Primary	13.4	161	186		
Secondary+	86.1	1,033	1,009		
Missing/DK	0.1	1	1		
Wealth index quintile					
Poorest	26.7	320	347		
Second	20.1	241	257		
Middle	23.0	275	265		
Fourth	17.2	207	192		
Richest	13.0	156	138		
Ethnicity of household head					
African	39.7	476	501		
Indian	34.9	418	391		
Mixed	24.6	295	298		
Other/Not stated	0.8	10	9		

^a In this table and throughout the report, mother's education refers to educational attainment of mothers as well as caretakers of children under 5, who are the respondents to the under-5 questionnaire if the mother is deceased or is living elsewhere.







Table HH.6: Housing characteristics

Percent distribution of households by selected housing characteristics, according to area of residence and regions, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Ar	ea			Region		
	Total	Urban	Rural	North West	East	North Central	South West	Tobago
Electricity								
Yes	97.5	98.4	96.1	97.8	93.3	98.3	97.0	98.5
No	2.5	1.6	3.9	2.2	6.7	1.7	3.0	1.5
Missing/DK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Flooring								
Natural floor	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.4	1.2	0.3	0.5	0.0
Rudimentary floor	12.4	10.2	15.4	9.9	18.5	11.4	14.9	9.1
Finished floor	82.6	84.6	79.8	84.3	69.8	84.2	81.0	90.1
Other	4.5	4.9	4.0	5.3	10.3	4.0	3.6	0.7
Missing/DK	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1
Roof								
Natural roofing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Rudimentary roofing	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3
Finished roofing	99.4	99.3	99.6	99.1	99.6	99.4	99.7	99.6
Other	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
Missing/DK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Exterior walls								
Natural walls	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.0
Rudimentary walls	7.4	4.6	11.5	3.7	18.1	6.1	9.6	8.5
Finished walls	91.9	94.8	87.9	95.9	79.8	93.0	90.2	91.3
Other	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.2	1.8	0.3	0.2	0.1
Missing/DK	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rooms used for sleeping								
1	28.2	26.9	29.9	26.9	29.6	28.5	28.7	27.1
2	34.0	35.0	32.5	37.4	34.7	33.0	32.2	33.3
3 or more	37.7	37.9	37.3	35.6	35.4	38.5	38.8	39.3
Missing/DK	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number of households	5,573	3,270	2,303	1,374	409	2,102	1,445	243
Mean number of persons per room used for sleeping	1.52	1.48	1.58	1.48	1.62	1.53	1.53	1.40



Table HH.7: Household and personal assets

Percentage of households by ownership of selected household and personal assets, and percent distribution by ownership

of dwelling, according to area of residence and regions, Trinidad and Tobago. 2011

		Are	a	<u></u>		Region		
	Total ⁻	Urban	Rural	North West	East	North Central	South West	Tobago
Percentage of households that own a								
Radio	91.1	90.7	91.7	89.3	90.3	90.1	94.4	91.4
Television	96.0	97.0	94.6	96.1	91.6	97.1	95.7	96.0
Non-mobile telephone	51.6	56.8	44.1	55.8	31.1	55.4	46.4	60.0
Refrigerator	95.3	96.6	93.5	96.2	90.4	96.5	94.1	96.4
Stove	99.1	99.3	98.8	98.8	98.6	99.4	99.0	99.0
Washing Machine	86.3	87.7	84.2	85.4	79.0	87.3	87.1	89.3
Clothes Dryer	19.7	23.9	13.8	20.8	11.3	21.8	18.5	16.8
Water Heater (Tank/Canister)	25.8	30.2	19.4	29.9	11.7	28.1	22.5	24.6
Microwave Oven	76.1	79.1	71.8	76.1	64.9	79.3	74.8	74.3
Air Condition Unit	23.9	27.0	19.6	20.8	12.7	27.9	25.7	16.1
Internet Service	40.1	47.1	30.3	44.7	24.2	44.6	34.4	37.1
Cable/Direct TV	57.2	64.0	47.5	61.0	45.8	60.1	50.7	68.1
DVD Player	75.3	77.3	72.5	76.2	70.2	75.4	76.4	72.2
A cutlass or gilpin	83.8	78.8	91.0	77.8	96.0	81.1	89.6	86.7
A brushing cutlass	35.0	24.0	50.7	20.1	47.0	28.5	54.5	39.8
A lawn mower	7.3	8.1	6.1	5.2	1.9	9.1	8.5	5.9
Percentage of households that own								
Agricultural land	10.9	5.5	18.5	6.6	16.2	10.2	13.9	14.0
Farm animals/Livestock	4.9	2.2	8.8	2.0	5.8	4.9	6.2	12.4
Percentage of households where at least								
one member owns or has a Mobile telephone	96.3	96.3	96.3	96.3	96.9	95.4	97.7	94.6
Computer	53.3	58.1	46.4	55.3	38.1	58.0	49.9	47.4
Sewing Machine	34.8	36.9	31.8	34.2	28.9	36.4	35.3	31.6
Stereo or radio with CD Player	69.5	71.9	66.0	72.5	60.3	69.1	69.2	72.3
Boat for fishing	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.7	2.5
Boat for pleasure	0.5	0.5	0.4	1.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.9
MP3 Player	16.1	18.1	13.4	15.2	11.2	19.7	13.7	13.2
IPod	11.8	14.6	7.7	12.9	5.3	13.8	10.1	8.7
Car or truck	55.8	55.4	56.4	49.6	46.5	61.6	57.7	46.5
Bank account	92.5	92.9	91.9	92.0	90.5	93.6	91.8	93.8
Ownership of dwelling								
Owned by a household member	79.1	75.7	84.0	72.3	86.9	79.9	83.6	70.7
Not owned	20.6	24.0	15.8	27.3	12.9	19.8	16.2	29.3
Rented	13.7	17.9	7.6	22.3	6.3	11.9	9.5	17.1
Other	7.0	6.1	8.2	5.0	6.5	7.9	6.7	12.2
Missing/DK	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0
.		-						
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number of households	5,573	3,270	2,303	1,374	409	2,102	1,445	243





Table HH.8: Wealth quintiles

Percent distribution of the household population by wealth index quintile, according to area of residence and regions, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Wealth index quintiles ¹⁴						Number of
	Poorest	Second	Middle	Fourth	Richest	Total	household members
Total	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	100.0	17,883
Area							
Urban	16.6	17.1	19.2	22.6	24.5	100.0	10,259
Rural	24.5	23.9	21.0	16.5	14.0	100.0	7,624
Region							
North West	19.2	18.9	19.6	21.0	21.3	100.0	4,199
East	38.1	24.3	14.6	12.9	10.1	100.0	1,355
North Central	14.2	20.4	19.6	23.0	22.8	100.0	6,838
South West	24.1	19.2	21.7	16.7	18.2	100.0	4,752
Tobago	17.6	20.3	25.1	20.3	16.6	100.0	739

14 The wealth index is a composite indicator of wealth. To construct the wealth index, principal components analysis is performed by using information on the ownership of consumer goods, dwelling characteristics, water and sanitation, and other characteristics that are related to the household's wealth, to generate weights (factor scores) for each of the items used. First, initial factor scores are calculated for the total sample. Then, separate factor scores are calculated for households in urban and rural areas. Finally, the urban and rural factor scores are regressed on the initial factor scores to obtain the combined, final factor scores for the total sample. This is carried out to minimize the urban bias in the wealth index values.

Each household in the total sample is then assigned a wealth score based on the assets owned by that household and on the final factor scores obtained as described above. The survey household population is then ranked according to the wealth score of the household they are living in, and is finally divided into 5 equal parts (quintiles) from lowest (poorest) to highest (richest).

In the 2011-12 Trinidad and Tobago MICS, the following assets were used in these calculations: source of drinking water; type of sanitation facility; sharing of sanitation facilities; number of rooms used for sleeping; main material of dwelling floor, roof and exterior walls; type of household fuel; presence in the household of electricity, radio, television, non-mobile telephone, refrigerator, stove, washing machine, clothes dryer, water heater, microwave oven, air condition unit, internet service, cable/direct TV, DVD player, cutglass, brushing cutglass, lawn mower; presence in the household of a mobile phone, computer, sewing machine, stereo/radio CD, boat for fishing, boat for pleasure, car/truck, MP3 player, IPOD; and possession of a bank account.

The wealth index is assumed to capture the underlying long-term wealth through information on the household assets, and is intended to produce a ranking of households by wealth, from poorest to richest. The wealth index does not provide information on absolute poverty, current income or expenditure levels. The wealth scores calculated are applicable for only the particular data set they are based on.

Further information on the construction of the wealth index can be found in Filmer, D and Pritchett, L. 2001. Estimating wealth effects without expenditure data – or tears: An application to educational enrolments in states of India. Demography 38(1): 115-132; Rutstein, SO and Johnson, K. 2004. The DHS Wealth Index. DHS Comparative Reports No. 6; and Rutstein, SO. 2008. The DHS Wealth Index: Approaches for Rural and Urban Areas. DHS Working Papers No. 60.



Child Mortality

Table CM.1: Children ever born, children surviving and proportion dead

Mean and total numbers of children ever born, children surviving and proportion dead by time since first birth, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Children ever born		Children	surviving	Proportion	Number of	
	Mean	Total	Mean	Total	dead	women age 15- 49 years	
Total	2.094	4,354	2.014	4,187	0.038	2,079	
Time since first birth							
0-4	1.244	634	1.206	615	0.030	509	
5-9	1.827	734	1.763	709	0.035	402	
10-14	2.254	1,035	2.178	1,000	0.034	459	
15-19	2.606	947	2.501	908	0.040	363	
20-24	2.910	1,004	2.769	956	0.049	345	

Table CM.2: Infant and under-5 mortality rates by background characteristics

Indirect estimates of infant and under-five mortality rates by selected background characteristics, time since first birth version, East model, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Infant mortality rate ¹	Under-five mortality rate ²
Total	(32)	(36)
Sex		
Male	(35)	(39)
Female	(29)	(33)

¹ MICS indicator 1.2; MDG indicator 4.2 - Infant mortality rate

² MICS indicator 1.5; MDG indicator 4.1 - Under-five mortality rate

Rates refer to 2004.9. The East Model was assumed to approximate the age pattern of mortality in Trinidad and Tobago. () Figures that are based on 250-499 unweighted exposed persons







Nutrition

Table NU.1: Low birth weight infants

Percentage of last-born children in the 2 years preceding the survey that are estimated to have weighed below 2500 grams at birth and percentage of live births weighed at birth, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percentage o	Number of last live-	
_	Below 2,500 grams ¹	Weighed at birth ²	born children in the last two years
Total	16.0	87.8	401
Region			
North West	16.8	78.9	107
East	16.8	84.5	36
North Central	15.1	91.1	129
South West	14.6	92.7	115
Tobago	(26.2)	(93.8)	15
Area			
Urban	15.9	88.1	253
Rural	16.1	87.3	148
Mother's education			
Primary	(13.9)	(76.2)	36
Secondary+	16.2	88.9	365
Wealth index quintile			
Poorest	16.9	85.1	117
Second	20.2	94.5	69
Middle	14.6	83.5	89
Fourth	15.4	92.1	80
Richest	(11.0)	(85.4)	46
Ethnicity of household head			
African	17.4	85.8	170
Indian	16.4	88.8	136
Mixed	12.9	89.6	93
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	3

¹ MICS indicator 2.20 - Low-birthweight infants







² MICS indicator 2.21 - Infants weighed at birth

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

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•		Weight for age	for age			Height for age	or age			Weight for height	or height		
	% below -2 sd¹	% below -3 sd²	Mean Z-Score (SD)	Number of children	% below -2 sd³	% below -3 sd ⁴	Mean Z-Score (SD)	Number of children	% below -2 sd ⁵	% below -3 sd ⁶	% above +2 sd ⁷	Mean Z-Score (SD)	Number of children
Total	5.5	1.9	0.0	1,087	11.0	5.1	-0.2	1,069	6.3	2.1	11.5	0.1	1,053
Sex													
Male	7.0	2.8	-0.1	534	13.8	6.7	-0.3	525	5.7	2.0	13.1	0.2	515
Female	4.1	1.1	0.0	553	8.2	3.6	-0.2	544	7.0	2.2	6.6	0.1	538
Area													
Urban	3.9	6:	0.1	629	10.4	4.8	-0.2	621	4.2	1.3	11.8	0.2	809
Rural	7.7	3.3	-0.3	458	11.7	5.5	-0.4	448	9.5	3.1	11.1	-0.1	446
Region													
North West	5.2	1.6	0.1	273	9.5	1.8	-0.1	271	1.8	0.0	9.3	0.3	264
East	5.2	2.4	0.0	100	9.6	1.4	-0.3	100	5.3	1.5	10.2	0.3	97
North Central	6.1	2.3	-0.1	374	8.9	3.9	-0.2	370	6.2	2.0	10.9	0.0	362
South West	5.3	1.6	-0.2	294	15.9	11.3	-0.4	282	11.0	4.4	14.5	0.0	284
Торадо	4.3	1.7	0.0	47	9.0	4.1	-0.1	46	8.9	2.1	11.6	0.0	46
Age													
0 – 5 months	8.6	4.8	-0.2	92	12.1	3.2	-0.2	84	9.4	4.0	8.7	0.2	79
6 – 11 months	10.6	1.0	-0.2	93	15.5	4.3	-0.4	96	1.7	0:0	6.6	0.1	95
12 – 23 months	6.7	2.7	-0.1	183	22.9	11.6	-0.8	180	9.9	3.7	14.8	0.3	181
24 – 35 months	5.6	1.2	-0.1	235	12.6	7.0	-0.4	231	7.5	1.7	11.3	0.1	234
36 – 47 months	2.8	1.0	0.1	256	5.5	2.9	-0.1	255	4.5	1.5	10.7	0.1	250
48 – 59 months	4.2	2.4	0.1	226	3.6	1.4	0.2	224	7.9	2.1	11.3	-0.1	218
Mother's education					:					:			
None	*)	(*)	(*)	4	*	*	*)	4	*	*	*	*	4
Primary	5.9	2.8	0.0	141	7.0	2.6	-0.2	140	4.4	0.3	13.3	0.2	134
Secondary+	5.5	1.8	0.0	941	11.6	5.5	-0.3	924	9.9	2.4	11.2	0.1	914
Missing/DK	*	(*)	(*)	П	*)	*)	*)	7	(* *)	*)	*)	*	П
Wealth index quintile													
Poorest	7.0	1.8	-0.1	294	10.9	4.3	-0.3	291	7.0	1.9	10.1	0.1	285
Second	4.6	1.0	-0.1	219	9.4	4.8	-0.2	216	5.4	1.8	9.2	0.0	215





Table NU.2: Nutritional status of children

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		Weight for age	for age			Height for age	or age			Weight for height	or height		
	% below -2 sd¹	% below -3 sd²	Mean Z-Score (SD)	Number of children	% below -2 sd³	% below -3 sd ⁴	Mean Z-Score (SD)	Number of children	% below -2 sd ⁵	% below -3 sd ⁶	% above +2 sd ⁷	Mean Z-Score (SD)	Number of children
Middle	8.7	3.4	0.0	247	12.7	6.9	-0.2	240	7.5	2.3	13.3	0.1	237
Fourth	2.1	9.0	0.1	187	7.3	3.9	-0.1	186	5.0	2.4	13.8	0.2	180
Richest	2.7	2.7	0.0	140	15.5	5.8	-0.3	136	0.9	2.2	11.5	0.2	136
Ethnicity of household head													
African	4.1	1.8	0.2	433	11.6	4.6	-0.2	430	4.8	2.3	12.8	0.3	424
Indian	8.4	2.9	-0.4	374	12.2	7.1	-0.5	364	10.3	2.9	11.3	-0.2	359
Mixed	3.8	6.0	0.1	274	8.4	3.3	0.0	270	3.5	0.7	9.4	0.1	267
Other/Not stated	(*)	*)	(*)	72	*)	(*)	(*)	5	*)	(*)	*)	(*)	4

¹ MICS indicator 2.1a and MDG indicator 1.8 - Underweight prevalence (moderate and severe)

² MICS indicator 2.1b - Underweight prevalence (severe)
³ MICS indicator 2.2a - Stunting prevalence (moderate and severe)
⁴ MICS indicator 2.2b - Stunting prevalence (severe)

§ MICS indicator 2.3a - Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe)

⁶ MICS indicator 2.3b - Wasting prevalence (severe)

7 MICS indicator 2.4 - Overweight prevalence

The height/length measurements are heaped and results should be considered with caution. Further analysis is needed to determine the impact. (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases







Table NU.3: Initial breastfeeding

Percentage of last-born children in the 2 years preceding the survey who were ever breastfed, percentage who were breastfed within one hour of birth and within one day of birth, and percentage who received a prelacteal feed, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Percentage who we	ere first breastfed:		Number of last- born children in
	Percentage who were ever breastfed ¹	Within one hour of birth ²	Within one day of birth	Percentage who received a prelacteal feed	born children in the two years preceding the survey
Total	91.9	46.3	73.8	33.2	401
Region					
North West	93.7	49.0	74.2	26.4	107
East	92.2	51.8	75.4	24.8	36
North Central	93.7	42.6	69.9	42.2	129
South West	87.3	45.9	75.2	34.3	115
Tobago	(98.0)	(48.3)	(89.9)	(14.7)	15
Area					
Urban	91.2	47.8	75.1	34.0	253
Rural	93.1	43.7	71.6	31.6	148
Months since last birth					
0-11 months	95.7	50.2	80.5	35.4	188
12-23 months	90.2	45.3	70.7	29.0	188
Assistance at delivery					
Skilled attendant	93.3	47.0	75.0	33.7	395
Other/Missing	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	6
Place of delivery					
Home	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	0
Health facility:					
Public	93.8	49.8	77.6	29.6	349
Private	(93.7)	(26.7)	(57.9)	(68.8)	43
Other/DK/Missing	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	8
Mother's education					
Primary	(89.2)	(50.6)	(76.4)	(18.1)	36
Secondary+	92.2	45.9	73.5	34.6	365
Wealth index quintile					
Poorest	91.0	43.3	76.0	28.0	117
Second	95.1	51.7	79.1	26.9	69
Middle	89.0	44.5	73.8	27.1	89
Fourth	93.7	55.1	71.6	42.1	80
Richest	(91.7)	(33.8)	(64.2)	(51.7)	46
Ethnicity of household head					
African	93.0	48.2	75.5	31.9	170
Indian	86.0	44.3	65.8	28.7	136
Mixed	98.2	45.5	82.1	41.4	93
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	3

¹ MICS indicator 2.5 - Children ever breastfed

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases







² MICS indicator 2.6 - Early initiation of breastfeeding

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table NU.4: Breastfeeding

Percentage of living children according to breastfeeding status at selected age groups, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Chil	dren age 0-5 month	ıs	Children age 12-1	months	Children age 20-23	months
	Percent exclusively breastfed ¹	Percent predominantly breastfed ²	Number of children	Percent breastfed (Continued breastfeeding at 1 year) ³	Number of children	Percent breastfed (Continued breastfeeding at 2 years) ⁴	Number of children
Total	21.5	30.7	103	41.2	60	28.2	82
Sex							
Male	24.6	26.8	49	(47.2)	34	(35.2)	39
Female	18.6	34.2	54	(33.2)	26	(21.8)	43
Region North West	(*)	(*)	25	(*)	19	(*)	16
East	(8.4)	(20.4)	12	(*)	4	(*)	7
North Central	(32.4)	(36.7)	37	(*)	18	(*)	32
South West	(*)	(*)	24	(*)	16	(*)	24
Tobago	(*)	(*)	5	(*)	3	(*)	4
Area							
Urban	26.8	36.5	66	(40.6)	44	(21.7)	50
Rural	12.0	20.5	37	(*)	17	(38.1)	33
Mother's education	(41)	(4)		(4)		(4)	
Primary	(*)	(*)	6	(*)	10	(*)	9
Secondary+	22.4	31.8	97	(42.1)	51	29.9	73
Wealth index quintile							
Poorest	(21.5)	(33.8)	36	(*)	18	(*)	14
Second	(*)	(*)	20	(*)	12	(*)	17
Middle	(*)	(*)	17	(*)	10	(*)	20
Fourth	(*)	(*)	20	(*)	9	(*)	21
Richest	(*)	(*)	11	(*)	10	(*)	11
Ethnicity of household	d head						
African	(19.7)	(35.7)	48	(45.4)	32	(43.4)	30
Indian	(19.5)	(23.0)	28	(*)	16	(19.3)	33
Mixed	(29.1)	(32.6)	25	(*)	13	(*)	20
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	2	-	0	-	0

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ MICS indicator 2.7 - Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months



² MICS indicator 2.8 - Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months

³ MICS indicator 2.9 - Continued breastfeeding at 1 year

⁴ MICS indicator 2.10 - Continued breastfeeding at 2 years

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

[&]quot;-" denotes zero unweighted cases

Table NU.5: Duration of breastfeeding

Median duration of any breastfeeding, exclusive breastfeeding, and predominant breastfeeding among children age 0-35 months, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Medi	ian duration (in months	s) of:	Number of
	Any breastfeeding ¹	Exclusive breastfeeding	Predominant breastfeeding	children age 0-35 months
Median	8.1	0.7	0.8	676
Sex				
Male	7.7	0.7	0.8	332
Female	8.6	0.6	0.7	344
Region				
North West	11.9	0.6	1.1	175
East	11.8	0.5	0.7	62
North Central	7.4	1.2	1.3	234
South West	7.3	0.5	0.5	179
Tobago	14.7	0.5	2.6	27
Area				
Urban	7.4	0.9	1.3	403
Rural	8.5	0.5	0.6	272
Mother's education				
Secondary+	10.2	0.5	0.6	79
Wealth index quintile				
Poorest	15.9	0.6	0.6	182
Second	9.1	0.6	0.7	144
Middle	7.5	0.6	1.8	150
Fourth	7.8	1.9	1.9	119
Richest	5.0	0.7	0.9	82
Ethnicity of household head				
African	10.5	0.6	1.0	270
Indian	5.6	0.7	0.7	247
Mixed	13.7	1.1	1.5	154
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	6
Mean	13.4	1.2	2.1	676

¹ MICS indicator 2.11 - Duration of breastfeeding







^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table NU.6: Age-appropriate breastfeeding

Percentage of children age 0-23 months who were appropriately breastfed during the previous day, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Children age (0-5 months	Children age 6-23 mon	ths	Children age 0-	23 months
	Percent exclusively breastfed ¹	Number of children	Percent currently breastfeeding and receiving solid, semi-solid or soft foods	Number of children	Percent appropriately breastfed ²	Number of children
Total	21.5	103	30.6	315	28.3	418
Sex						
Male	24.6	49	33.8	159	31.6	207
Female	18.6	54	27.3	157	25.1	211
Region						
North West	(*)	25	36.8	85	32.1	110
East	(8.4)	12	40.0	27	30.5	39
North Central	(32.4)	37	19.6	109	22.8	146
South West	(*)	24	34.8	82	30.9	106
Tobago	(*)	5	(35.9)	13	(30.2)	18
Area						
Urban	26.8	66	29.2	201	28.6	266
Rural	12.0	37	33.0	114	27.9	152
Mother's education						
None	-	0	-	0	-	0
Primary	(*)	6	(23.1)	36	20.8	42
Secondary+	22.4	97	31.6	279	29.2	376
Wealth index quintile						
Poorest	(21.5)	36	40.1	81	34.4	116
Second	(*)	20	32.7	61	28.1	81
Middle	(*)	17	27.6	69	24.8	86
Fourth	(*)	20	23.7	67	27.0	87
Richest	(*)	11	(24.4)	37	(22.8)	48
Ethnicity of household head						
African	(19.7)	48	36.4	139	32.1	187
Indian	(19.5)	28	21.2	104	20.9	132
Mixed	(29.1)	25	33.0	72	32.0	96
Other/Not stated	(*)	2	(*)	0	(*)	3

¹MICS indicator 2.7 - Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months





² MICS indicator 2.12 - Age-appropriate breastfeeding

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases "-" denotes zero unweighted cases

Table NU.7: Introduction of solid, semi-solid, or soft foods

Percentage of infants age 6-8 months who received solid, semi-solid or soft foods during the previous day, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

						•
	Currently bre	astfeeding	Currently not I	breastfeeding	All	l
	Percent receiving solid, semi-solid or soft foods	Number of children age 6-8 months	Percent receiving solid, semi-solid or soft foods	Number of children age 6-8 months	Percent receiving solid, semi-solid or soft foods ¹	Number of children age 6-8 months
Total	(46.3)	30	(*)	24	52.6	54
Sex						
Male	(*)	12	(*)	13	(45.9)	25
Female	(*)	18	(*)	11	(58.6)	28
Area						
Urban	(*)	17	(*)	16	(54.4)	33
Rural	(*)	13	(*)	8	(49.7)	21

¹ MICS indicator 2.13 - Introduction of solid, semi-solid or soft foods





⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table NU.8: Infant and young child feeding (IYCF) practices

Percentage of children age 6-23 months who received solid, semi-solid, or soft foods (and milk feeds for non-breastfeeding children) the minimum number of times or more during the previous day, according to breastfeeding status, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

			1			1	
	Currently breas	stfeeding	Curre	ntly not breastfee	ding	All	
	Percent receiving solid, semi-solid and soft foods the minimum number of times ^b	Number of children age 6-23 months	Percent receiving at least 2 milk feeds ¹	Percent receiving solid, semi-solid and soft foods or milk feeds 4 times or more ^b	Number of children age 6-23 months	Percent with minimum meal frequency ^{2, b}	Number of children age 6-23 months
Total	30.7	123	97.0	95.2	193	70.1	315
Sex							
Male	34.8	67	98.4	96.2	91	70.2	159
Female	25.8	55	95.8	94.3	101	70.0	157
Age							
6-8 months	(22.2)	30	(*)	(*)	24	57.0	54
9-11 months	(36.5)	24	(98.6)	(98.6)	34	73.2	58
12-17 months	(30.7)	37	100.0	97.3	58	71.5	95
18-23 months	(34.3)	32	93.2	90.6	76	73.8	109
Region							
North West	(21.1)	38	(100.0)	(96.6)	47	62.7	85
East	(32.0)	13	(96.7)	(96.7)	14	65.0	27
North Central	(*)	34	93.1	91.0	75	70.2	109
South West	(53.4)	31	(100.0)	(100.0)	51	82.5	82
Tobago	(*)	7	(*)	(*)	6	(51.1)	13
Area							
Urban	25.2	73	97.1	93.1	127	68.2	201
Rural	38.9	49	97.0	99.3	65	73.4	114
Mother's education							
Primary	(*)	14	(100.0)	(93.0)	23	(66.8)	36
Secondary+	31.6	109	96.7	95.5	170	70.6	279
Wealth index quintile							
Poorest	(33.2)	42	(98.8)	(95.0)	39	63.1	81
Second	(*)	23	(92.3)	(92.1)	39	76.9	61
Middle	(21.8)	24	(95.0)	(90.5)	45	66.3	69
Fourth	(*)	24	(100.0)	(100.0)	43	73.2	67
Richest	(*)	10	(*)	(*)	27	(75.8)	37
Ethnicity of household he	ad						
African	24.5	66	96.0	93.3	74	60.8	139
Indian	(45.5)	25	96.5	96.5	79	84.1	104
Mixed	(31.8)	32	(100.0)	(96.0)	40	67.7	72
Other/Not stated	-	0	(*)	(*)	0	(*)	0

¹ MICS indicator 2.14 - Milk feeding frequency for non-breastfed children





² MICS indicator 2.15 - Minimum meal frequency

^b Minimum meal frequency among currently breastfeeding children is defined as children who also received solid, semi-solid, or soft foods 2 times or more daily for children age 6-8 months and 3 times or more daily for children age 9-23 months. For non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months it is defined as receiving solid, semi-solid or soft foods, or milk feeds, at least 4 times.

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

[&]quot;-" denotes zero unweighted cases

Table NU.9: Bottle feeding

Percentage of children age 0-23 months who were fed with a bottle with a nipple during the previous day, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percentage of children age 0-23 months fed with a bottle with a nipple ¹	Number of children age 0-23 months
Total	80.5	418
Sex		
Male	79.4	207
Female	81.6	211
Age		
0-5 months	68.6	103
6-11 months	91.3	111
12-23 months	80.7	204
Region		
North West	85.6	110
East	79.0	39
North Central	76.1	146
South West	85.3	106
Tobago	(60.0)	18
Area		
Urban	79.8	266
Rural	81.7	152
Mother's education		
Primary	87.1	42
Secondary	79.8	376
Wealth index quintile		
Poorest	77.8	116
Second	79.0	81
Middle	85.2	86
Fourth	77.1	87
Richest	(87.4)	48
Ethnicity of household head		
African	78.2	187
Indian	85.4	132
Mixed	78.4	96
Other/Not stated	(*)	3

¹MICS indicator 2.18 - Bottle feeding







^() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table NU.10: lodized salt consumption

Percent distribution of households by consumption of iodized salt, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

			1	Percent of ho	useholds with	:		
	Percentage of			S	alt test result			Number of households in
	households in which salt was tested	Number of households	No salt	Not iodized 0 PPM	>0 and <15 PPM	15+ PPM¹	Total	which salt was tested or with no salt
Total	87.3	5,573	6.7	30.7	15.2	47.4	100.0	5,215
Region								
North West	81.5	1,374	11.2	27.8	16.0	45.0	100.0	1,261
East	92.1	409	2.5	29.1	13.3	55.2	100.0	387
North Central	87.2	2,102	7.1	29.8	15.1	48.0	100.0	1,972
South West	92.8	1,445	3.0	36.3	15.3	45.4	100.0	1,382
Tobago	81.0	243	7.9	23.2	14.3	54.6	100.0	214
Area								
Urban	85.1	3,270	8.5	29.6	15.2	46.6	100.0	3,041
Rural	90.6	2,303	4.0	32.3	15.1	48.6	100.0	2,174
Wealth index quinti	ile							
Poorest	81.6	1,333	10.9	31.8	15.3	42.0	100.0	1,220
Second	87.5	1,145	6.4	32.2	15.5	45.9	100.0	1,070
Middle	89.6	1,071	5.2	31.9	15.3	47.6	100.0	1,013
Fourth	90.4	985	5.2	27.2	14.7	53.0	100.0	939
Richest	89.4	1,039	4.5	29.9	15.1	50.5	100.0	972

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}$ MICS indicator 2.19 - Iodized salt consumption

The salt used for cooking was tested for iodine content by using salt test kits for testing the presence of potassium iodide and potassium iodate.



Child Health

Table CH.1: Vaccinations in the first years of life

Percentage of children age 18-29 months immunized against childhood diseases at any time before the survey and before the first birthday (and by 18 months for measles, yellow fever and Polio 3), Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Vaccinated at a	any time before the surv	ey according to:	Vaccinated by 12 months of
	Vaccination card	Mother's report	Either	age ^a
Antigen				
Polio				
1	82.1	15.4	97.5	97.5
2	82.1	14.4	96.6	96.6
31	80.7	12.6	93.3	92.6
DPT or Pentavalent				
1	59.6	14.2	73.9	69.7
2	56.4	12.5	68.9	67.9
3 ²	55.6	9.6	65.3	64.0
HepB or Pentavalent				
1	53.0	13.1	66.1	65.2
2	52.5	10.4	62.9	62.9
3 ³	51.9	8.8	60.7	58.5
Yellow fever⁴	76.7	13.5	90.2	86.2
Measles ⁵	78.5	12.9	91.4	87.5
Pneumococcal				
1	8.7	3.2	11.9	5.8
2	3.8	0.5	4.3	2.8
3	1.9	0.0	1.9	1.2
Fully vaccinated ^{6, b}	47.0	7.7	54.7	44.3
No vaccinations	0.0	2.4	2.4	2.4
Number of children age 18-29 months	242	242	242	242

¹ MICS indicator 3.2 - Polio immunization coverage







² MICS indicator 3.3 - Diphtheria, pertussis and tetanus (DPT) immunization coverage

³ MICS indicator 3.5 - Hepatitis B immunization coverage

⁴ MICS indicator 3.7 - Yellow fever immunization coverage

⁵ MICS indicator 3.4; MDG indicator 4.3 - Measles immunization coverage
⁶ MICS indicator 3.8 - Full immunization coverage

^a By 18 months for measles, yellow fever and Polio 3

^b Includes: Measles, DPT1-3 (alone or from Pentavalent), Polio 1-3, HepB1-3 (alone or from Pentavalent) and yellow fever as per the vaccination schedule in Trinidad and Tobago

Table CH.2: Vaccinations by background characteristics

Percentage of children age 18-29 months currently vaccinated against vaccine preventable childhood diseases, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

							Percentage of children who received:	of childre	n who rec	eived:							Dercentage	Number
		Polio		D	DPT or Penta ^a	ja a		He	HepB or Penta ^a	e e	Pne	Pneumococcal	_	:			with	of
	П	2	ж	П	2	ж	Measles	₽	2	ю	П	2	æ	Yellow fever	None	Full	vaccination card seen	age 18-29 months
Total	97.5	9.96	93.3	73.9	68.9	65.3	91.4	66.1	62.9	2.09	12.7	4.5	2.0	90.2	2.4	54.7	82.1	242
Sex																		
Male	96.5	96.5	93.3	70.3	0.69	62.9	88.7	63.9	61.7	61.3	9.0	2.5	1.5	91.2	3.2	55.0	79.4	119
Female	98.4	9.96	93.2	77.4	8.89	64.6	94.0	68.2	64.1	0.09	16.1	6.4	2.5	89.2	1.6	54.5	84.8	124
Region																		
North West	95.9	95.9	94.4	82.3	80.4	78.5	9.06	73.9	73.9	72.4	7.3	2.4	0.0	88.7	4.1	67.1	72.4	57
East	(6.76)	(6.76)	(95.8)	(83.0)	(83.0)	(83.0)	(83.8)	(78.7)	(78.7)	(78.7)	(6.3)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(91.5)	(2.1)	(74.3)	(86.8)	22
North	98.3	92.6	92.2	74.0	6.79	64.6	8.06	64.8	61.5	58.1	16.9	7.2	5.4	89.3	1.7	51.8	87.8	98
South West	0.86	0.86	93.8	64.1	55.7	50.0	91.9	57.2	49.9	48.5	13.7	4.7	0.0	92.7	2.0	42.3	82.8	70
Tobago	*	*)	*)	(*)	(*)	*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	*	*	*	*	*	*)	8
Area																		
Urban	0.96	94.3	97.6	75.1	69.3	66.1	90.2	67.7	64.8	61.9	11.0	5.0	1.3	9.06	4.0	57.5	79.8	132
Rural Mother's	99.2	99.2	94.0	72.3	68.4	64.2	92.9	64.3	9.09	59.1	14.6	4.0	2.9	7.68	0.4	51.3	84.9	110
education Primary	(96.7)	(96.7)	(95.3)	(69.4)	(69.4)	(60.5)	(93.6)	(61.9)	(61.9)	(53.0)	(4.6)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(88.8)	(3.3)	(51.1)	(76.0)	33
Secondary+ Wealth index	97.6	96.5	92.9	74.5	68.8	0.99	91.2	8.99	63.1	61.9	13.9	5.2	2.3	90.2	2.2	55.3	83.1	209
quintile Poorest	94.7	94.7	91.7	70.7	64.1	6.09	87.9	59.3	58.7	55.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	87.9	5.3	46.6	78.0	57
Second	100.0	100.0	99.2	67.7	9.59	62.3	91.8	64.9	64.0	61.3	8.9	0.0	0.0	88.4	0.0	55.5	81.2	55
Middle	92.8	95.8	94.3	9.59	64.1	61.2	91.5	57.6	56.1	56.1	7.1	0.0	0.0	89.0	4.2	53.1	88.9	63
Fourth	(100.0)	(94.1)	(88.5)	(92.8)	(80.9)	(75.3)	(89.4)	(92.8)	(80.9)	(75.3)	(23.4)	(7.8)	(3.8)	(91.5)	(0.0)	(69.1)	(77.3)	38
Richest (98. Ethnicity of household	(98.6) Isehold	(98.6)	(89.2)	(85.2)	(79.7)	(75.4)	(100.0)	(64.5)	(60.2)	(60.2)	(35.7)	(27.3)	(11.7)	(98.6)	(0.0)	(53.4)	(83.5)	29
African	97.1	97.1	92.8	77.3	73.3	70.1	9.68	70.2	69.1	67.3	9.5	1.5	0.0	91.7	2.9	62.8	75.5	68
Indian	100.0	100.0	96.3	76.4	71.5	65.7	94.5	67.3	64.3	60.3	14.6	7.9	4.7	92.6	0.0	53.8	89.2	100
Mixed	93.3	89.0	0.68	64.1	57.1	57.1	89.4	57.7	9.09	9.09	14.4	2.9	0.0	83.7	5.9	43.5	79.5	53
Other/Not	*	(*)	*)	*)	(*)	*)	(*)	(*)	*	*)	*)	*	*	*	*	*	*)	0
2																		

^a Includes Pentavalent from card or DPT/HepB/Hib reported by mother
^b Includes: Measles, DPT1-3 (alone or from Pentavalent), Polio 1-3, HepB1-3 (alone or from Pentavalent) and yellow fever as per the vaccination schedule in Trinidad and Tobago

() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases.

Table CH.3: Neonatal tetanus protection

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years protected against neonatal tetanus, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percentage of	•	women who did luring last pregna				Number
	women who received at least 2 doses during last pregnancy	2 doses, the last within prior 3 years	3 doses, the last within prior 5 years	4 doses, the last within prior 10 years	5 or more doses during lifetime	Protected against tetanus ¹	of women with a live birth in the last 2 years
Total	0.5	15.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	15.8	401
Area							
Urban	0.0	15.3	0.5	0.0	0.0	15.8	253
Rural	1.3	14.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	15.9	148
Region							
North West	0.0	22.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.4	107
East	1.3	26.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	27.7	36
North Central	1.1	5.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	7.0	129
South West	0.0	16.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.3	115
Tobago	(0.0)	(10.5)	(2.3)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(12.9)	15
Education							
Primary	(0.0)	(10.3)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(10.3)	36
Secondary+	0.5	15.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	16.4	365
Wealth index quintile							
Poorest	0.0	11.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	12.6	117
Second	0.7	17.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.6	69
Middle	1.6	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.6	89
Fourth	0.0	15.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.9	80
Richest	(0.0)	(15.7)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(16.4)	46
Ethnicity of household	head						
African	0.0	14.3	0.9	0.0	0.0	15.2	170
Indian	1.0	11.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.3	136
Mixed	0.5	22.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.7	93
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	3

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ MICS indicator 3.9 - Neonatal tetanus protection







⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

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Table CH.4: Feedin

Percent distribution of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks by amount of liquids and food given during episode of diarrhoea, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011	of children ag	3e 0-59 mo	nths with	diarrhoea in th	he last two	weeks by	/ amount o	f liquids a	pool but	given during e	pisode of	diarrhoe	a, Trinidad	and Tobag	50, 2011		
				Drinking p	g practices during diarrhoea	uring dia	rhoea				Eating pra	ctices du	Eating practices during diarrhoea	oea			Number
	Had	Number		Child wa	was given to drink	drink:					Child wa	Child was given to eat:	o eat:				ot children age 0-59
	diarrhoea in last 2	ot children))		Had			months
	weeks	months	_	Somewhat	About the	:	Missing/		Much	Somewhat	About the	:	Stopped	been given	Missing/		diarrhoea in the last
			less	less	same	More	ă	lotal	less	less	same	More	T00d	100d	ă	lotal	two weeks
Total	5.3	1,199	8.9	10.2	53.0	23.5	4.5	100.0	14.1	12.5	52.2	2.5	3.1	11.1	4.5	100.0	64
Sex																	
Male	7.2	585	(8.2)	(7.6)	(29.7)	(24.4)	(3.3)	100.0	(15.0)	(13.8)	(50.3)	(5.6)	(4.7)	(10.5)	(3.3)	100.0	42
Female	3.5	614	(10.3)	(15.4)	(45.6)	(21.8)	(6.9)	100.0	(12.6)	(10.1)	(55.8)	(2.3)	(0.0)	(12.3)	(6.9)	100.0	21
Region																	
North West	7.4	293	(*)	(*)	(*)	*	(*)	100.0	*)	*)	*)	*	*)	*)	(*)	100.0	22
East	5.3	110	(*)	*)	(*)	*	*	100.0	*	*)	*)	*	(*)	*	(*)	100.0	9
North Central	5.0	424	(*)	*)	(*)	*	*	100.0	*	*)	(*)	*	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	21
South West	3.8	321	(*)	*)	(*)	*	*	100.0	*	*)	*)	*	(*)	*	(*)	100.0	12
Tobago	5.6	51	(*)	*)	(*)	*	*	100.0	*	*	*	*	(*)	*	*)	100.0	3
Area																	
Urban	5.0	200	(13.9)	(10.6)	(55.3)	(16.3)	(3.9)	100.0	(9.6)	(16.0)	(48.3)	(3.1)	(0.0)	(19.2)	(3.9)	100.0	35
Rural	5.7	499	(2.6)	(6.7)	(20.0)	(32.4)	(5.2)	100.0	(19.8)	(8.2)	(57.0)	(1.7)	(6.9)	(1.0)	(5.2)	100.0	28
Age																	
0-11 months	6.5	214	(*)	*)	*)	*	*	100.0	*	*)	(*)	*	*)	(*)	*)	100.0	14
12-23 months	4.7	204	(*)	*)	(*)	*	*	100.0	*	*)	(*)	*	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	10
24-35 months	7.4	258	(*)	*)	(*)	*	*	100.0	*	*)	(*)	*	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	19
36-47 months	4.3	286	(*)	*)	(*)	*	*	100.0	*	*)	(*)	*	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	12
48-59 months	3.7	238	(*)	*)	(*)	*	*	100.0	*	*	*	*	(*)	*	*)	100.0	6
Mother's education																	
None	*	4	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı		1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	0
Primary	4.7	161	(*)	*)	(*)	*	*	100.0	*	*)	*)	*	(*)	*	(*)	100.0	∞
Secondary+ Wealth index	5.4	1,033	7.3	10.1	52.2	25.3	5.1	100.0	12.6	12.7	54.2	2.8	3.5	0.6	5.1	100.0	26
quintile Poorest	6.0	320	*)	*)	*)	*	*	100.0	*	*)	*	*	*	*)	*	100.0	19
Second	5.2	241	*	*	*	*	*	100.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	100.0	13
_																	



Table CH.4: Feeding practices during diarrhoea

Percent distribution of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks by amount of liquids and food given during episode of diarrhoea, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		,		Drinking practices during diarrhoea	ractices d	uring dia	rhoea				Eating pra	actices du	Eating practices during diarrhoea	noea			
	Zel	Number		5		•					5)				Number
	diarrhopa	of															of children
	in last 2	children		Child was	s given to drink:	drink					Child w	Child was given to eat:	to eat:				age 0-59
	weeks	age 0-59												Had			months
		months												never			with
					About						About			peen			diarrhoea
			Much	Much Somewhat	the		Missing/		Much	Somewhat	the		Stopped	given	Missing/		in the last
			less	less	same	More	DK	Total	less	less	same	More	pooj	pooj	DK	Total	two weeks
Middle	5.4	275	*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	*)	*)	100.0	15
Fourth	3.6	207	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	100.0	(*)	*	*	*)	*)	*)	(*)	100.0	8
Richest Ethnicity of	5.9	156	(*)	*)	*	*)	*)	100.0	*	*)	*	*)	(*)	*	(*)	100.0	6
household head																	
African	7.1	476	(15.3)	(7.1)	(57.3)	(16.3)	(4.0)	100.0	(16.2)	(9.1)	(52.8)	(3.2)	(1.5)	(13.2)	(4.0)	100.0	34
Indian	3.4	418	(*)	*)	(*)	(*)	*)	100.0	*	*)	(*)	*	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	14
Mixed	5.3	295	*)	*)	(*)	*)	*)	100.0	(*)	*)	*	*)	*)	*)	(*)	100.0	16
Other/Not stated	*	10	,	,	,	,	ı		,	,			ı	,	,	,	C

() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases $(\ ^*)$ Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

"-" denotes zero unweighted cases Note: 1 case of missing 'Mother's education' not shown





Table CH.5: Oral rehydration solutions, recommended homemade fluids

Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks, and treatment with oral rehydration solutions and recommended homemade fluids, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Had	Number	Percentage of	children with diarrho	ea who received:	Number
	diarrhoea in last two weeks	of - children age 0-59 months	ORS	Any recommended homemade fluid	ORS or any recommended homemade fluid	 of children aged 0-59 months with diarrhoea
Total	5.3	1,199	45.4	30.4	51.6	64
Sex						
Male	7.2	585	(47.2)	(38.1)	(55.4)	42
Female	3.5	614	(42.0)	(15.2)	(44.1)	21
Area						
Urban	5.0	700	(53.7)	(28.8)	(57.2)	35
Rural	5.7	499	(35.2)	(32.4)	(44.6)	28



Table CH.6: Oral rehydration therapy with continued feeding and other treatments

Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks who received oral rehydration therapy with continued feeding, and percentage of children with diarrhoea who received other treatments, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

					Children	with diar	rhoea w	Children with diarrhoea who were given:	iven:							Number
-								ð	Other treatments	ments						of
		ORT (ORS or			III	Pill or syrup			_	Injection					Not	age 0-59
	ORS or increased fluids	recommended homemade fluids or increased fluids)	ORT with continued feeding ¹	эйоіd -йпА	ytilitom-itnA	⊃ni∑	Other	Пикиоми	otioid -tinA	ortoidtins-noM	Nuknown	Intra- venous	Home remedy, herbal medicine	Other	given any treatment or drug	with diarrhoea in the last two weeks
Total	54.1	60.3	39.8	89 80	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	37.3	64
Sex																
Male	(53.2)	(61.4)	(38.0)	(10.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(12.1)	(0.0)	(37.5)	42
Female	(55.8)	(58.0)	(43.3)	(5.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(5.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(36.9)	21
Area																
Urban	(60.7)	(64.2)	(48.9)	(6.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(8.0)	(0.0)	(32.7)	35
Rural	(45.9)	(55.3)	(28.5)	(11.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(8.1)	(0.0)	(43.1)	28
Mother's education																
None	•	ı	,									1	1	1		0
Primary	(*)	(*)	(*)	*)	*	*	*)	*	*	*)	*	(*)	*)	*	*)	∞
Secondary+	51.3	58.3	42.2	9.1	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.3	0.0	39.7	26
Ethnicity of household head	ld head															
African	(56.8)	(58.2)	(37.8)	(7.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(7.3)	(0.0)	(37.3)	34
Indian	*)	(*)	*)	*)	*	*)	*)	*	*	*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	*)	(*)	14
Mixed	(*)	(*)	*)	*	*	*	*)	*	*	*	*)	(*)	(*)	*)	(*)	16
Other/Not stated	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ı		ı	ı	1				ı		0

¹ MICS indicator 3.12 - Diarrhoea treatment with oral rehydration therapy (ORT) and continued feeding







⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases "-" denotes zero unweighted cases

Table CH.7: Care seeking for suspected pneumonia and antibiotic use during suspected pneumonia

Percentage of children age 0-59 months with suspected pneumonia in the last two weeks who were taken to a health provider and percentage of children who were given antibiotics, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011	dren age 0-59 m	onths with s	uspected p	neumonia	in the last t	wo weeks who	o were taken t	to a health pro	ovider and per	centage of cl	nildren who w	ere given	antibiotics,	Trinidad and Tob	ago, 2011	
						Children	with suspect	ed pneumoni	Children with suspected pneumonia who were taken to:	ken to:					Percentage of children	Number
				Public	Public sources			Private sources	ources		Oth	Other source			with	of children
	Had suspected pneumonia in the last two weeks	Number of children age 0-59 months	Govt.	Govt. health	Village health worker	Mobile/ outreach	Private hospital/ clinic	Private	Private	Mobile	Relative	ohs	Trad. Practi- tioner	Any appropriate provider ¹	suspected pneumonia who received antibiotics in the last two weeks²	age 0-59 months with suspected pneumonia in the last
Total	4.1	1,199	24.8	35.4	0:0	0.0	5.2	26.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0:0	0.0	80.3	32.2	49
Sex Male Female	3.7	585	(*) (17.0)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*) (74.3)	(*)	22 27
Region North West East North Central South West Tobago	3.2 7.7 3.4 4.7 2.8	293 110 424 321 51	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	9 8 15 15
Area Urban Rural	4.2	700	(*) (34.0)	(*) (31.2)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*) (17.8)	(*) (10.1)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*) (18.9)	29
Age 0-11 months 12-23 months 24-35 months 36-47 months	4.9 4.4 4.4 7.5 4.8	214 204 258 286 238	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	11 6 11 13
None Primary Secondary+	(*) 3.6 4.2	4 161 1,033	(*) (26.0)	(*) (32.7)	- (*)	(*) (0.0)	(*) (*)	(*) (25.6)	(*) (4.6)	(*)	(*) (0.0)	- (*) (0.0)	- (*) (0.0)	- (*) (7.77)	(*) (26.9)	0 6
Second Middle Fourth Richest Fthnicity of household head	4.5 3.6 4.6 2.0 5.6	320 241 275 207 156	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	£ £ £ £ £	* * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * *	14 9 4 4
African Indian Mixed Other/Not stated	4.2 3.0 5.5 (0.0)	476 418 295 10	* * * *	* * * *	* * * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * * *	* * * *	* * *	* * * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	20 13 16 0





() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

 $^{\rm t}$ MICS indicator 3.13 - Care-seeking for children with acute respiratory infection (ARI) symptoms $^{\rm t}$ MICS indicator 3.14 - Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Note: 1 case of missing 'Mother's education' not

Table CH.8: Knowledge of the two danger signs of pneumonia

Percentage of mothers and caretakers of children age 0-59 months by symptoms that would cause them to take the child immediately to a health facility, and percentage of mothers who recognize fast and difficult breathing as signs for seeking care immediately, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

Is not able	a d	Has fast breathing 62.9 62.9 54.8 80.4 50.9 76.9	Has difficult breathing 75.1 70.5 85.6 66.6 85.4 82.4 73.6	Has blood in stool 64.3 64.3 87.5	Is drinking poorly	Has other symptoms	Mothers/caretakers who recognize the two danger signs of pneumonia (fast and difficult breathing)	Number of mothers/caretakers of children age 0-59 months
46.2 West 35.0 Central 37.5 West 61.1 O 43.9 The state of the sta		62.9 54.8 80.4 50.9 76.9 80.7	75.1 70.5 85.6 66.6 85.4 82.4 73.6	64.3 54.5 87.5 54.2	46.2	22.1	,	
West 35.0 Central 37.5 West 61.1 O 61.9 O 43.9 TY 39.5 Ty 39.5		54.8 80.4 50.9 76.9 80.7	70.5 85.6 66.6 85.4 82.4 73.6	54.5 87.5 54.2		1.77	59.4	927
th West 35.0 th Central 37.5 th West 61.1 ago 61.9 an 43.9 il 49.3 idon 39.5 ondary+ 47.1		54.8 80.4 50.9 76.9 80.7 58.7	70.5 85.6 66.6 85.4 82.4 73.6	54.5 87.5 54.2				
57.2 th Central 37.5 th West 61.1 ago 61.9 an 43.9 all 49.3 don 39.5 ondary+ 47.1		80.4 50.9 76.9 80.7 58.7	85.6 66.6 85.4 82.4 73.6 77.3	87.5	33.4	26.7	52.0	232
th Central 37.5 th West 61.1 tgo 61.9 an 43.9 il 49.3 tion 39.5 ondary+ 47.1		50.9 76.9 80.7 58.7 58.7	66.6 85.4 82.4 73.6 77.3	54.2	65.0	27.0	77.1	82
ith West 61.1 ago 61.9 an 43.9 il 49.3 idon 39.5 ondary+ 47.1		76.9	85.4 82.4 73.6 77.3		37.3	23.2	45.1	318
an 43.9 II 49.3 Idon 39.5 Indery+ 47.1		80.7	82.4 73.6 77.3	76.1	61.5	14.8	75.1	261
an 43.9 il 49.3 tion 39.5 ary 39.5		58.7	73.6	79.4	54.3	22.7	78.4	34
43.9 49.3 39.5 174 47.1		58.7	73.6					
49.3 39.5 ry+ 47.1		o o	77.3	61.8	43.3	19.4	55.3	544
39.5 ry+ 47.1	2 86.9	6.80	!	0.89	50.4	25.8	65.1	383
39.5 ry+ 47.1								
47.1	5 77.8	65.4	71.7	59.9	44.3	17.2	61.8	104
	9 82.9	62.7	75.7	65.0	46.5	22.7	59.1	822
Wealth index quintile								
Poorest 50.4 64.9	9 80.1	9.69	82.1	8.69	46.9	16.5	66.1	229
Second 53.0 68.5	.5 85.4	71.2	78.2	69.4	54.1	28.7	65.5	187
Middle 41.5 68.0	.0 82.4	62.2	72.6	64.0	43.9	19.4	58.5	213
Fourth 42.3 65.4	79.8	55.4	71.7	61.2	45.5	22.7	53.7	172
Richest 41.6 65.7	7 85.3	49.9	6.99	51.8	38.0	26.1	47.1	126
Ethnicity of household head								
African 51.1 70.6	6 80.5	66.4	77.9	0.89	51.0	21.6	64.0	351
Indian 42.7 64.3	.3 83.8	61.7	72.6	61.7	44.8	19.7	57.8	337
Mixed 44.7 63.2	2 83.3	60.1	75.8	63.4	41.7	27.0	55.1	231
Other/Not stated (*) (*)	(*)	*)	(*)	(*)	*)	*)	(*)	6

(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases Note: 1 case of missing 'Education' not shown







Table CH.9: Solid fuel use

Percent distribution of household members according to type of cooking fuel used by the household, and percentage of household members living in households using solid fuels for cooking, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Percentage	of househo	ld members in	househol	ds mainly ι	using:		
	Electricity	Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG)	Natural Gas	Kerosene	Wood	Other fuel	Total	Solid fuels for cooking ¹	Number of household members
Total	5.8	91.2	2.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	17,883
Region									
North West	8.4	89.4	2.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	4,199
East	3.7	95.7	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.1	100.0	0.0	1,355
North Central	5.1	88.9	5.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	6,838
South West	5.0	94.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	0.0	4,752
Tobago	7.7	92.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	739
Area									
Urban	7.8	88.0	4.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	10,259
Rural	3.2	95.5	1.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	100.0	0.0	7,624
Education of househo	old head								
None	2.9	96.2	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	288
Primary	2.5	95.1	2.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	100.0	0.0	7,368
Secondary+	8.3	88.1	3.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	10,100
Missing/DK	7.3	92.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	127
Wealth index quintile	es								
Poorest	1.1	97.0	1.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	100.0	0.1	3,575
Second	1.6	95.9	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	3,578
Middle	2.6	94.3	3.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	3,577
Fourth	5.8	90.7	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	3,573
Richest	18.1	77.9	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	3,580
Ethnicity of househol	d head								
African	5.9	91.8	2.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	6,555
Indian	3.8	93.0	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	0.0	7,058
Mixed	6.9	89.9	3.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	3,947
Other/Not stated	38.1	53.6	8.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	323







Water and Sanitation

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Table WS.1: Use of improved water sources

Percent distribution of household populati
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						Main source	Main source of drinking water	3 water									
. 1			Im	Improved sources	rces					Unimproved sources	sources					Percentage using	-
-		Piped water	ater					:							Total	improved	Number of household
	Into dwelling	Into yard/ plot	To neigh- bour	Public tap/ stand- pipe	Protected spring	Rain-water collection	Bottled water ^a	Unpro- tected spring	Tanker truck	Cart with small tank/ drum	Surface water	Bottled water ^a	Other	Missing		sources of drinking water¹	members
Total	76.0	5.6	1.6	1.6	0.5	.5 .5	11.1	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.0	100.0	98.7	17,883
Region																	
North West	73.0	2.8	2.5	3.0	1.6	5.0	9.3	1.3	0.4	0.0	0.2	9.0	0.2	0.1	100.0	97.3	4,199
East	63.0	5.6	0.7	1.5	0.1	25.6	5.1	0.2	8.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	9.86	1,355
North Central	79.7	1.1	8.0	8.0	0.2	1.0	16.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	7.66	6,838
South West	76.9	4.8	2.5	1.7	0.0	0.9	8.9	0.1	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	100.0	9.86	4,752
Tobago Area	77.1	0.5	0.3	0.4	6.0	5.4	13.2	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	97.8	739
Urban	79.1	2.0	1.7	1.6	9.0	1.7	12.4	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	100.0	99.1	10,259
Rural	71.8	3.4	1.5	1.6	0.5	10.2	9.3	9.0	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	98.2	7,624
Education of household head																	
None	75.8	5.5	0.7	1.2	0.0	4.8	6.2	3.2	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	100.0	94.2	288
Primary	76.7	3.4	1.9	1.9	0.4	7.1	7.3	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	7.86	7,368
Secondary+	75.5	1.8	1.4	1.4	9.0	4.1	13.9	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	100.0	8.86	10,100
Missing/DK	79.9	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	12.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	127
Wealth Index quintile	n n	7 0	2	2	0	1,51	0	,	-		6	5	0.0		0.001	0 90	2 575
Second	81.3	1.8	1.2	9.0	1.1	5.6	6.7	0.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0:0	0.1	100.0	98.5	3,578
Middle	81.9	1.4	9.0	6.0	0.2	2.8	11.1	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	100.0	0.66	3,577
Fourth	83.5	9.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.9	13.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	7.66	3,573
Richest	77.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	21.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.1	100.0	99.4	3,580
Ethnicity of household head																	
African	75.5	3.2	2.5	5.6	1.0	5.0	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.0	100.0	8.86	6,555
Indian	76.3	2.1	0.8	6.0	0.2	5.1	13.5	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.0	100.0	6.86	7,058
Mixed	76.6	2.2	1.8	1.3	0.5	6.3	9.4	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.0	100.0	0.86	3,947
Other/Not stated	73.1	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	20.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	323
				1M	CS indicator	¹ MICS indicator 4.1; MDG indicator 7.8 - Use of improved drinking water sources	licator 7.8 -	Use of imp	roved drin	king water so	urces						

* Households using bottled water as the main source of drinking water are classified into improved or unimproved drinking water users according to the water source used for other purposes such as cooking and handwashing.







Table WS.2: Household water treatment

Percentage of household population by drinking water treatment method used in the household, and for household members living in households where an unimproved drinking water source is used, the percentage who are using an appropriate treatment method, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

			Water tre	Water treatment method used in the household	adt in the	plodesilor					
			Add	Strain	Use	Let it stand		,,,,,	Number of	Percentage of household members in households using unimproved drinking	Number of household members in households
	None	Boil	chlorine	tnrougn a cloth	water filter	settle	Other	know	members	water sources and using an appropriate water treatment method¹	using unimproved drinking water sources
Total	64.0	17.3	3.5	0.3	14.1	2.0	0.3	0.2	17,883	29.7	233
Region											
North West	58.4	20.4	2.9	1.0	17.9	1.8	0.2	0.3	4,199	43.6	115
East	69.2	11.7	6.7	0.3	8.9	4.4	0.3	0.3	1,355	(13.9)	19
North Central	62.9	17.6	3.4	0.1	15.1	2.2	0.3	0.1	6,838	(*)	17
South West	69.3	14.9	3.4	0.0	11.5	1.4	0.4	0.1	4,752	5.4	92
Tobago	63.4	22.3	2.7	0.1	10.2	2.3	0.1	0.2	739	(31.2)	16
Area											
Urban	59.2	19.9	2.4	0.2	18.1	1.8	0.2	0.1	10,259	52.9	95
Rural	9.07	13.7	5.0	0.5	8.7	2.4	0.4	0.2	7,624	13.5	137
Education of household head											
None	0.69	13.3	5.0	0.0	10.3	1.6	0.0	8.0	288	(*)	17
Primary	67.2	17.7	4.4	0.4	8.1	3.0	0.3	0.2	7,368	38.4	66
Secondary+	61.4	17.1	2.8	0.3	18.7	1.4	0.3	0.1	10,100	26.5	117
Missing/DK	9.62	12.5	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	127	1	0
Wealth index quintile											
Poorest	70.2	18.8	7.2	9.0	2.2	2.7	0.1	0.2	3,575	31.9	112
Second	71.7	19.2	3.7	0.4	4.5	2.4	0.4	0.0	3,578	8.6	53
Middle	8.69	17.5	2.5	0.3	8.3	1.8	0.3	0.2	3,577	(39.4)	35
Fourth	58.5	18.1	2.4	0.2	20.0	2.5	9.0	0.1	3,573	(*)	12
Richest	50.1	12.9	1.7	0.1	35.7	8.0	0.0	0.3	3,580	(*)	20
Ethnicity of household head											
African	63.7	20.8	3.1	0.3	11.8	1.4	0.2	0.3	6,555	34.1	79
Indian	68.1	13.0	3.5	0.1	13.7	2.7	9.0	0.1	7,058	23.6	92
Mixed	58.2	19.3	4.3	8.0	17.6	2.0	0.1	0.1	3,947	31.2	78
Other/Not stated	52.5	15.8	2.9	0.0	28.8	9.0	0.0	0.0	323	•	0
-	:				1 MIC	Sindicator 4.	MICS indicator 4.2 - Water treatment	atment			

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases "-" denotes zero unweighted cases

Table WS.3: Time to source of drinking water

Percent distribution of household population according to time to go to source of drinking water, get water and return, for users of improved and unimproved drinking water sources, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

			Time	e to source o	f drinking wa	iter				
	Users of	improved di	rinking wate	r sources	Users of ur	nimproved	drinking wa	ter sources	-	
	Water on premises	Less than 30 minutes	30 minutes or more	Missing/ DK	Water on premises	Less than 30 minutes	30 minutes or more	Missing/ DK	Total	Number of household members
Total	97.0	1.1	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.2	100.0	17,883
Region										
North West	93.4	2.3	0.9	0.6	1.5	0.6	0.0	0.6	100.0	4,199
East	97.1	1.2	0.2	0.0	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.0	100.0	1,355
North Central	99.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	6,838
South West	97.4	1.2	0.0	0.1	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.1	100.0	4,752
Tobago	96.0	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.5	1.3	0.3	100.0	739
Area										
Urban	97.4	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.2	100.0	10,259
Rural	96.5	1.3	0.3	0.2	1.0	0.3	0.3	0.2	100.0	7,624
Education of household he	ead									
None	92.0	1.5	0.0	0.6	4.5	1.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	288
Primary	96.6	1.4	0.5	0.1	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.2	100.0	7,368
Secondary+	97.4	0.9	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	100.0	10,100
Missing/DK	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	127
Wealth index quintile										
Poorest	91.1	3.7	1.2	0.8	1.4	1.1	0.4	0.2	100.0	3,575
Second	97.2	1.0	0.3	0.1	1.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	100.0	3,578
Middle	98.3	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.1	100.0	3,577
Fourth	99.2	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	3,573
Richest	99.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	100.0	3,580
Ethnicity of household head										
African	95.9	1.9	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	100.0	6,555
Indian	98.1	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.1	100.0	7,058
Mixed	96.7	1.0	0.3	0.0	1.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	100.0	3,947
Other/Not stated	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	323







Table WS.4: Person collecting water

Percentage of households without drinking water on premises, and percent distribution of households without drinking water on premises according to the person usually collecting drinking water used in the household, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

			P	erson usu	ally colle	cting drin	king water		Number of
	Percentage of households without drinking water on premises	Number of households	Adult woman (age 15+ years)	Adult man (age 15+ years)	Male child under age 15	Don't Know	Missing	Total	households without drinking water on premises
Total	2.4	5,573	22.7	65.8	1.0	4.6	5.9	100.0	135
Region									
North West	5.1	1,374	21.9	62.8	1.3	4.5	9.4	100.0	70
East	2.3	409	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	9
North Central	0.8	2,102	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	18
South West	1.9	1,445	(19.5)	(77.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.1)	100.0	28
Tobago	4.1	243	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	10
Area									
Urban	2.2	3,270	23.4	63.2	0.0	8.1	5.3	100.0	71
Rural	2.8	2,303	21.9	68.7	2.2	0.7	6.5	100.0	64
Education of household head									
None	3.5	82	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	3
Primary	2.9	2,250	18.6	72.1	0.7	5.5	3.1	100.0	66
Secondary+	2.1	3,205	27.2	59.2	1.4	3.2	8.9	100.0	66
Missing/DK	(0.0)	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Wealth index quintile									
Poorest	6.8	1,333	21.2	68.8	1.5	4.5	3.9	100.0	91
Second	1.7	1,145	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	20
Middle	1.0	1,071	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	11
Fourth	0.6	985	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	6
Richest	0.7	1,039	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	7
Ethnicity of household head									
African	3.8	2,140	23.5	67.3	0.6	3.9	4.7	100.0	80
Indian	1.2	2,110	(16.9)	(69.4)	(3.6)	(5.0)	(5.1)	100.0	26
Mixed	2.4	1,210	(25.7)	(58.1)	(0.0)	(6.2)	(9.9)	100.0	29
Other/Not stated	0.0	112	-	-	-	-	-	-	0

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases



^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases "-" denotes zero unweighted cases

Table WS.5: Types of sanitation facilities

Percent distribution of household population according to type of toilet facility used by the household, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

				Type of toi	let facility L	Type of toilet facility used by household	P						
		Impro	Improved sanitation facility	facility			Unimproved sanitation facility	anitation fa	acility				
	FI	Flush/Pour flush to:	h to:										
	i		Unknown		Pit	Flush/Pour	Pit latrine				Open		-
	Piped	Costi	place/not	ventilated	latrine	riusn to	without				derecation (no facility)		Number of
	system	tank	where	pit latrine	slab	else	open pit	Bucket	Other	Missing	bush, field)	Total	members
Total	19.4	70.6	0.4	2.4	6.1	0.0	8.0	0:0	0:0	0.1	0.1	100.0	17,883
				i		}	}						
Region													
North West	38.5	51.5	6.0	6.0	5.1	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	100.0	4,199
East	1.6	75.8	0.0	5.8	16.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	1,355
North Central	17.7	75.8	0.4	1.5	4.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	100.0	6,838
South West	12.7	75.6	0.2	3.6	7.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	100.0	4,752
Tobago	3.5	88.9	0.0	4.5	2.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	100.0	739
Area													
Urban	31.8	61.1	0.7	1.1	3.7	0.1	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	100.0	10,259
Rural Education of household	2.8	83.3	0.0	4.1	9.3	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	7,624
head													
None	4.9	83.0	0.0	0.1	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	288
Primary	13.8	72.8	0.0	3.4	8.8	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	7,368
Secondary+	23.7	68.9	9.0	1.7	4.0	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	100.0	10,100
Missing/DK	40.7	43.4	10.2	0.0	5.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	127
Wealth index quintile													
Poorest	11.2	46.1	0.2	10.4	27.7	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3	100.0	3,575
Second	15.1	80.3	0.2	1.3	2.4	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	100.0	3,578
Middle	18.1	81.0	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	3,577
Fourth	21.8	77.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	100.0	3,573
Richest Ethnicity of household	31.0	68.3	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0:0	0.0	0.1	0.0	100.0	3,580
head													
African	24.2	64.5	0.2	3.2	6.4	0.1	1.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	100.0	6,555
Indian	8.6	81.6	0.2	2.1	9.5	0.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	7,058
Mixed	27.0	62.4	6.0	1.6	6.9	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	100.0	3,947
Other/Not stated	41.7	53.2	3.5	0.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	323





7,058

100.0 100.0

0.0

0.2

0.0 0.0 0.0

1.4

0.0 0.0 0.2

4.4 4.1 3.9

0.8 0.0

93.2 95.1 94.7

9.0

0.1 0.0

1.0 0.0

3,947

100.0

0.0 0.1

MICS indicator 4.3; MDG indicator 7.9 - Use of improved sanitation

0.0

0.0

2.2

Other/Not stated

Percent distribution of household population by use of private and public sanitation facilities and use of shared facilities, by users of improved and unimproved sanitation facilities, Trinidad and Tobago, Number of household members 17,883 10,259 10,100 6,838 7,624 7,368 3,578 6,555 1,355 4,752 3,575 3,577 3,573 3,580 739 127 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Total defecation (no facility, bush, field) 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 Users of unimproved sanitation facilities 5 households Shared by 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.4 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 9.0 0.0 facility 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 shared Not 0.5 0.4 0.9 0.9 0.2 0.5 0.1 1.3 1.0 0.0 9.0 0.0 0.5 0.1 Missing/DK 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.1 0.0 More than 5 Users of improved sanitation facilities households 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 Shared by 5 households or less 2.4 4.8 3.7 Table WS.6: Use and sharing of sanitation facilities 3.7 3.8 9.4 5.7 1.9 4.4 4.2 4.4 0.3 Public facility 0.5 0.0 9.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.0 0.4 0.0 1.0 0.2 0.1 hared 92.6 97.1 94.2 95.5 94.8 93.2 94.0 94.7 92.4 85.0 96.3 97.0 84.6 Not 94.2 91.7 93.4 99.3 Education of household Ethnicity of household Wealth index quintile **North Central** South West North West Secondary+ Missing/DK Primary Tobago Poorest Second Fourth Middle Richest Urban None Rural East Area Total 2011



Indian

Table WS.7: Drinking water and sanitation ladders

Percentage of household population by drinking water and sanitation ladders, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

										novo Idiiii	
	Improved drinking water ^{1, a}	ing water ^{1, a}			•	U	Unimproved sanitation	tion		drinking water	
	Piped into dwelling, plot or yard	Other improved	Unimproved drinking water	Total	lmproved sanitation ²	Shared improved facilities	Unimproved facilities	Open defecation	Total	sources and improved sanitation	Number of household members
Total	89.4	9.3	1.3	100.0	94.2	4.7	1.1	0.1	100.0	93.1	17,883
Region											
North West	84.7	12.5	2.7	100.0	91.7	5.1	3.0	0.2	100.0	89.3	4,199
East	70.2	28.4	1.4	100.0	97.1	2.6	0.2	0.0	100.0	95.9	1,355
North Central	9.96	3.1	0.3	100.0	94.2	5.3	0.5	0.0	100.0	93.9	6,838
South West	88.2	10.4	1.4	100.0	95.5	3.9	0.5	0.1	100.0	94.5	4,752
Tobago	90.4	7.4	2.2	100.0	94.8	5.0	0.1	0.1	100.0	92.7	739
Area											
Urban	93.4	5.7	6.0	100.0	93.2	5.2	1.5	0.1	100.0	92.4	10,259
Rural	84.0	14.2	1.8	100.0	92.6	3.9	0.5	0.0	100.0	94.0	7,624
Education of household											
None	86.9	7.3	5.8	100.0	84.6	15.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	80.0	288
Primary	87.2	11.4	1.3	100.0	94.0	4.8	1.2	0.0	100.0	92.9	7,368
Secondary+	6.06	8.0	1.2	100.0	94.7	4.2	1.0	0.1	100.0	93.6	10,100
Missing/DK	97.5	2.5	0.0	100.0	92.4	7.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	92.4	127
Wealth index quintile											
Poorest	67.1	29.8	3.1	100.0	85.0	10.6	4.1	0.3	100.0	82.5	3,575
Second	9.68	9.0	1.5	100.0	93.4	0.9	9.0	0.0	100.0	92.1	3,578
Middle	94.2	4.8	1.0	100.0	96.3	3.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	95.4	3,577
Fourth	97.1	5.6	0.3	100.0	97.0	2.4	0.5	0.0	100.0	2.96	3,573
Richest	6.86	9.0	9.0	100.0	99.3	9.0	0.1	0.0	100.0	8.86	3,580
Ethnicity of household											
nead African	87.5	11.3	1.2	100.0	93.2	5.2	1.6	0.0	100.0	92.1	6,555
Indian	91.6	7.3	1.1	100.0	95.1	4.3	0.7	0.0	100.0	94.1	7,058
Mixed	87.9	10.2	2.0	100.0	94.7	4.1	1.1	0.2	100.0	93.1	3,947
Other/Not stated	95.2	4.8	0.0	100.0	90.6	9.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	90.6	323

^a Those indicating bottled water as the main source of drinking water are distributed according to the water source used for other purposes such as cooking and handwashing.

² MICS indicator 4.3; MDG indicator 7.9 - Use of improved sanitation





Table WS.8: Disposal of child's faeces

Percent distribution of children age 0-2 years according to place of disposal of child's faeces, and the percentage of children age 0-2 years whose stools were disposed of safely the last time the child passed stools, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Place	of disposal	of child's	faeces			Percentage	
	Child used toilet/ latrine	Put/ rinsed into toilet or latrine	Thrown into garbage	Buried	Don't Know	Missing	Total	of children whose last stools were disposed of safely ¹	Number of children age 0-2 years
Total	10.7	6.7	81.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	100.0	17.5	673
Type of sanitation facility us	sed by household m	nembers							
Improved	11.0	6.9	81.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	100.0	17.8	659
Unimproved	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	14
Open defecation	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	1
Region									
North West	12.5	6.1	80.1	0.6	0.6	0.0	100.0	18.7	174
East	8.4	8.4	83.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	16.8	62
North Central	12.5	8.3	78.7	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	20.8	234
South West	6.5	4.8	86.5	0.0	0.8	1.3	100.0	11.3	177
Tobago	16.8	5.9	77.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	22.7	27
Area									
Urban	11.5	4.9	82.3	0.3	0.6	0.4	100.0	16.4	401
Rural	9.6	9.5	80.1	0.5	0.0	0.3	100.0	19.1	272
Mother's education									
Primary	16.5	8.6	74.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	25.2	79
Secondary+	10.0	6.5	82.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	100.0	16.4	594
Wealth index quintile									
Poorest	9.9	7.6	80.4	0.0	0.8	1.3	100.0	17.5	182
Second	11.2	9.4	77.9	0.8	0.8	0.0	100.0	20.6	144
Middle	12.6	8.0	78.5	0.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	20.6	149
Fourth	6.9	1.2	91.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	8.1	117
Richest	13.8	5.6	80.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	19.5	82
Ethnicity of household head	I								
African	10.4	4.6	84.2	0.5	0.4	0.0	100.0	15.0	269
Indian	10.7	9.3	79.1	0.0	0.0	1.0	100.0	20.0	247
Mixed	11.8	6.6	79.9	0.7	1.0	0.0	100.0	18.4	152
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	6

¹ MICS indicator 4.4 - Safe disposal of child's faeces



^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

ap at place for handwashing	e for handwashing was observed and percent distribution of households by availability of water and soap at place for handwashing, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011
Table WS.9: Water and soap at place for ha	for handwashing w

	Percentage of	Percentage of handwas	entage of households where place for handwashing was not observed	where place observed	for			Percen	Percent distribution of households where place for handwashing was observed, where:	useholds where p observed. where:	lace for		Number of
	households		9	5			•		9	5500		1	household
	where place for handwashing was	Not in dwelling/	No permission	Other	Science	- t	Number of	Water and soap are	Water is available, soap	Water is not available, soap	Water and soap are not	F C	where place for handwashing
	onserved	piot/yard	aas oi	reasons	MISSING	lotal	nousenoid	avallable-	Is not available	ls available	avallable	IOCAL	was observed
Total	85.4	2.0	& &	3.7	0.0	100.0	5,573	94.6	1.7	3.4	0.3	100.0	4,760
Region													
North West	85.5	2.5	8.1	3.9	0.0	100.0	1,374	92.0	2.5	4.7	0.7	100.0	1,175
East	65.1	4.6	22.9	7.2	0.2	100.0	409	94.0	2.5	3.5	0.0	100.0	566
North Central	85.8	1.4	8.4	4.4	0.0	100.0	2,102	94.5	1.6	3.6	0.2	100.0	1,804
South West	94.2	1.5	3.5	8.0	0.1	100.0	1,445	97.2	0.5	2.1	0.1	100.0	1,361
Tobago	63.3	2.2	25.4	9.1	0.0	100.0	243	93.2	5.3	1.3	0.2	100.0	154
Area													
Urban	87.0	1.7	7.5	3.7	0.0	100.0	3,270	94.6	1.5	3.6	0.3	100.0	2,845
Rural	83.2	2.3	10.7	3.8	0.1	100.0	2,303	94.6	1.9	3.1	0.3	100.0	1,915
Education of household head													
None	85.5	0.0	11.4	3.1	0.0	100.0	82	92.9	4.3	2.8	0.0	100.0	70
Primary	85.3	2.7	8.6	3.4	0.0	100.0	2,250	93.4	2.2	3.9	0.4	100.0	1,919
Secondary+	85.6	1.6	8.9	3.9	0.0	100.0	3,205	95.5	1.3	3.1	0.2	100.0	2,744
Missing/DK	(74.0)	(1.2)	(11.8)	(12.9)	(0.0)	100.0	35	*)	(*)	(*)	*	100.0	56
Wealth index quintiles													
Poorest	80.2	5.8	9.5	4.4	0.0	100.0	1,333	87.4	4.6	6.7	1.3	100.0	1,069
Second	88.2	1.2	7.0	3.7	0.0	100.0	1,145	93.7	1.8	4.5	0.0	100.0	1,009
Middle	87.4	0.7	9.2	2.7	0.0	100.0	1,071	97.3	0.8	1.9	0.0	100.0	936
Fourth	87.9	0.4	7.4	4.2	0.1	100.0	985	9.76	0.5	2.0	0.0	100.0	998
Richest	84.7	0.8	11.1	3.5	0.0	100.0	1,039	9.86	0.2	1.2	0.0	100.0	879
Ethnicity of household head													
African	83.4	2.1	10.3	4.2	0.0	100.0	2,140	93.5	2.0	4.1	0.5	100.0	1,785
Indian	88.9	1.7	8.9	2.5	0.0	100.0	2,110	95.5	1.6	2.8	0.1	100.0	1,875
Mixed	84.0	2.2	8.5	5.2	0.0	100.0	1,210	94.6	1.5	3.6	0.3	100.0	1,017
Other/Not stated	74.4	1.0	23.0	1.6	0.0	100.0	112	99.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	83
				1 MICS	indicator 4.	.5 - Place	$^{\mathrm{1}}$ MICS indicator 4.5 - Place for handwashing	ing					

() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases





	Trinidad and Tobago, 2011
Table WS.10: Availability of soap or other cleansing agent	Percent distribution of households by availability of soap in the dwelling, Tr

, S 4												
. 9	10 0000	Soap or other	cleansing agent not on the contract of the con	Soap or other cleansing agent not observed at place for handwashing		o de O	o o o o	Not able/			Dercentage of	
	other cleansing agent observed	Soap or other cleansing	No soap or other cleansing agent in household	Not able/Does not want to show soap or other cleansing agent	Total	other cleansing agent shown	or other cleansing agent in household	want to show soap or other cleansing	Missing	Total	households with soap or other cleansing agent anywhere in the dwelling!	Number of
Total	98.0	1.3	0.4	0.3	100.0	80.3	4.6	15.0	0.1	100.0	9.96	5,573
Region												
North West	2.96	2.1	0.5	9.0	100.0	68.9	5.9	25.2	0.0	100.0	94.5	1,374
East	97.5	1.3	1.2	0.0	100.0	93.9	4.2	1.6	0.3	100.0	97.1	409
North Central	98.2	1.4	0.2	0.2	100.0	87.2	2.9	6.6	0.0	100.0	97.8	2,102
South West	99.4	0.4	0.2	0.1	100.0	67.4	8.0	24.6	0.0	100.0	97.8	1,445
Tobago	94.4	2.7	1.6	1.3	100.0	73.0	4.9	22.1	0.0	100.0	88.3	243
Area												
Urban	98.2	1.2	0.3	0.3	100.0	7.77	4.2	18.1	0.0	100.0	9.96	3,270
Rural	8.76	1.4	0.5	0.3	100.0	83.1	5.1	11.7	0.1	100.0	96.5	2,303
Education of household head												
None	95.7	2.1	2.1	0.0	100.0	76.2	8.9	14.8	0.0	100.0	94.7	82
Primary	97.3	1.7	0.5	0.4	100.0	78.9	6.1	14.8	0.1	100.0	96.1	2,250
Secondary+	98.5	1.0	0.2	0.2	100.0	81.4	3.4	15.2	0.0	100.0	6.96	3,205
Missing/DK	(28.7)	(1.3)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0	(79.3)	(5.5)	(15.1)	(0.0)	100.0	94.6	35
Wealth index quintile												
Poorest	94.1	4.0	1.1	0.8	100.0	79.3	8.1	12.5	0.2	100.0	94.4	1,333
Second	98.2	1.2	0.3	0.3	100.0	80.8	3.2	15.9	0.0	100.0	97.2	1,145
Middle	99.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	100.0	79.2	4.5	16.3	0.0	100.0	97.0	1,071
Fourth	99.5	0.3	0.1	0.0	100.0	9.08	4.0	15.4	0.0	100.0	97.5	985
Richest	8.66	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	82.2	9.0	17.2	0.0	100.0	97.3	1,039
Ethnicity of household head												
African	97.5	1.5	0.4	0.5	100.0	77.0	6.2	16.7	0.1	100.0	95.4	2,140
Indian	98.3	1.3	0.3	0.1	100.0	83.5	2.6	13.9	0.0	100.0	97.8	2,110
Mixed	98.2	1.1	0.5	0.1	100.0	81.8	4.7	13.5	0.0	100.0	96.5	1,210
Other/Not stated	99.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	100.0	85.5	0.0	14.5	0.0	100.0	95.9	112



Reproductive Health

Table RH.1: Fertility rates

Adolescent birth rate, age-specific and total fertility rates, the general fertility rate, and the crude birth rate for the one-year period preceding the survey, by area, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Urban	Rural	Total
Age			
15-19 ¹	40	21	32
20-24	83	92	87
25-29	90	81	86
30-34	91	48	73
35-39	(54)	27	41
40-44	(18)	4	12
45-49	(3)	2	3
TFR ^a	(1.9)	1.4	1.7
GFR ^b	56.3	43.0	50.4
CBR ^c	13.8	10.7	12.5

¹MICS indicator 5.1; MDG indicator 5.4 - Adolescent birth rate





^a TFR: Total fertility rate expressed per woman age 15-49 years

^b GFR: General fertility rate expressed per 1,000 women age 15-49 years

^c CBR: Crude birth rate expressed per 1,000 population

^() Figures that are based on 125-249 unweighted person-years of exposure

Table RH.2: Adolescent birth rate and total fertility rate

Adolescent birth rates and total fertility rates for the one-year period preceding the survey, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011 $\,$

	Adolescent birth rate ¹ (Age-specific fertility rate for women age 15-19)	Total fertility rate
Total	32	1.7
Region		
North West	(*)	(*)
East	(*)	(*)
North Central	(12)	(1.4)
South West	(45)	(*)
Tobago	(*)	(*)
Area		
Urban	40	(1.9)
Rural	21	1.4
Education		
None	(*)	(*)
Primary	(*)	(*)
Secondary+	32	1.7
Wealth index quintile		
Poorest 40%	43	(2.1)
Richest 60%	24	1.4
Ethnicity of household h	nead	
African	(53)	(1.9)
Indian	(20)	(1.2)
Mixed	(18)	(*)
Other	(*)	(*)

¹MICS indicator 5.1; MDG indicator 5.4 - Adolescent birth rate



⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 125-249 unweighted person-years of exposure

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 125 unweighted person-years of exposure

Table RH.3: Early childbearing

Percentage of women age 15-19 who have had a live birth or who are pregnant with the first child, percentage of women age 15-19 who have begun childbearing before age 15, and the percentage of women age 20-24 who have had a live birth before age 18, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Perc	entage of wo	men age 15-19 v	vho:			
	Have had a live birth	Are pregnant with first child	Have begun childbearing	Have had a live birth before age 15	Number of women age 15-19	Percentage of women age 20-24 who have had a live birth before age 18 ¹	Number of women age 20-24
Total	5.7	1.0	6.7	0.2	550	6.3	633
Region							
North West	6.9	1.7	8.6	0.7	131	5.7	154
East	5.8	2.5	8.3	0.7	54	12.1	54
North Central	5.6	0.8	6.4	0.0	187	6.6	223
South West	3.7	0.0	3.7	0.0	161	4.5	188
Tobago	15.7	1.8	17.5	0.0	17	(12.5)	14
Area							
Urban	7.5	1.1	8.6	0.3	321	4.6	347
Rural	3.2	0.7	3.9	0.2	229	8.5	286
Education							
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	2	(*)	0
Primary	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	10	(*)	14
Secondary+	5.7	1.0	6.6	0.3	539	5.5	618
Wealth index quintile							
Poorest	9.3	1.7	11.0	1.2	116	15.6	118
Second	7.4	0.7	8.0	0.0	115	10.8	133
Middle	7.3	1.4	8.7	0.0	102	4.6	127
Fourth	4.5	1.0	5.5	0.0	106	0.3	136
Richest	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	111	1.0	118
Ethnicity of househo	old head						
African	8.7	1.4	10.0	0.0	212	5.8	233
Indian	4.0	0.2	4.2	0.0	193	5.6	263
Mixed	3.9	1.4	5.4	1.0	134	9.0	132
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	11	(*)	5

¹ MICS indicator 5.2 - Early childbearing







⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

lable K Percentag	Iable KH.4: Irends in early childbearing Percentage of women who have had a live birth by	early chil	dbearing live birth by age	15 and 18, by ag	lable KH.4: Irends in early childbearing Percentage of women who have had a live birth by age 15 and 18, by age groups, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011	and Tobago, 201	11					
		ם	Urban			Ru	Rural			All		
	Percentage of women with a live birth before age 15	Number of women age 15- 49 years	Percentage of women with a live birth before age 18	Number of women age 20-49 years	Percentage of women with a live birth before age 15	Number of women age 15-49 years	Percentage of women with a live birth before age 18	Number of women age 20-49 years	Percentage of women with a live birth before age 15	Number of women age 15-49 years	Percentage of women with a live birth before age 18	Number of women age 20- 49 years
Total	0.7	2,289	8.2	1,968	8.0	1,834	8.6	1,605	0.8	4,123	8.9	3,573
Age												
15-19	0.3	321	na	na	0.2	229	na	na	0.2	550	na	na
20-24	0.2	347	4.6	347	1.1	286	8.5	286	9.0	633	6.3	633
25-29	1.5	380	7.3	380	0.5	319	6.9	319	1.0	669	7.1	669
30-34	0.7	339	9.7	339	6.0	251	7.7	251	0.8	591	7.7	591
35-39	6.0	281	10.7	281	1.4	256	11.7	256	1.1	537	11.2	537
40-44	0.5	284	8.6	284	1.6	209	12.2	500	1.0	493	10.1	493
45-49	0.7	337	11.5	337	0.2	284	12.5	284	0.4	621	11.9	621
na: not applicable	pplicable											





Table RH.5: Use of contraception

Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married or in union who are using (or whose partner is using) a contraceptive method, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

					Percent		ı (currently	of women (currently married or in union) who are using:	ınion) who ar	e using:								
	yns gnisu 10M borl19m	Female noitsziliszten	Male noitesilisets	auı	səldstəəinl	stnelqml	!d	Male condom	Female condom	mgenhqeiQ yllə[\meoî\	lanoitataal seorhnonems (MAJ) bodtem	Periodic abstinence/ Rhythm	lswanbdhiW	Other	Any modern method	Any traditional method	Any method¹	Number of women currently married or in union
Total	59.7	7.9	0.1	1.7	2.7	0.4	11.0	13.2	0.5	0.1	0.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	37.6	2.7	40.3	2,023
Region																		
North West	50.1	8.3	0.0	1.8	4.9	0.7	11.1	17.7	8.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	1.5	6.0	45.3	4.6	49.9	423
East North	55.5	7.0	0.0	4.5	5.5	0.0	10.5	13.4	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.5	8.0	1.3	41.7	2.8	44.5	179
Central	0.00	7. 0	7 0	; ;	0 (0 0	0.21	13.4		0 0	5 6	· ·) i	5 ,	0.00	7:7	4T./	00 00
South West	9.89	ю. Ж	0.0	1.4	1.2	7.0	s.	9.9	0:0	0.0	0:0	9.0	U.5	T:0	29.3	7.7	31.4	/09
Tobago	67.2	3.4	0.0	2.3	3.5	0.0	9.7	11.2	0.0	9.0	0.0	8.0	9.0	8.0	30.7	2.2	32.8	61
Area																		
Urban	57.4	9.7	0.1	1.8	3.0	0.5	12.2	13.4	0.8	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.1	0.7	39.5	3.1	42.6	1,058
Rural	62.2	8.3	0.0	1.5	2.5	0.2	9.7	13.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.7	9.0	1.0	35.5	2.3	37.8	596
Age																		
15-19	(44.3)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(6.3)	(0.0)	(13.2)	(30.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.8)	(52.9)	(2.8)	(55.7)	33
20-24	62.1	1.4	0.0	8.0	5.6	0.7	17.2	12.9	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	9.0	0.0	36.5	1.4	37.9	194
25-29	57.9	2.5	0.0	0.5	5.9	0.2	15.0	15.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.4	0.4	39.9	2.2	42.1	343
30-34	56.8	4.8	0.0	2.3	3.0	1.1	14.6	13.2	1.5	0.1	0.0	0.3	1.2	1.0	40.7	2.6	43.2	371
35-39	57.2	9.7	0.0	1.9	5.6	0.0	9.6	15.7	0.7	0.3	0.0	6.0	9.0	6.0	40.4	2.4	42.8	352
40-44	58.8	11.7	0.0	5.6	1.5	9.0	8.0	13.4	0.3	0.0	0.1	1.3	1.0	9.0	38.2	3.0	41.2	323
45-49	8.99	14.7	0.3	1.8	0.4	0.0	4.6	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.4	1.5	29.1	4.1	33.2	407
Number of living children	g children																	
0	81.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	7.0	9.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	17.8	8.0	18.6	315
1	61.7	1.2	0.0	1.8	3.3	0.1	15.6	14.4	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.7	37.1	1.2	38.3	532
2	52.4	8.8	0.0	1.8	3.0	8.0	13.0	15.2	0.7	0.2	0.0	1.6	1.2	1.2	43.5	4.1	47.6	622
3	56.9	13.4	0.4	1.8	2.1	0.7	8.4	12.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	9.0	2.2	8.0	39.5	3.6	43.1	317
4+	49.3	23.2	0.0	3.1	4.5	0.0	4.2	11.2	9.0	0.0	0.2	1.6	1.0	1.2	46.7	4.0	50.7	237
Education																		
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	*	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	*)	*	(*)	(*)	*)	(*)	(*)	*	(*)	10
Primary	63.5	11.6	0.0	6.0	1.6	0.7	5.7	13.3	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	1.5	9.0	34.2	2.2	36.5	331
Secondary+	29.0	7.1	0.1	1.8	2.9	0.4	12.1	13.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.1	8.0	6.0	38.2	2.8	41.0	1,681
Missing/DK	(*)	*)	(*)	*	(*)	(*)	*	(*)	*)	*	(*)	*)	*	*)	(*)	*	(*)	1
Wealth index quintile	uintile																	
Poorest	60.4	10.2	0.0	0.4	3.9	0.4	7.8	13.2	6.0	0.0	0.1	0.8	1.0	6.0	36.9	2.7	39.6	375







Table RH.5: Use of contraception

Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married or in union who are using (or whose partner is using) a contraceptive method, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

					Per	Percent of women (currently married or in union) who are using	n (currently	married or in t	union) who a	re usin <i>g</i> :								
	Yns gnisu toN bortham	əlsmə7 noitszilinətz	noitesilisation	anı	səldstəəinl	lmplants	ll!d	Male condom	Female condom	mgendqeiQ yllə[\msoî\	Lactational amenorrhoea (MAJ) bodtam	Periodic abstinence/ Rhythm	Withdrawal	Other	Any modern method	Any traditional method	Any method¹	Number of women currently married or in union
Second	61.4	0.9	0.0	6:0	3.6	0.0	11.1	13.7	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.3	1.2	8.0	35.4	3.3	38.6	379
Middle	61.1	8.1	0.0	1.0	3.6	9.0	10.7	12.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	9.0	0.5	1.0	36.7	2.2	38.9	426
Fourth	58.0	5.8	0.0	1.7	1.0	6.0	12.7	15.8	8.0	0.1	0.0	1.5	8.0	8.0	38.8	3.2	42.0	429
Richest	57.9	9.7	0.3	4.2	1.8	0.0	12.3	11.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.1	0.7	39.8	2.3	42.1	414
Ethnicity of household head	usehold head																	
African	59.0	7.5	0.0	1.5	3.9	0.3	11.2	12.5	0.2	0.1	0.0	1.6	1.2	1.0	37.2	3.8	41.0	614
Indian	62.0	8.3	0.0	1.2	1.7	0.2	11.8	12.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.8	6.0	36.0	2.0	38.0	696
Mixed	55.0	8.1	0.3	2.3	3.8	1.0	0.6	16.8	0.7	0.1	0.0	1.6	8.0	9.0	42.0	3.0	45.0	408
Other/Not stated	(64.6)	(3.2)	(0.0)	(12.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(7.6)	(12.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(35.4)	(0.0)	(35.4)	32
							¹ MICS indic	ator 5.3; MDG	3 indicator 5.3	3 - Contracepti	¹ MICS indicator 5.3; MDG indicator 5.3 - Contraceptive prevalence rate	ıte						



() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases





Table RH.6: Unmet need for contraception

Percentage of women aged 15-49 years currently married or in union with an unmet need for family planning and percentage of demand for contraception satisfied, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

,									
		d for contrace	ption	ı	ed for contra	aception	Number of women currently	Percentage of demand for	Number of women currently married or
	For spacing	For limiting	Total	For spacing	For limiting	Total ¹	married or in union	contraception satisfied	in union with need for contraception
Total	14.0	26.6	40.5	10.8	13.5	24.3	2,023	62.5	1,312
Region									
North West	19.2	31.0	50.2	10.5	11.0	21.5	423	70.0	303
East	18.7	26.1	44.8	9.0	13.3	22.3	179	66.7	120
North Central	14.2	28.0	42.1	9.2	13.9	23.1	753	64.6	491
South West	8.2	23.1	31.4	12.9	14.7	27.6	607	53.2	358
Tobago	18.5	14.8	33.4	19.2	12.6	31.8	61	51.2	39
Area									
Urban	16.7	26.3	43.0	11.3	13.5	24.8	1,058	63.4	717
Rural	11.0	26.9	37.9	10.3	13.5	23.8	965	61.4	595
Age									
15-19	(46.6)	(9.1)	(55.7)	(23.4)	(7.2)	(30.6)	33	(64.5)	29
20-24	26.7	11.9	38.6	30.9	8.0	38.9	194	49.8	151
25-29	25.5	16.9	42.4	19.5	11.5	31.1	343	57.7	252
30-34	18.8	24.6	43.4	12.8	12.2	25.0	371	63.5	253
35-39	10.2	32.6	42.8	7.0	16.3	23.4	352	64.7	233
40-44	4.6	37.1	41.7	2.8	16.9	19.8	323	67.9	198
45-49	1.8	31.5	33.3	0.8	14.2	15.0	407	69.0	196
Education									
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	10	(*)	6
Primary	7.1	29.4	36.5	5.5	18.6	24.1	331	60.2	201
Secondary+	15.4	25.9	41.3	11.9	12.5	24.4	1,681	62.9	1,104
Wealth index quir	ntiles								
Poorest	13.2	26.9	40.1	16.0	15.2	31.2	375	56.2	267
Second	15.1	23.7	38.8	10.3	13.4	23.7	379	62.1	237
Middle	11.8	27.3	39.1	11.1	13.8	24.9	426	61.1	272
Fourth	18.0	24.3	42.4	9.6	14.5	24.1	429	63.7	286
Richest	11.6	30.5	42.1	7.8	10.5	18.3	414	69.8	250
Ethnicity of house	hold head								
African	17.6	23.8	41.4	14.0	13.8	27.8	614	59.8	425
Indian	11.5	26.5	38.0	9.0	13.2	22.2	969	63.2	584
Mixed	14.5	31.1	45.6	10.3	14.4	24.6	408	64.9	286
Other/Not stated	(10.9)	(24.5)	(35.4)	(14.6)	(2.6)	(17.2)	32	(*)	17

¹ MICS indicator 5.4; MDG indicator 5.6 - Unmet need

Note: 1 case of missing 'Education' not shown







^() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table RH.7: Antenatal care provider

Percent distribution of women aged 15-49 who gave birth in the two years preceding the survey by type of personnel providing antenatal care, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Provide	r of antenatal care				Number of	
	Doctor	Nurse / Midwife	Community health worker	No antenatal care received	Total	At least once by skilled personnel ^{1, b}	women who gave birth in the preceding two years	
Total	85.7	9.4	2.8	2.0	100.0	95.1	401	
Region								
North West	75.0	17.6	5.4	2.1	100.0	92.6	107	
East	91.1	3.8	1.1	4.0	100.0	94.9	36	
North Central	93.1	6.0	0.0	0.8	100.0	99.2	129	
South West	86.4	6.5	4.6	2.5	100.0	92.9	115	
Tobago	(80.2)	(16.2)	(0.0)	(3.6)	100.0	(96.4)	15	
Area								
Urban	84.3	9.6	4.0	2.2	100.0	93.9	253	
Rural	88.2	9.1	0.9	1.8	100.0	97.3	148	
Mother's age at birth								
Less than 20	(82.0)	(9.7)	(6.5)	(1.8)	100.0	(91.7)	43	
20-34	85.9	9.7	2.3	2.1	100.0	95.6	303	
35-49	87.5	7.8	2.8	1.9	100.0	95.3	55	
Education								
Primary	(85.6)	(9.0)	(2.7)	(2.7)	100.0	(94.6)	36	
Secondary+	85.8	9.4	2.9	2.0	100.0	95.2	365	
Wealth index quintile								
Poorest	77.9	11.7	6.5	3.9	100.0	89.6	117	
Second	87.9	10.1	2.0	0.0	100.0	98.0	69	
Middle	87.1	8.4	2.6	1.9	100.0	95.5	89	
Fourth	91.9	8.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	80	
Richest	(89.1)	(6.7)	(.0)	(4.2)	100.0	(95.8)	46	
Ethnicity of household l	head							
African	82.5	10.9	3.8	2.8	100.0	93.5	170	
Indian	90.2	6.9	1.1	1.8	100.0	97.1	136	
Mixed	85.6	9.5	3.8	1.0	100.0	95.1	93	
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	3	

¹MICS indicator 5.5a; MDG indicator 5.5 - Antenatal care coverage



^a Only the most qualified provider is considered in cases where more than one provider was reported

^b Skilled providers include Medical doctor and Nurse/Midwife

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table RH.8: Number of antenatal care visits

Percentage of women who had a live birth during the two years preceding the survey by number of antenatal care visits by any provider, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Percent dis	stribution of wor	men who had			Number of
	No antenatal care visits	Two visits	Three visits	4 or more visits ¹	Missing/DK	Total	women with a live birth in the preceding two years
Total	2.0	0.4	1.0	87.3	9.3	100.0	401
Region							
North West	2.1	0.0	0.7	82.5	14.7	100.0	107
East	4.0	1.3	0.0	89.6	5.2	100.0	36
North Central	0.8	1.0	1.0	87.2	10.0	100.0	129
South West	2.5	0.0	1.2	91.8	4.5	100.0	115
Tobago	(3.6)	(0.0)	(3.4)	(81.2)	(11.8)	100.0	15
Area							
Urban	2.2	0.5	0.8	83.9	12.6	100.0	253
Rural	1.8	0.3	1.2	93.1	3.7	100.0	148
Mother's age at birth	1						
Less than 20	(1.8)	(4.0)	(3.2)	(80.6)	(10.4)	100.0	43
20-34	2.1	0.0	0.8	87.5	9.6	100.0	303
35-49	1.9	0.0	0.0	91.2	6.9	100.0	55
Education							
Primary	(2.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(88.1)	(9.2)	100.0	36
Secondary+	2.0	0.5	1.1	87.2	9.3	100.0	365
Wealth index quintile	2						
Poorest	3.9	0.0	1.5	85.8	8.9	100.0	117
Second	0.0	0.7	2.0	87.8	9.5	100.0	69
Middle	1.9	0.0	0.0	85.2	12.9	100.0	89
Fourth	0.0	1.6	0.9	86.8	10.7	100.0	80
Richest	(4.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(95.0)	(0.7)	100.0	46
Ethnicity of househo	ld head						
African	2.8	0.0	1.1	80.9	15.2	100.0	170
Indian	1.8	0.9	0.9	92.3	4.1	100.0	136
Mixed	1.0	0.5	0.8	91.2	6.5	100.0	93
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	3

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ MICS indicator 5.5b; MDG indicator 5.5 - Antenatal care coverage







⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table RH.9: Content of antenatal care

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who had their blood pressure measured, urine sample taken, and blood sample taken as part of antenatal care, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

_	Percentage of wome	en who, during the p last birth, had:	regnancy of their	Blood pressure _ measured, urine	Number of women who gave	
	Blood pressure measured	Urine sample taken	Blood sample taken	specimen and blood test taken ¹	birth in two years preceding survey	
Total	98.0	98.0	97.7	97.7	401	
Region						
North West	97.9	97.9	97.9	97.9	107	
East	96.0	96.0	96.0	96.0	36	
North Central	99.2	99.2	98.2	98.2	129	
South West	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	115	
Tobago	(96.4)	(96.4)	(96.4)	(96.4)	15	
Area						
Urban	97.8	97.8	97.3	97.3	253	
Rural	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	148	
Mother's age at birth						
Less than 20	(98.2)	(98.2)	(98.2)	(98.2)	43	
20-34	97.9	97.9	97.5	97.5	303	
35-49	98.1	98.1	98.1	98.1	55	
Education						
Primary	(97.3)	(97.3)	(97.3)	(97.3)	36	
Secondary+	98.0	98.0	97.7	97.7	365	
Wealth index quintile						
Poorest	96.1	96.1	96.1	96.1	117	
Second	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	69	
Middle	98.1	98.1	98.1	98.1	89	
Fourth	100.0	100.0	98.5	98.5	80	
Richest	(95.8)	(95.8)	(95.8)	(95.8)	46	
Ethnicity of household hea	d					
African	97.2	97.2	97.2	97.2	170	
Indian	98.2	98.2	97.3	97.3	136	
Mixed	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.0	93	
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	3	

¹ MICS indicator 5.6 - Content of antenatal care





^() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases $\,$

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table RH.10: Assistance during delivery and caesarean section

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 who had a live birth in the two years preceding the survey by person assisting at delivery and percentage of births delivered by C-section, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

_		Person	assisting at de	livery			Delivery assisted by	Percent	Number of women
	Medical doctor	Nurse / Midwife	Auxiliary midwife	Other/ missing	No attendant	Total	any skilled attendant ^{1,}	delivered by C-section ²	who gave birth in preceding two years
Total	48.9	49.1	0.4	1.2	0.4	100.0	98.4	22.1	401
Region									
North West	34.5	64.4	0.0	0.0	1.0	100.0	99.0	19.3	107
East	42.7	53.3	0.0	2.7	1.3	100.0	96.0	12.7	36
North Central	58.7	39.4	1.1	0.8	0.0	100.0	99.2	23.5	129
South West	55.7	41.8	0.0	2.5	0.0	100.0	97.5	26.6	115
Tobago	(27.9)	(70.1)	(2.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0	(100.0)	(18.8)	15
Area									
Urban	46.9	51.5	0.0	1.2	0.4	100.0	98.4	23.8	253
Rural	52.3	45.0	1.1	1.3	0.3	100.0	98.4	19.2	148
Mother's age at birth									
Less than 20	(31.8)	(66.3)	(0.7)	(1.2)	(0.0)	100.0	(98.8)	(7.1)	43
20-34	50.6	47.3	0.5	1.1	0.5	100.0	98.4	20.4	303
35-49	52.8	45.3	0.0	1.9	0.0	100.0	98.1	43.6	55
Place of delivery									
Public sector health facility	44.5	55.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	18.7	349
Private sector health facility	(89.2)	(10.8)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0	(100.0)	(54.1)	43
Home	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	0
Other	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	1
Missing/DK	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	7
Education									
Primary	(46.3)	(51.0)	(0.0)	(1.4)	(1.3)	100.0	(97.3)	(11.7)	36
Secondary+	49.1	48.9	0.5	1.2	0.3	100.0	98.5	23.1	365
Wealth index quintile									
Poorest	43.8	52.4	1.2	1.3	1.3	100.0	97.3	22.6	117
Second	52.4	47.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	16.3	69
Middle	49.6	48.5	0.3	1.6	0.0	100.0	98.4	23.2	89
Fourth	44.3	55.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	15.9	80
Richest	(62.9)	(32.9)	(0.0)	(4.2)	(0.0)	100.0	(95.8)	(38.3)	46
Ethnicity of household head									
African	41.9	56.2	0.2	1.2	0.7	100.0	98.2	20.3	170
Indian	59.0	39.2	0.0	1.8	0.0	100.0	98.2	25.8	136
Mixed	48.4	49.0	1.5	0.6	0.5	100.0	99.0	20.8	93
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	3

¹ MICS indicator 5.7; MDG indicator 5.2 - Skilled attendant at delivery ² MICS indicator 5.9 - Caesarean section







^a Skilled attendants include Medical doctor and Nurse/Midwife.

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table RH.11: Place of delivery

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 with a birth in two years preceding the survey by place of delivery, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Place of	delivery				Dall and	Number of women
	Public sector health facility	Private sector health facility	Home	Other	Missing	Total	Delivered in health facility ¹	who gave birth in preceding two years
Total	87.1	10.8	0.1	0.2	1.8	100.0	97.9	401
Region								
North West	93.8	4.1	0.0	0.0	2.1	100.0	97.9	107
East	93.4	2.6	1.3	0.0	2.7	100.0	96.0	36
North Central	80.7	18.5	0.0	0.0	0.8	100.0	99.2	129
South West	84.4	12.3	0.0	0.8	2.5	100.0	96.7	115
Tobago	(100.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0	(100.0)	15
Area								
Urban	88.7	9.2	0.0	0.0	2.1	100.0	97.9	253
Rural	84.3	13.5	0.3	0.6	1.3	100.0	97.8	148
Mother's age at birth								
Less than 20	(98.8)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.2)	100.0	(98.8)	43
20-34	86.3	11.4	0.2	0.3	1.8	100.0	97.7	303
35-49	82.5	15.6	0.0	0.0	1.9	100.0	98.1	55
Percent of women who l	had:							
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	8
1-3 visits	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	6
4+ visits	87.4	12.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	100.0	99.7	350
Missing/DK	(100.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	100.0	(100.0)	37
Education								
Primary	(97.3)	(0.0)	(1.3)	(0.0)	(1.4)	100.0	(97.3)	36
Secondary+	86.1	11.8	0.0	0.3	1.8	100.0	97.9	365
Wealth index quintile								
Poorest	95.6	0.8	0.4	0.0	3.2	100.0	96.4	117
Second	98.7	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	69
Middle	90.9	7.5	0.0	0.0	1.6	100.0	98.4	89
Fourth	82.1	16.8	0.0	1.2	0.0	100.0	98.8	80
Richest	(49.8)	(45.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(4.2)	100.0	(95.8)	46
Ethnicity of household h	ead							
African	93.6	4.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	100.0	97.5	170
Indian	75.2	22.3	0.0	0.7	1.8	100.0	97.5	136
Mixed	92.3	6.7	0.5	0.0	0.6	100.0	99.0	93
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	3

¹ MICS indicator 5.8 - Institutional deliveries





⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table RH.12: Post-partum stay in health facility

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years who gave birth in a health facility in the two years preceding the survey by duration of stay in health facility following their last live birth, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Duration of stay in health facility							Number of women who
	Less				3 days				gave birth in a health
	than 6 hours	6-11 hours	12-23 hours	1-2 days	or more	DK/ Missing	Total	12 hours or more ¹	facility in the preceding two years
	- Ilouis		nours	uuys	111010	1411331118	10101	or more	two years
Total	1.4	0.8	2.7	66.5	28.4	0.2	100.0	97.6	393
Region									
North West	2.2	1.5	1.0	60.7	34.5	0.0	100.0	96.3	105
East	1.3	0.0	3.0	74.3	18.9	2.4	100.0	96.2	35
North Central	0.0	1.1	6.1	69.2	23.6	0.0	100.0	98.9	128
South West	2.0	0.0	0.8	69.8	27.4	0.0	100.0	98.0	111
Tobago	(3.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(39.6)	(57.0)	(0.0)	100.0	(96.6)	15
Area									
Urban	1.4	1.2	1.4	65.2	30.7	0.0	100.0	97.4	248
Rural	1.3	0.0	5.0	68.6	24.5	0.6	100.0	98.1	145
Mother's age at birth									
Less than 20	(2.9)	(0.0)	(2.4)	(60.9)	(33.8)	(0.0)	100.0	(97.1)	43
20-34	1.4	1.0	3.3	68.5	25.5	0.3	100.0	97.3	296
35-49	0.0	0.0	0.0	59.8	40.2	0.0	100.0	100.0	54
Type of health facility									
Public	1.3	0.5	2.2	68.5	27.3	0.2	100.0	98.0	349
Private	(2.1)	(3.2)	(6.9)	(50.1)	(37.7)	(0.0)	100.0	(94.7)	43
Type of delivery									
C-section	0.0	0.0	1.0	37.1	61.9	0.0	100.0	100.0	89
Vaginal birth	1.8	1.0	3.2	75.1	18.7	0.3	100.0	96.9	304
Education									
Primary	(0.0)	(4.6)	(6.3)	(75.2)	(13.8)	(0.0)	100.0	(95.4)	35
Secondary+	1.5	0.4	2.4	65.6	29.8	0.2	100.0	97.9	358
Wealth index quintiles									
Poorest	2.0	0.0	1.2	71.3	24.7	0.8	100.0	97.3	113
Second	1.3	2.3	6.6	60.1	29.6	0.0	100.0	96.4	69
Middle	1.4	1.6	3.2	68.2	25.7	0.0	100.0	97.0	87
Fourth	1.4	0.0	1.9	65.9	30.8	0.0	100.0	98.6	79
Richest	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.2)	(61.6)	(37.1)	(0.0)	100.0	(100.0)	44
Ethnicity of household he	ead								
African	1.1	1.0	2.0	65.0	30.6	0.3	100.0	97.7	166
Indian	1.1	1.0	3.2	71.5	23.2	0.0	100.0	97.9	132
Mixed	2.5	0.0	3.5	62.4	31.3	0.4	100.0	97.1	92
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	3

¹ MICS indicator 5.10 - Post-partum stay in health facility







⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table RH.13: Post-natal health checks for newborns

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last two years whose last live birth received health checks while in facility or at home following birth, percent distribution whose last live birth received post-natal care (PNC) visits from any health provider after birth, by timing of visit, and percentage who received post-natal health checks, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Health			PNC	isit for newb	orns ^b					
	check following birth while in facility or at home ^a	Same day	1 day following birth	2 days following birth	3-6 days following birth	After the first week following birth	No post- natal care visit	Missing/ DK	Total	Post-natal health check for the newborn ^{1, c}	Number of last live births in the last two years
Total	96.1	14.1	1.4	0.5	3.9	39.8	35.3	4.9	100.0	96.3	401
Region											
North West	96.8	19.9	3.7	0.0	3.1	27.3	39.5	6.5	100.0	96.8	107
East	96.0	10.3	0.0	1.3	4.0	61.1	23.3	0.0	100.0	96.0	36
North Central	99.2	7.7	0.0	0.0	3.0	45.9	37.2	6.2	100.0	99.2	129
South West	91.5	18.5	1.2	0.8	2.5	37.1	35.9	4.0	100.0	92.3	115
Tobago	(100.0)	(3.4)	(2.9)	(4.9)	(30.6)	(45.5)	(12.7)	(0.0)	100.0	(100.0)	15
Area	, ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,		. ,	
Urban	96.2	12.0	1.7	0.3	2.4	37.2	39.8	6.6	100.0	96.2	253
Rural	95.9	17.8	1.0	0.9	6.6	44.2	27.5	2.0	100.0	96.5	148
Mother's age at birth											
Less than 20	(96.7)	(8.6)	(2.2)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(41.6)	(43.4)	(3.2)	100.0	(98.8)	43
20-34	96.8	14.9	1.6	0.5	3.4	39.6	35.5	4.6	100.0	96.8	303
35-49	91.7	14.5	0.0	1.3	9.4	39.6	27.3	7.8	100.0	91.7	55
Place of delivery											
Public sector health facility	98.5	12.5	1.7	0.6	4.5	40.2	35.4	5.2	100.0	98.7	349
Private sector health facility	(95.8)	(30.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(44.4)	(21.6)	(3.4)	100.0	(95.8)	43
Home	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	0
Other	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	1
Missing/DK	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	7
Education											
Primary	(97.3)	(11.7)	(1.2)	(0.0)	(6.0)	(44.0)	(37.1)	(0.0)	100.0	(97.3)	36
Secondary+	96.0	14.4	1.5	0.6	3.7	39.4	35.1	5.3	100.0	96.2	365
Wealth index quintiles											
Poorest	96.4	15.0	2.5	0.4	3.5	34.6	37.9	6.1	100.0	96.4	117
Second	98.0	12.5	0.6	2.0	7.5	42.2	29.9	5.2	100.0	98.0	69
Middle	95.0	20.1	2.7	0.0	4.6	42.2	27.7	2.7	100.0	96.0	89
Fourth	97.7	10.2	0.0	0.0	1.3	41.3	39.2	8.0	100.0	97.7	80
Richest	(91.8)	(9.7)	(0.0)	(0.6)	(3.1)	(42.2)	(44.5)	(0.0)	100.0	(91.8)	46







	Health check			PNC v	isit for newb	orns ^b					
	following birth while in facility or at home ^a	Same day	1 day following birth	2 days following birth	3-6 days following birth	After the first week following birth	No post- natal care visit	Missing/ DK	Total	Post-natal health check for the newborn ^{1, c}	Number of last live births in the last two years
Ethnicity of household head											
African	95.8	11.6	1.1	0.3	5.9	37.0	39.4	4.9	100.0	95.8	170
Indian	95.1	17.9	0.0	1.0	1.0	42.4	33.3	4.3	100.0	95.8	136
Mixed	98.0	13.8	4.2	0.3	4.8	39.3	31.8	5.8	100.0	98.0	93
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	3

¹ MICS indicator 5.11 - Post-natal health check for the newborn

- () Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases
- (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases





^a Health checks by any health provider following facility births (before discharge from facility) or following home births (before departure of provider from home).

^b Post-natal care visits (PNC) refer to a separate visit by any health provider to check on the health of the newborn and provide preventive care services. PNC visits do not include health checks following birth while in facility or at home (see note a above).

^c Post-natal health checks include any health check performed while in the health facility or at home following birth (see note a above), as well as PNC visits (see note b above) within two days of delivery.

Table RH.14: Post-natal care visits for newborns within one week of birth

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last two years whose last live birth received a post-natal care (PNC) visit within one week of birth, by location and provider of the first PNC visit, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Locatio	on of first PNC visi	t for newborns			f first PNC visit ewborns		Number of last live births in the last two
	Home	Public sector	Private sector	Total	Doctor/ nurse/ midwife	Community health worker	Total	years with a PNC visit within the first week of life
Total	28.0	57.2	14.9	100.0	98.6	1.4	100.0	80
Region								
North West	(7.8)	(84.4)	(7.8)	100.0	(100.0)	(0.0)	100.0	28
East	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	6
North Central	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	14
South West	(29.8)	(39.1)	(31.2)	100.0	(100.0)	(0.0)	100.0	26
Tobago	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	6
Mother's age at birth								
Less than 20	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	5
20-34	23.5	62.4	14.2	100.0	98.8	1.2	100.0	62
35-49	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	14
Place of delivery								
Public sector health facility	33.5	66.5	0.0	100.0	98.3	1.7	100.0	67
Private sector health facility	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	13
Education								
Primary	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	7
Secondary+	27.6	56.1	16.2	100.0	99.0	1.0	100.0	74
Wealth index quintiles								
Poorest 40%	(35.3)	(60.2)	(4.5)	100.0	(98.2)	(1.8)	100.0	41
Richest 60%	(20.5)	(54.0)	(25.5)	100.0	(99.1)	(0.9)	100.0	40
Ethnicity of household head								
African	(40.3)	(55.3)	(4.4)	100.0	(96.5)	(3.5)	100.0	32
Indian	(14.9)	(52.4)	(32.6)	100.0	(100.0)	(0.0)	100.0	27
Mixed	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	21

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases





^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table RH.15: Post-natal health checks for mothers

Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last two years who received health checks while in facility or at home following birth, percent distribution who received post-natal care (PNC) visits from any health provider after birth at the time of last birth, by timing of visit, and percentage who received post natal health checks, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	111111111111111111111111111111111111111				PNC visit for mothers ^b	others ^b					Number of women
	following birth		1 day	2 days	3-6 days	After the first	No post-			Post-natal health check	in the two years
	or at home	Same day	birth	birth	birth	week lollowing birth	riatal care visit	Missing/DK	Total	mother ^{1, c}	survey
Total	92.0	5.8	0.7	0.8	5.0	35.1	50.6	2.0	100.0	92.0	401
Region											
North West	92.1	10.8	2.2	1.1	4.3	30.2	48.3	3.1	100.0	92.1	107
East	92.1	1.3	1.4	0.0	5.3	53.6	37.3	1.1	100.0	92.1	36
North Central	93.5	2.1	0.0	0.0	3.1	33.8	58.6	2.4	100.0	93.5	129
South West	89.4	6.7	0.0	0.8	4.9	36.1	50.2	1.2	100.0	89.4	115
Tobago	(92.6)	(5.8)	(0.0)	(7.7)	(25.8)	(28.1)	(32.7)	(0.0)	100.0	(9.76)	15
Mother's age at birth											
Less than 20	(86.6)	(2.1)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(33.0)	(58.1)	(5.8)	100.0	(86.6)	43
20-34	92.0	5.9	0.5	0.8	4.9	37.4	48.6	1.9	100.0	92.0	303
35-49	93.4	8.1	2.4	0.5	9.2	24.0	55.7	0.0	100.0	93.4	55
Place of delivery											
Public sector health facility	94.2	5.1	0.8	6.0	5.4	34.6	50.8	2.3	100.0	94.2	349
Private sector health facility	(92.3)	(12.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.1)	(46.2)	(39.2)	(0.0)	100.0	(92.3)	43
Home	(*)	(*)	*)	*)	(*)	*)	*)	*)	100.0	*	0
Other	(*)	(*)	*)	*)	(*)	*)	*)	*)	100.0	*	1
Missing/DK	*)	*	*)	(*)	(*)	*	(*)	(*)	100.0	*)	7
Type of delivery											
Vaginal birth	92.7	5.9	0.5	1.0	5.2	33.3	51.9	2.3	100.0	92.7	312
C-section	9.68	5.5	1.5	0.3	4.1	41.3	46.0	1.2	100.0	9.68	68
Education											
Primary	(85.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(33.0)	(61.0)	(0.0)	100.0	(85.2)	36
Secondary+	92.7	6.4	0.8	6:0	4.9	35.3	49.6	2.2	100.0	92.7	365
Wealth index quintiles											,
Poorest	92.7	1.6	0.4	0.3	4.9	35.1	56.3	1.3	100.0	92.7	117
Second	91.1	8.5	0.0	2.0	8.9	38.1	41.0	3.6	100.0	91.1	69
Middle	94.7	11.5	1.2	1.3	6.1	31.1	44.0	4.7	100.0	94.7	68
Fourth	91.1	3.2	0.0	0.0	2.2	34.3	60.3	0.0	100.0	91.1	80
Richest	(87.8)	(0.0)	(2.9)	(0.6)	(4.9)	(39.4)	(46.2)	(0.0)	100.0	(87.8)	46
Ethnicity of household head											!
African	92.5	5.4	0.3	0.5	5.6	31.8	52.8	3.5	100.0	92.5	170
Indian	6.06	5.6	0.0	0.7	2.4	39.6	50.3	1.4	100.0	6.06	136
Mixed	94.0	7.0	2.5	1.6	7.6	32.4	48.5	0.4	100.0	94.0	93
Other/Not stated	(*)	(_)	(+)	(+)	(_)	(+)	(+)	(_)	100.0	(+)	3

¹ MICS indicator 5.12 - Post-natal health check for the mother

a Health checks by any health provider following facility births (before discharge from facility) or following home births (before departure of provider from home).







bost-natal care visits (PNC) refer to a separate visit by any health provider to check on the health of the mother and provide preventive care services. PNC visits do not include health checks following birth while in facility or at

Post-natal health checks include any health check performed while in the health facility or at home following birth (see note a above), as well as PNC visis (see note b above) within two days of delivery.

^() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\ast) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table RH.16: Post-natal care visits for mothers within one week of birth

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who gave birth in the preceding 2 years and received a PNC visit within one week of birth, by location and provider of the first PNC visit, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Location	of first PNC mothers	visit for			f first PNC visit mothers		Number of women with a live birth in the last two
	Home	Public Sector	Private sector	Total	Doctor/ nurse/ midwife	Community health worker	Total	years who received a PNC visit within one week of birth
Total	39.1	50.3	10.5	100.0	96.9	3.1	100.0	49
Area								
Urban	(25.8)	(65.6)	(8.6)	100.0	(100.0)	(0.0)	100.0	28
Rural	(57.0)	(29.8)	(13.2)	100.0	(92.8)	(7.2)	100.0	21
Mother's age at birth								
Less than 20	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	1
20-34	(41.6)	(46.8)	(11.6)	100.0	(96.9)	(3.1)	100.0	37
35-49	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	11
Place of birth								
Public sector health facility	42.7	54.9	2.4	100.0	96.5	3.5	100.0	43
Private sector health facility	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	6
Type of delivery								
Vaginal birth	43.8	48.8	7.4	100.0	96.1	3.9	100.0	39
C-section	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	10
Education								
Primary	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	(*)	(*)	100.0	2
Secondary+	36.4	52.6	11.0	100.0	97.6	2.4	100.0	47
Wealth index quintiles								
Poorest 40%	(61.2)	(34.3)	(4.5)	100.0	(96.3)	(3.7)	100.0	20
Richest 60%	(23.5)	(61.7)	(14.8)	100.0	(97.4)	(2.6)	100.0	29

^() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases $\,$





^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table RH.17: Post-natal health checks for mothers and newborns

Percent distribution of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last two years by post-natal health checks for the mother and newborn, within two days of the most recent birth, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

			Number of				
	Both mothers and newborns	Mothers only	Newborns only	Neither mother nor newborn	DK/Missing	Total	women with a live birth in the last two years
Total	90.6	0.2	4.6	3.4	1.2	100.0	401
Region							
North West	90.1	0.0	4.7	3.2	2.1	100.0	107
East	92.1	0.0	3.9	4.0	0.0	100.0	36
North Central	92.6	0.0	5.7	0.8	0.9	100.0	129
South West	87.4	0.8	3.7	6.9	1.2	100.0	115
Tobago	(97.6)	(0.0)	(2.4)	(0.0)	(.0)	100.0	15
Area							
Urban	89.9	0.0	4.4	3.8	1.9	100.0	253
Rural	91.7	0.6	4.8	2.8	0.0	100.0	148
Mother's age at birth							
Less than 20	(86.6)	(0.0)	(9.0)	(1.2)	(3.2)	100.0	43
20-34	90.9	0.0	4.8	3.2	1.1	100.0	303
35-49	91.7	1.7	0.0	6.6	0.0	100.0	55
Place of delivery Public sector health	92.6	0.3	4.8	1.0	1.4	100.0	349
facility Private sector health	(92.3)	(0.0)	(3.5)	(4.2)	(0.0)	100.0	43
facility	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	
Home	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	0
Other	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	1
Missing/DK	(/	()	()	()	()	200.0	7
Type of delivery	24.2	0.0		2.0		100.0	242
Vaginal birth	91.2	0.3	4.3	3.0	1.2	100.0	312
C-section	88.4	0.0	5.4	5.0	1.2	100.0	89
Education	(07.0)	(2.2)	(12.1)	(2.7)	(2.2)		
Primary	(85.2)	(0.0)	(12.1)	(2.7)	(0.0)	100.0	36
Secondary+	91.1	0.3	3.8	3.5	1.3	100.0	365
Wealth index quintiles							
Poorest	91.7	0.0	3.7	3.6	1.0	100.0	117
Second	87.5	0.0	6.9	2.0	3.6	100.0	69
Middle	92.4	1.0	2.4	2.9	1.3	100.0	89
Fourth	91.1	0.0	6.6	2.3	0.0	100.0	80
Richest Ethnicity of household head	(87.8)	(0.0)	(4.0)	(8.2)	(0.0)	100.0	46
African	89.7	0.0	3.3	4.2	2.8	100.0	170
Indian	90.9	0.0	4.9	4.2	0.0	100.0	136
Mixed	93.0	1.0	5.0	1.0	0.0	100.0	93
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	100.0	3

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases







^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Child Development

Table CD.1: Early childhood education

Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are attending an organized early childhood education programme. Trinidad and Tobago. 2011

Percentage of children age 36-59 months attending early Number of child							
	childhood education ¹	36-59 months					
Total	84.5	523					
Sex							
Male	85.3	253					
Female	83.7	270					
Region							
North West	83.1	118					
East	78.6	48					
North Central	89.5	190					
South West	79.9	142					
Tobago	90.6	25					
Area							
Urban	84.2	296					
Rural	84.9	227					
Age of child							
36-47 months	76.6	286					
48-59 months	94.0	238					
Mother's education							
None	(*)	4					
Primary	82.1	82					
Secondary+	85.2	436					
Wealth index quintile							
Poorest	71.7	138					
Second	92.2	98					
Middle	90.4	125					
Fourth	81.1	88					
Richest	92.5	74					
Ethnicity of household head							
African	83.9	206					
Indian	84.2	171					
Mixed	86.2	141					
Other/Not stated	(*)	4					

¹ MICS indicator 6.1 - Attendance to early childhood education

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases Note: 1 case of missing 'Mother's education' not shown





Table CD.2: Support for learning

Percentage of children age 36-59 months with whom an adult household member engaged in activities that promote learning and school readiness during the last three days, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

readiness during the last three	Percentage of child montl	Mean number	of activities			
	With whom adult household members engaged in four or more activities ¹	With whom the father engaged in one or more activities ²	Any adult household member engaged with the child	The father engaged with the child	Percentage of children not living with their natural father	Number of children aged 36-59 months
Total	95.7	56.5	5.6	2.4	36.7	523
Sex						
Male	94.9	60.0	5.5	2.4	34.9	253
Female	96.4	53.2	5.6	2.3	38.4	270
Region						
North West	96.1	40.0	5.5	1.5	51.4	118
East	96.9	60.9	5.6	2.7	36.2	48
North Central	93.7	61.2	5.4	2.5	31.2	190
South West	98.1	66.3	5.9	3.0	29.4	142
Tobago	92.9	33.8	5.5	1.6	51.0	25
Area						
Urban	94.7	53.9	5.5	2.1	38.9	296
Rural	97.0	60.0	5.7	2.7	33.7	227
Age						
36-47 months	96.6	54.0	5.6	2.3	36.3	286
48-59 months	94.6	59.6	5.6	2.5	37.1	238
Mother's education ^a						
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	4
Primary	92.2	59.7	5.5	2.4	34.4	82
Secondary+	96.4	56.3	5.6	2.4	36.7	436
Father's education						
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	0
Primary	96.2	65.3	5.3	2.5	0.0	46
Secondary+	95.7	84.8	5.7	3.7	0.0	283
Father not in the household Wealth index quintiles	95.7	na	5.5	na	100.0	192
Poorest	93.7	58.1	5.5	2.2	34.4	138
Second	91.4	54.7	5.5	2.3	38.5	98
Middle	98.9	46.0	5.7	2.0	46.3	125
Fourth	95.4	62.6	5.6	2.6	39.0	88
Richest	100.0	66.3	5.8	3.1	19.7	74
Ethnicity of household head						
African	96.4	47.2	5.6	1.9	45.5	206
Indian	96.7	74.0	5.7	3.4	22.7	171
Mixed	93.3	48.1	5.4	1.8	41.3	141
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	4

¹ MICS indicator 6.2 - Support for learning ² MICS Indicator 6.3 - Father's support for learning

na: not applicable

^aThe background characteristic "Mother's education" refers to the education level of the respondent to the Questionnaire for Children Under Five, and covers both mothers and primary caretakers, who are interviewed when the mother is not listed in the same household. Note: 1 case of missing 'Mother's education' and 2 cases of missing 'Father's education" are not shown







Table CD.3: Learning materials

Percentage of children under age 5 by numbers of children's books present in the household, and by playthings that child plays with, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	in household	children living s that have for child:		Percentage of ch	ildren who play with:		
	3 or more children's books ¹	10 or more children's books	Homemade toys	Toys from a shop/ manufactured toys	Household objects/ objects found outside	Two or more types of playthings ²	Number of children under age 5
Total	76.2	52.7	43.2	93.0	72.2	76.3	1,199
Sex							
Male	74.3	51.6	44.5	92.9	71.5	75.6	585
Female	78.0	53.9	42.1	93.0	72.9	77.0	614
Region							
North West	74.4	46.3	46.3	93.8	75.7	81.4	293
East	78.1	45.7	59.3	94.4	75.4	81.1	110
North Central	77.7	58.2	37.7	92.7	68.2	71.9	424
South West	74.3	52.6	45.1	92.5	75.1	78.4	321
Tobago	81.7	60.0	26.0	91.0	59.9	61.3	51
Area							
Urban	72.8	50.9	44.3	92.0	71.9	76.9	700
Rural	81.0	55.3	41.8	94.3	72.6	75.6	499
Age							
0-23 months	52.9	28.7	32.7	82.9	53.0	58.9	418
24-59 months	88.7	65.6	48.9	98.4	82.5	85.7	781
Mother's education							
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	4
Primary	75.3	41.1	45.9	93.9	74.2	76.8	161
Secondary+	76.4	54.8	42.6	92.8	71.8	76.2	1,033
Wealth index quintiles							
Poorest	63.4	35.2	42.9	89.2	72.1	75.3	320
Second	77.4	46.8	44.0	94.0	72.5	76.6	241
Middle	79.0	57.8	45.1	94.8	71.7	76.8	275
Fourth	78.0	58.7	39.9	92.2	69.0	72.8	207
Richest	93.3	81.1	43.8	97.0	77.2	81.8	156
Ethnicity of household head							
African	71.4	45.0	38.8	91.7	70.5	74.6	476
Indian	79.4	55.3	45.1	94.1	72.8	76.5	418
Mixed	78.9	61.7	47.7	93.2	74.1	78.9	295
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	10

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}$ MICS indicator 6.5 - Availability of children's books





² MICS indicator 6.6 - Availability of playthings

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases Note: 1 case of missing 'Mother's education' not shown

Table CD.4: Inadequate care

Percentage of children under age 5 left alone or left in the care of another child younger than 10 years for more than one hour at least once during the past week, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	-	Percentage of children un	der age 5:	
	Left alone in the past week	Left in the care of another child younger than 10 years of age in the past week	Left with inadequate care in the past week ¹	Number of children under age 5
Total	1.3	0.8	1.5	1,199
Sex				
Male	1.2	1.5	1.7	585
Female	1.4	0.2	1.4	614
Region				
North West	1.2	1.6	1.6	293
East	2.5	0.4	2.9	110
North Central	1.0	0.3	1.0	424
South West	1.5	1.1	1.8	321
Tobago	0.8	0.0	0.8	51
Area				
Urban	0.9	1.1	1.1	700
Rural	1.9	0.5	2.2	499
Age				
0-23 months	0.3	0.3	0.6	418
24-59 months	1.9	1.1	2.0	781
Mother's education				
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	4
Primary	1.0	0.7	1.0	161
Secondary+	1.4	0.9	1.6	1,033
Wealth index quintiles				
Poorest	3.1	1.3	3.1	320
Second	0.0	0.0	0.0	241
Middle	1.7	1.5	2.3	275
Fourth	0.2	0.4	0.7	207
Richest	0.7	0.7	0.7	156
Ethnicity of household head				
African	1.2	1.2	1.7	476
Indian	1.0	0.5	1.1	418
Mixed	2.0	0.8	2.0	295
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	10

¹MICS indicator 6.7 - Inadequate care

Note: 1 case of missing 'Mother's education' not shown







^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table CD.5: Early child development index

Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are developmentally on track in literacy-numeracy, physical, social-emotional, and learning domains, and the early child development index score, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	_	e of children a entally on tra	Early child - development	Number of children		
	Literacy- numeracy	Physical	Social- Emotional	Learning	index score ¹	age 36-59 months
Total	78.9	98.4	78.2	97.0	91.3	523
Sex						
Male	76.4	99.1	77.0	95.7	89.1	253
Female	81.1	97.8	79.2	98.2	93.3	270
Region						
North West	74.2	96.9	74.2	98.1	92.1	118
East	76.4	100.0	86.4	99.0	94.1	48
North Central	81.6	99.3	76.0	94.7	89.1	190
South West	79.2	97.7	80.2	98.1	91.6	142
Tobago	82.6	100.0	85.9	98.3	96.8	25
Area						
Urban	77.1	97.7	75.1	96.8	89.9	296
Rural	81.1	99.4	82.1	97.2	93.1	227
Age						
36-47 months	70.7	98.7	72.6	96.2	87.0	286
48-59 months	88.6	98.1	84.9	97.9	96.4	238
Attendance to early childhood education						
Attending	84.4	99.4	79.4	98.2	94.1	442
Not attending	48.5	93.3	71.4	90.0	75.7	81
Mother's education						
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	4
Primary	81.2	100.0	71.5	96.7	89.2	82
Secondary+	78.6	98.1	79.7	97.0	91.7	436
Wealth index quintiles						
Poorest	69.8	94.9	78.3	97.0	90.0	138
Second	77.3	100.0	78.2	95.9	87.1	98
Middle	82.8	99.0	72.0	97.2	93.0	125
Fourth	80.9	100.0	86.9	96.7	94.4	88
Richest	88.6	100.0	77.7	98.2	92.7	74
Ethnicity of household head						
African	76.7	97.9	75.6	96.1	90.6	206
Indian	81.6	99.2	82.8	96.8	91.7	171
Mixed	79.0	98.3	75.6	98.3	91.4	141
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	4

¹MICS indicator 6.8 - Early child development index

Note: 1 case of missing 'Mother's education' not shown







^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

Literacy and Education

Table ED.1: Literacy (young women)								
Percentage of women age 15-24 years who are literate, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011								
	Percentage literate ¹	Percentage not known	Number of women age 15-24 years					
Total	99.0	0.0	1,183					
Region								
North West	99.1	0.0	285					
East	96.1	0.0	108					
North Central	99.4	0.0	410					
South West	99.2	0.0	348					
Tobago	100.0	0.0	32					
Area								
Urban	99.6	0.0	669					
Rural	98.2	0.0	515					
Education								
None	(*)	(*)	2					
Primary	(55.2)	(0.0)	24					
Secondary+	100.0	0.0	1,157					
Age								
15-19	98.8	0.0	550					
20-24	99.1	0.0	633					
Wealth index quintile								
Poorest	95.9	0.0	235					
Second	99.2	0.0	248					
Middle	99.8	0.0	230					
Fourth	100.0	0.0	242					
Richest	100.0	0.0	229					
Ethnicity of household head								
African	99.0	0.0	446					
Indian	99.1	0.0	456					
Mixed	98.7	0.0	266					
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	15					

¹ MICS indicator 7.1; MDG indicator 2.3 - Literacy rate among young women







⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table ED.2: School readiness

Percentage of children attending first grade of primary school who attended pre-school the previous year, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percentage of children attending first grade who attended preschool in previous year ¹	Number of children attending first grade of primary school	
Total	84.8	295	
Sex			
Male	82.7	160	
Female	87.3	136	
Region			
North West	86.3	71	
East	73.2	28	
North Central	87.6	104	
South West	82.0	77	
Tobago	(94.1)	15	
Area			
Urban	83.1	161	
Rural	86.8	135	
Mother's education			
None	(*)	0	
Primary	75.4	62	
Secondary+	87.3	233	
Wealth index quintile			
Poorest	82.7	78	
Second	85.1	65	
Middle	87.9	72	
Fourth	(88.4)	40	
Richest	(79.3)	40	
Ethnicity of household head			
African	90.5	116	
Indian	89.8	102	
Mixed	71.2	71	
Other/Not stated	(*)	6	

¹ MICS indicator 7.2 - School readiness

- () Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases
- (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases





Table ED.3: Primary school entry

Percentage of children of primary school entry age entering grade 1 (net intake rate), Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

_		
	Percentage of children of primary school entry age entering grade 1 ¹	Number of children of primary school entry age
Total	84.5	265
Sex		
Male	81.7	142
Female	87.8	123
Region		
North West	86.3	57
East	(79.6)	20
North Central	82.6	113
South West	88.7	57
Tobago	(83.1)	17
Area		
Urban	83.1	146
Rural	86.3	119
Mother's education		
Primary	86.6	57
Secondary+	83.9	207
Wealth index quintile		
Poorest	78.9	64
Second	90.2	52
Middle	92.5	51
Fourth	(77.0)	54
Richest	(86.2)	43
Ethnicity of household head		
African	83.5	107
Indian	90.2	81
Mixed	80.0	77

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\mbox{MICS}$ indicator 7.3 - Net intake rate in primary education







⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases Note: 1 case of missing 'Mother's education' not shown

Table ED.4: Primary school attendance

Percentage of children of primary school age attending primary or secondary school (Net attendance ratio), Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Male		Female	2	Total	
	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Number of children	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Number of children	Net attendance ratio (adjusted) ¹	Number of children
Total	98.5	643	99.0	601	98.7	1,244
Area						
Urban	98.2	342	98.7	328	98.4	670
Rural	98.8	302	99.2	273	99.0	575
Age at beginning of school year						
7	98.7	142	99.6	123	99.1	265
8	99.6	114	97.7	133	98.6	247
9	97.3	120	100.0	106	98.6	226
10	99.0	126	97.8	129	98.4	255
11	97.8	142	100.0	109	98.8	251
Mother's education						
None	(*)	4	(*)	4	(*)	8
Primary	97.6	152	98.6	143	98.1	295
Secondary+	98.9	486	99.0	453	99.0	939
Missing/DK	(*)	1	(*)	1	(*)	2
Wealth index quintile						
Poorest	97.3	132	98.3	143	97.8	276
Second	100.0	126	98.9	136	99.4	262
Middle	97.1	136	99.3	111	98.1	247
Fourth	98.9	127	100.0	111	99.4	238
Richest	99.3	122	98.5	101	98.9	223
Ethnicity of household head						
African	98.7	237	98.4	220	98.5	457
Indian	98.0	243	100.0	209	98.9	452
Mixed	98.9	158	98.2	154	98.6	312
Other/Not stated	(*)	5	(*)	18	(*)	24

¹MICS indicator 7.4; MDG indicator 2.1 - Primary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)



^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table ED.5: Secondary school attendance

Percentage of children of secondary school age attending secondary school or higher (adjusted net attendance ratio), and percentage of children attending primary school, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Male			Female			Total		
	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Percentage of children attending primary school	Number of children	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Percentage of children attending primary school	Number of children	Net attendance ratio (adjusted) ¹	Percentage of children attending primary school	Number of children
Total	87.1	9.0	663	88.0	7.6	587	87.5	8.3	1,250
Area									
Urban	88.1	7.8	370	89.3	6.1	339	88.7	7.0	709
Rural	85.9	10.5	292	86.1	9.7	248	86.0	10.1	540
Age at beginning of school year									
12	61.5	35.5	132	66.1	31.4	113	63.6	33.6	245
13	89.4	8.1	119	93.8	5.4	122	91.6	6.8	241
14	97.3	2.1	143	93.0	1.7	113	95.4	1.9	256
15	93.8	0.0	123	94.6	0.4	119	94.2	0.2	241
16	93.1	0.0	145	91.3	0.0	121	92.3	0.0	266
Mother's education									
None	(*)	(*)	4	(*)	(*)	4	(*)	(*)	8
Primary	80.6	10.3	185	81.7	13.7	158	81.1	11.9	342
Secondary+	89.9	8.5	474	90.7	5.4	424	90.3	7.1	898
Cannot be determined ^a	-	-	0	(*)	(*)	2	(*)	(*)	2
Wealth index quintile									
Poorest	76.1	16.0	147	74.0	16.0	124	75.1	16.0	271
Second	90.0	6.9	130	88.4	8.4	120	89.2	7.6	249
Middle	87.1	8.8	139	93.2	5.5	103	89.7	7.4	242
Fourth	89.1	8.6	131	89.4	5.2	134	89.3	6.9	264
Richest	95.9	3.2	116	96.8	1.7	106	96.3	2.5	223
Ethnicity of household head									
African	85.9	11.0	233	85.1	9.7	221	85.5	10.3	454
Indian	88.7	5.9	264	90.2	4.4	204	89.4	5.3	467
Mixed	86.6	11.3	152	89.8	8.7	151	88.2	10.1	303
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	14	(*)	(*)	11	(*)	(*)	25

¹ MICS indicator 7.5 - Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)







 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Children age 15 or higher at the time of the interview whose mothers were not living in the household

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

[&]quot;-" denotes zero unweighted cases

Table ED.6: Children reaching last Standard of primary school

Percentage of children entering Standard 1 of primary school who eventually reach Standard 5 of primary school (Survival rate to last Standard of primary school), Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percent attending Standard 1 last year who are in Standard 2 this year	Percent attending Standard 2 last year who are attending Standard 3 this year	Percent attending Standard 3 last year who are attending Standard 4 this year	Percent attending Standard 4 last year who are attending Standard 5 this year	Percent who reach Standard 5 of those who enter Standard 1 ¹
Total	99.6	100.0	99.5	100.0	99.2
Sex					
Male	99.3	100.0	99.1	100.0	98.3
Female	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Area					
Urban	99.3	100.0	99.1	100.0	98.4
Rural	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mother's education					
None	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Primary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Secondary+	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Missing/DK	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Wealth index quintile					
Poorest	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Second	100.0	100.0	97.6	100.0	97.6
Middle	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Fourth	98.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	98.5
Richest	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity of household head					
African	99.0	100.0	98.7	100.0	97.8
Indian	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mixed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Other/Not stated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	¹ MICS indicator 7.6; I	MDG indicator 2.2 - Child	ren reaching last grade of pr	imary	





Table ED.7: Primary school completion and transition to secondary school

Primary school completion rates and transition rate to secondary school. Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Primary school completion rate ^{1A}	Number of children of primary school completion age	Transition rate to secondary school ²	Number of children who were in standard 5 the previous year
	completion rate	completion age	Secondary School	the previous year
Total	105.8	251	87.7	205
Sex				
Male	102.0	142	87.3	109
Female	110.9	109	88.2	96
Area				
Urban	92.2	143	84.4	114
Rural	123.8	109	91.9	92
Mother's education				
None	(*)	4	-	0
Primary	118.3	63	86.7	65
Secondary+	102.0	184	88.9	140
Wealth index quintile				
Poorest	118.4	52	(91.7)	40
Second	104.6	56	(87.0)	42
Middle	(108.7)	53	(86.9)	49
Fourth	(106.6)	44	(84.3)	34
Richest	(89.2)	46	(88.4)	41
Ethnicity of household head				
African	90.2	97	78.0	66
Indian	111.6	95	92.4	74
Mixed	121.5	53	91.6	60
Other/Not stated	(*)	6	(*)	5

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\text{MICS}$ indicator 7.7 - Primary completion rate







² MICS indicator 7.8 - Transition rate to secondary school

^AThe value of the indicator is greater than 100 percent due to some of the children entering the last grade of primary school for the first time, being younger or older than the primary school graduation age.

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

[&]quot;-" denotes zero unweighted cases

Table ED.8: Education gender parity

Ratio of adjusted net attendance ratios of girls to boys, in primary and secondary school, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Primary school			Secondary school	ol .
	Primary school adjusted net attendance ratio (NAR), girls	Primary school adjusted net attendance ratio (NAR), boys	Gender parity index (GPI) for primary school adjusted NAR ¹	Secondary school adjusted net attendance ratio (NAR), girls	Secondary school adjusted net attendance ratio (NAR), boys	Gender parity index (GPI) for secondary school adjusted NAR ²
Total	99.0	98.5	1.00	88.0	86.8	1.01
Area						
Urban	98.7	98.2	1.01	89.3	87.6	1.02
Rural	99.2	98.8	1.00	86.1	85.9	1.00
Mother's education						
None	100.0	73.8	1.35	77.1	64.8	1.19
Primary	98.6	97.6	1.01	81.7	80.6	1.01
Secondary+	99.0	98.9	1.00	90.7	89.4	1.01
Cannot be determined ^a	na	na	na	-	-	-
Wealth index quintile						
Poorest	98.3	97.3	1.01	74.0	76.1	0.97
Second	98.9	100.0	0.99	88.4	90.0	0.98
Middle	99.3	97.1	1.02	93.2	87.1	1.07
Fourth	100.0	98.9	1.01	89.4	89.1	1.00
Richest	98.5	99.3	0.99	96.8	94.1	1.03
Ethnicity of household head						
African	98.4	98.7	1.00	85.1	85.9	0.99
Indian	100.0	98.0	1.02	90.2	87.9	1.03
Mixed	98.2	98.9	0.99	89.8	86.6	1.04
Other/Not stated	100.0	100.0	1.00	79.0	85.1	0.93

¹ MICS indicator 7.9; MDG indicator 3.1 - Gender parity index (primary school)

na: not applicable



² MICS indicator 7.10; MDG indicator 3.1 - Gender parity index (secondary school)

^a Children age 15 or higher at the time of the interview whose mothers were not living in the household

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases "-" denotes zero unweighted cases

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Percentage of household members age 5-24 years attending school or preschool, by residence and sex, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Urban	an			Ru	Rural			Total	tal	
	Male	le	Fem	Female	M	Male	Female	ale	Male	ale	Female	ale
	Percentage attending	Number of household members										
Age at beginning	h											
5	(97.3)	62	97.4	64	99.3	28	98.2	20	98.3	120	8.76	114
9	(100.0)	53	(100.0)	62	98.5	28	100.0	47	99.2	111	100.0	109
7	98.6	74	100.0	72	8.86	89	100.0	51	98.7	142	100.0	123
8	(100.0)	53	98.0	92	99.3	61	100.0	22	9.66	114	98.9	133
6	97.8	64	(100.0)	55	296.7	99	100.0	51	97.3	120	100.0	106
10	100.0	71	98.1	61	100.0	54	92.6	89	100.0	125	97.8	129
11	2.96	79	(100.0)	64	99.2	63	100.0	46	97.8	142	100.0	110
12	96.3	74	97.5	63	97.9	28	97.5	20	97.0	132	97.5	113
13	(98.0)	64	100.0	72	97.0	25	98.2	20	97.5	119	99.3	122
14	100.0	98	92.7	69	98.3	22	97.8	43	99.3	143	94.7	112
15	94.7	69	(92.6)	53	92.7	54	94.5	65	93.8	123	95.0	118
16	81.0	78	6.06	81	86.9	89	86.9	39	83.7	146	9.68	120
17	57.1	91	8.69	82	70.4	61	67.1	55	62.4	152	68.7	137
18	(45.7)	55	(49.7)	55	42.4	29	48.8	47	44.0	114	49.3	102
19	37.5	92	42.4	85	29.9	29	43.5	42	34.2	135	42.8	127
20	32.9	99	37.2	81	19.5	51	25.0	52	27.0	117	32.4	133
21	31.5	73	41.2	29	23.9	99	30.2	26	27.9	139	36.2	123
22	24.1	69	39.7	89	23.9	29	35.3	62	24.0	128	37.6	130
23	12.9	70	20.3	81	23.8	48	22.1	69	17.3	118	21.1	150
24	16.9	100	21.2	62	9.8	79	29.3	29	13.7	179	24.9	146
() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases	e based on 25-4	19 unweighted	cases									







Child Protection

Table CP.1: Birth registration

Percentage of children under age 5 by whether birth is registered and percentage of children not registered whose mothers/caretakers know how to register birth, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

			ler age 5 whos with civil auth			Children under age 5 not regist	
		birth ficate	_		Number of children	Percent of children whose mother/	Number of children under age 5
	Seen	Not seen	No birth certificate	Total registered ¹	under age 5	caretaker knows how to register birth	without birth registration
Total	60.6	29.9	5.9	96.5	1,199	(94.2)	42
Sex							
Male	60.9	30.3	5.3	96.5	585	(*)	20
Female	60.3	29.6	6.5	96.5	614	(*)	22
Region							
North West	57.8	34.2	4.4	96.3	293	(*)	11
East	46.3	39.3	10.0	95.7	110	(*)	5
North Central	58.7	31.8	5.7	96.1	424	(*)	17
South West	74.2	16.5	6.5	97.2	321	(*)	9
Tobago	39.2	54.2	4.7	98.1	51	(*)	1
Area							
Urban	57.8	31.0	6.4	95.2	700	(*)	33
Rural	64.6	28.4	5.2	98.3	499	(*)	9
Age							
0-11 months	41.1	22.4	21.2	84.7	214	(95.9)	33
12-23 months	59.0	32.8	7.4	99.2	204	(*)	2
24-35 months	61.8	32.8	2.6	97.2	258	(*)	7
36-47 months	67.6	30.8	1.4	99.8	286	(*)	0
48-59 months	69.9	30.1	0.0	100.0	238	(*)	0
Mother's education							
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	4	(*)	0
Primary	53.7	37.7	6.1	97.5	161	(*)	4
Secondary+	61.6	28.7	5.9	96.3	1,033	(93.5)	38
Wealth index quintile							
Poorest	55.9	30.3	8.1	94.2	320	(*)	19
Second	58.6	30.3	6.5	95.5	241	(*)	11
Middle	57.7	33.1	7.5	98.3	275	(*)	5
Fourth	66.2	27.4	2.8	96.5	207	(*)	7
Richest	71.4	26.3	2.0	99.7	156	(*)	1
Ethnicity of household head							
African	55.6	33.3	6.3	95.2	476	(*)	23
Indian	67.8	23.5	5.3	96.6	418	(*)	14
Mixed	58.4	33.5	6.4	98.3	295	(*)	5
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	10	(*)	0

¹ MICS indicator 8.1 - Birth registration

Note: 1 case of missing 'Mother's education' not shown







^() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table CP.2: Children's involvement in economic activities and household chores

Percentage of children by involvement in economic activity and household chores during the past week, according to age groups, and percentage of children age 5-14 involved in child labour, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

			Percentage c	Percentage of children age 5-11 involved in	5-11 involved	ë					Percentag	ge of childre	Percentage of children age 12-14 involved in	involved in					
	W.	Economic activity	ctivity		:			Number –	Ecor	Economic activity					:		Number	Toto	Number
	9 0 0	outside household	Working	Economic activity for	Household chores less	Household chores for		of children	Working outside household					p ss	Household chores for	Child	of children	child	children
	Paid work	Unpaid	- Tor Tamily business	at least one hour	than 28 hours	28 hours or more	labour	age 5-11 ¯	Paid work	Unpaid b work	business	less than 14 hours	14 hours or more	than 28 hours	28 hours or more	labour	age 12-14	9000	years
Total	0.2	1.0	1.9	3.0	37.8	0.0	3.0	1,693	1.0	0.5	5.1	5.4	0.5	62.0	0.1	0.5	745	2.3	2,437
Sex																			
Male	0.3	9.0	2.3	3.2	37.4	0.0	3.2	870	1.8	0.2	7.5	7.4	6.0	59.2	0.1	1.0	391	2.5	1,261
Female	0.1	1.4	1.4	2.9	38.2	0.0	2.9	823	0.0	8.0	2.3	3.1	0.0	65.0	0.0	0.0	354	2.0	1,177
Region																			
North West	0.0	0.3	5.1	5.4	45.7	0.0	5.4	409	1.7	0.0	11.1	11.7	0.0	2.69	0.0	0.0	185	3.7	594
East	0.3	0.3	9.0	1.2	31.4	0.0	1.2	154	8.0	0.7	3.0	4.5	0.0	47.9	0.0	0.0	62	6.0	216
North	0.2	2.2	0.7	3.1	33.1	0.0	3.1	630	0.5	1.0	3.0	3.5	0.5	56.3	0.0	0.5	274	2.3	904
South West	0.2	0.2	6:0	1.3	38.1	0.0	1.3	416	1.2	0.0	3.2	2.4	1.2	65.8	0.0	1.2	189	1.3	909
Tobago	0.0	0.5	2.5	3.0	43.8	0.0	3.0	83	0.0	1.2	3.4	4.6	0.0	70.5	1.1	1.1	35	2.5	117
Area																			
Urban	0.1	0.1	2.3	2.6	39.2	0.0	5.6	905	8.0	0.0	5.9	5.5	9.0	63.9	0.0	9.0	428	2.0	1,330
Rural	0.2	2.0	1.4	3.5	36.1	0.0	3.5	791	1.1	1.1	3.9	5.2	0.3	59.4	0.1	0.4	317	2.6	1,107
School participation	pation																		
Yes	0.2	1.0	1.9	3.1	38.1	0.0	3.1	1,675	1.0	0.5	5.0	5.5	0.3	62.1	0.1	0.4	728	2.2	2,403
o N	*)	*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	*	18	*	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	16	(3.8)	34
Mother's education	cation																		
None	*	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	*)	*	6	*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	*)	4	*)	13
Primary	0.0	0.1	1.8	1.9	35.5	0.0	1.9	360	1.1	0.0	4.9	5.4	0.0	29.0	0.0	0.0	200	1.2	260
Secondary+	0.1	1.3	1.9	3.3	38.2	0.0	3.3	1,319	6.0	0.7	5.2	5.4	0.7	63.3	0.1	0.7	541	5.6	1,860
Missing/DK	*	*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	*	4	,	ı	,	,	,	,	,	,	0	*	4
Wealth index quintile	quintile																		
Poorest	9.0	6.0	4.4	0.9	38.3	0.0	0.9	382	5.6	0.0	14.6	14.4	8.0	9.65	0.0	0.8	174	4.3	556
Second	0.0	0.4	2.0	2.3	37.2	0.0	2.3	351	6.0	0.0	4.4	3.5	6.0	26.0	0.0	6.0	150	1.9	501
Middle	0.0	0.3	1.0	1.3	34.0	0.0	1.3	344	0.0	0.3	3.2	3.5	0.0	67.3	0.3	0.3	137	1.0	481
Fourth	0.0	3.6	1.3	4.9	36.6	0.0	4.9	319	9.0	1.3	0.3	1.6	9.0	68.2	0.0	9.0	146	3.5	464
Richest	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	43.3	0.0	0.2	297	0.3	1.0	0.7	2.0	0.0	59.7	0.0	0.0	138	0.1	435
Ethnicity of household head	nsehold	head																	
African	0.2	1.0	2.7	3.9	36.5	0.0	3.9	642	1.3	0.0	8.1	7.9	0.5	64.0	0.1	9.0	279	2.9	921







Table CP.2: Children's involvement in economic activities and household chores

Percentage of children by involvement in economic activity and household chores during the past week, according to age groups, and percentage of children age 5-14 involved in child labour, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		-	Percentage c	of children age	Percentage of children age 5-11 involved	n in					Percenta	ge of childr	en age 12-1 ⁴	Percentage of children age 12-14 involved in					
	Ecc	Economic activity	tivity		1	1		Number	Econ	Economic activity				-	4		Number	Total	Number of
	Wor	Working outside	Working outside Working	activity for at least one	econornic nousenoid activity for chores less it least one than 28	nousenoid chores for Child 28 hours labour		children age 5-11	Working outside household	1	Working for family	activity for a less than	activity for activity for less than 14 hours	nousenold nousenold chores less chores for than 28 28 hours or	activity for activity for chores less chores for Child children less than 14 hours than 28 28 hours or labour age 12-14	Child Iabour	children age 12-14	child labour¹	children age 5-14 vears
	Paid L work	Unpaid	Paid Unpaid business work work	hour	hours	or more			Paid L work	Jnpaid work	business	14 hours	or more	hours	more				
Indian	0.2	0.2 0.9	1.2	2.3	36.7	0.0	2.3	604	8.0	0.7	3.7	3.9	8.0	9.09	0.0	8.0	271	1.8	875
Mixed	0.1	0.1 1.2	1.7	3.1	41.9	0.0	3.1	409	8.0	6.0	2.9	4.1	0.0	6.09	0.0	0.0	185	2.1	595
Other/Not stated	(0.0)	(0.0) (0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(30.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	37	*	*)	*)	(*)	*)	(*)	(*)	*	6	(0.0)	47
								¹ MICS indi	¹ MICS indicator 8.2 - Child labour	Child labo	úr								

() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (\ast) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

"-" denotes zero unweighted cases





Table CP.3: Child labour and school attendance

Percentage of children age 5-14 years involved in child labour who are attending school, and percentage of children age 5-14 years attending school who are involved in child labour, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percentage of children involved in child labour	Percentage of children attending school	Number of children age 5-14 years	Percentage of child labourers who are attending school ¹	Number of children age 5-14 years involved in child labour	Percentage of children attending school who are involved in child labour ²	Number of children age 5-14 years attending school
Total	2.3	98.6	2,437	97.6	55	2.2	2,403
Sex							
Male	2.5	98.5	1,261	(95.9)	32	2.5	1,242
Female	2.0	98.7	1,177	(*)	24	2.0	1,161
Region			•	` .			•
North West	3.7	99.2	594	(*)	22	3.8	589
East	0.9	98.5	216	(*)	2	0.9	213
North Central	2.3	98.4	904	(*)	21	2.2	890
South West	1.3	98.5	606	(*)	8	1.3	597
Tobago	2.5	97.4	117	(*)	3	2.5	114
Area							
Urban	2.0	98.5	1,330	(*)	26	1.9	1,310
Rural	2.6	98.8	1,107	(100.0)	29	2.7	1,093
Age							
5-11 years	3.0	99.0	1,693	(100.0)	51	3.1	1,675
12-14 years	0.5	97.8	745	(*)	4	0.4	728
Mother's education							
None	(*)	(*)	13	(*)	1	(*)	11
Primary	1.2	97.6	560	(*)	7	1.3	547
Secondary+	2.6	99.0	1,860	(97.2)	47	2.5	1,841
Missing/DK	(*)	(*)	4	-	0	(*)	4
Wealth index quintile							
Poorest	4.3	97.4	556	(*)	24	4.5	542
Second	1.9	99.0	501	(*)	9	1.6	496
Middle	1.0	98.4	481	(*)	5	1.0	473
Fourth	3.5	98.7	464	(*)	16	3.6	459
Richest	0.1	99.8	435	(*)	0	0.1	434
Ethnicity of household head							
African	2.9	98.2	921	(100.0)	27	3.0	904
Indian	1.8	98.5	875	(*)	16	1.7	862
Mixed	2.1	99.3	595	(*)	13	2.1	590
Other/Not stated	(0.0)	(100.0)	47	-	0	(0.0)	47

¹ MICS indicator - School attendance among child labourers ² MICS indicator - Child labour among students







⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

[&]quot;-" denotes zero unweighted cases

Table CP.4: Child discipline

Percentage of children age 2-14 years by child disciplining methods experienced during the last one month, and percentage of respondents to the child discipline module who believe that physical punishment is needed to bring up, raise, or educate a child properly, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Perce	ntage of children a	•	•	enced:	Number	Respondent believes that	Number of
	Only non- violent discipline	Psychological aggression	Physical p	unishment Severe	Any violent discipline method ¹	of children age 2-14 years	the child needs to be physically punished	respondents to the child discipline module
Total	16.6	69.8	51.8	4.2	76.7	3,215	23.1	1,953
Sex								
Male	15.3	71.4	53.2	4.9	78.7	1,664	23.0	1,012
Female	18.0	68.1	50.4	3.3	74.6	1,550	23.2	942
Region								
North West	18.3	69.6	59.9	4.6	77.5	777	34.7	444
East	17.6	69.5	56.1	3.2	79.6	284	28.5	169
North Central	17.1	71.0	50.7	5.9	76.9	1,186	20.6	749
South West	14.7	70.1	44.9	1.9	75.2	815	14.9	501
Tobago	12.1	61.1	49.1	2.3	73.3	153	21.8	90
Area								
Urban	16.7	69.1	54.0	4.5	76.1	1,761	25.9	1,074
Rural	16.5	70.8	49.2	3.8	77.4	1,454	19.7	880
Age							15.7	000
2-4 years	18.3	65.2	59.1	3.8	74.1	774	22.9	495
5-9 years	16.3	72.0	55.4	3.4	78.6	1,175	22.9	685
10-14 years	15.9	70.7	44.0	5.0	76.5	1,266	23.4	774
Education of household head							23.4	774
None	(25.7)	(68.8)	(46.5)	(4.9)	(68.8)	32	22	na
	13.8	73.8	55.3	5.7	80.5	1,148	na	na
Primary Secondary+	18.0	67.6	49.9	3.3	74.7	2,014	na	na
•	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	22	na	na
Missing/DK	()	()	()	()	()		na	na
Respondent's education	na	na	na	na	na	na	24.5	220
None	na	na	na	na	na	na	24.5	328
Primary	na	na	na	na	na	na	25.2	521
Secondary+	na	na	na	na	na	na	21.7	1,101
Missing/DK	iiu	110	na	110	110	nu	(*)	3
Wealth index quintile	12.0	76.0	58.5	5.1	83.3	759		
Poorest	14.7	72.7	54.0		79.6	659	28.6	426
Second	18.1	69.3	49.1	6.6 2.9	76.2	667	24.0	387
Middle	22.4	61.9	49.1	2.9	69.4	585	20.7	423
Fourth	17.3	67.1	48.1 47.2				20.9	372
Richest	1/.5	07.1	47.2	3.7	72.4	545	20.7	345
Ethnicity of household head	1 4 4	72.5	F4.0	4.5	70.0	1 240		
African	14.4	72.5	54.9	4.5	78.8	1,210	28.2	719
Indian	16.4	69.3	46.3	4.4	75.1	1,159	15.8	736
Mixed	20.3	67.7	55.1	3.5	76.6	792	27.9	469
Other/Not stated	(16.5)	(52.7)	(52.3)	(0.0)	(64.4)	53	(*)	30

¹ MICS indicator 8.3 - Violent discipline

na: not applicable







^() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table CP.5: Early marriage and polygyny

before their 15th and 18th birthdays, percentage of women age 15-19 years currently married or in union, and the percentage of women currently married or in union who are in a polygynous marriage Percentage of women age 15-49 years who first married or entered a marital union before their 15th birthday, percentages of women age 20-49 years who first married or entered a marital union

Purchisege supported by the processing of the p		Women age 15-49 years	15-49 years	Wo	Women age 20-49 years	ars	Women age 15-19 years	15-19 years	Women age 15-49 years	L5-49 years
West 2.6 4,123 3.0 11.4 3.57.3 4.4 550 2.1 Central 4,2 3.3 5.4 1.2 1.3 2.5 1.1 2.5 1.5 <t< th=""><th></th><th>Percentage married before age 15¹</th><th>Number of women age 15-49 years</th><th>Percentage married before age 15</th><th>Percentage married before age 18²</th><th>Number of women age 20-49 years</th><th>Percentage currently married/in union³</th><th>Number of women age 15-19 years</th><th>Percentage in polygynous marriage/union4</th><th>Number of women age 15-49 years currently married/ in union</th></t<>		Percentage married before age 15¹	Number of women age 15-49 years	Percentage married before age 15	Percentage married before age 18²	Number of women age 20-49 years	Percentage currently married/in union³	Number of women age 15-19 years	Percentage in polygynous marriage/union4	Number of women age 15-49 years currently married/ in union
West 3.2 961 3.5 11.3 831 2.6 13.1 2.5 Central 4.9 1.34 2.4 2.0 1.2 1.2 1.9 5.4 1.9 Central 4.9 1.34 2.7 1.20 1.23 5.4 1.9 1.5 Central 1.5 1.34 2.9 1.23 5.4 1.9 1.9 Act 1.1 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 2.7 1.5	otal	2.8	4,123	3.0	12.4	3,573	4.4	250	2.1	1,914
West 3.2 9.61 3.5 11.3 2.6 13.1 2.5 Central 2.6 33.3 5.4 20.2 27.9 6.6 13.1 1.5 West 1.7 1.1,84 1.2 1.12.3 4.6 1.87 1.5 West 1.7 1.1,84 1.9 1.12.3 4.6 1.87 1.5 Authority 2.7 2.28 1.13 1.10 1.10 3.9 1.7 0.0 Authority 2.7 2.28 1.1 1.968 4.9 2.2 1.5 Authority 2.7 2.28 1.1 1.10 4.9 2.2 1.0 Authority 2.7 2.3 1.1 1.968 4.9 2.2 2.0 Authority 2.7 2.3 1.1 1.968 4.9 2.2 2.0 Authority 2.7 2.1 1.1 1.1 1.0 2.2 2.0 2.0 Authority <td>egion</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	egion									
Central 4,9 33,3 5,4 120, 13279 6,6 5,4 19 Noest 1,7 1,184 2,7 120, 13279 6,6 5,84 19 2,8 1,184 1,9 11,6 1,1023 5,1 161 1,102 1,10	North West	3.2	961	3.5	11.3	831	2.6	131	2.5	380
Central 15	East	4.9	333	5.4	20.2	279	9.9	54	1.9	172
Worst 17 1,184 19 116 1023 5.1 161 27 2 2 2,289 2.8 11.1 1,968 4.9 17 0.0 2 2 2,289 2.8 11.1 1,968 4.9 321 2.0 2 2 2,289 2.9 11.1 1,968 4.9 321 2.0 2 2 633 2.7 11.2 633 1.9 1.2 2.0 2 3 639 2.9 10.1 699 1.9 1.0 2.2 2.0 <t< td=""><td>North Central</td><td>2.6</td><td>1,514</td><td>2.7</td><td>12.0</td><td>1,327</td><td>4.5</td><td>187</td><td>1.5</td><td>727</td></t<>	North Central	2.6	1,514	2.7	12.0	1,327	4.5	187	1.5	727
13 5.9 13.1 13.1 13.8 3.9 17 10.0 2.7 2.289 2.8 11.1 1.968 4.9 32.1 2.1 2.8 2.8 2.9 2.9 11.1 1.968 4.4 5.29 2.0 2.9 6.39 2.9 11.2 6.39 1.3 1.3 1.2 2.1 5.21 5.31 2.1 1.4 1.9 6.99 1.9 1.9 3.2 5.3 5.3 2.7 1.1.2 6.39 1.9 1.9 1.9 4.1 5.3 5.3 2.9 2.9 1.1 1.9 1.9 1.9 5.1 5.2 5.3 2.9 2.9 1.2 1.2 1.2 5.2 5.3 5.4 2.1 1.2 5.3 1.2 1.2 6.2 6.2 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 6.2 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 6.2 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.4 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7	South West	1.7	1,184	1.9	11.6	1,023	5.1	161	2.7	584
2.7 2.289 2.8 11.1 1.968 4.9 321 229 2.0 (10.0) 2.0 (10	Tobago	5.1	131	5.9	13.3	113	3.9	17	0:0	20
2.7 2,289 2.8 11.1 1,968 4.9 32.1 2.1 1.3 556 na na na na na 1.2 2.7 633 2.7 11.2 633 na na na 2.2 2.8 639 2.9 10.1 699 na na 1.2 2.9 699 2.9 10.1 699 na na 1.6 2.1 537 11.2 633 na na na 1.6 2.2 639 2.9 10.1 699 na na 1.6 2.3 639 2.9 10.1 699 na na 1.6 2.4 1.9 591 4.1 1.1 591 na na 1.6 2.5 621 2.5 12.6 621 na na 1.6 2.6 621 2.5 12.6 621 na na 1.6 2.7 733 4.8 2.4 8.7 729 2.4 116 0.0 2.8 52 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 106 0.0 2.1 1716 2.3 13.8 6.0 739 0.0 111 1.8 Not stated (1.4) 60 (1.8) 1.1 1.7 1.227 3.3 2.2 3.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	ırea									
2.8 1,834 3.1 14.0 1,605 3.7 229 2.0 2.1	Urban	2.7	2,289	2.8	11.1	1,968	4.9	321	2.1	981
1.3 550 na na na na na 144 550 (0.0) 2.7 659 2.9 10.1 639 na na 1.2 2.8 699 2.9 10.1 14.1 591 na na 1.6 2.9 699 2.9 10.1 639 na na 1.6 2.0 621 2.5 11.2 699 na na 1.6 2.1 621 2.5 11.2 699 na na 1.6 2.2 621 2.5 11.2 699 na na 1.6 2.5 621 2.5 11.2 699 na na 1.6 2.5 621 2.5 11.2 643 na na 1.6 2.5 621 2.5 11.2 643 1.6 621 na na 1.6 2.5 621 2.5 12.6 621 1.6 621 na na 1.6 2.5 849 2.5 12.6 621 4.3 509 1.0 1.0 2.5 849 2.5 12.6 621 4.3 509 1.0 1.0 2.5 865 2.5 10.2 2.5 1.2 676 2.5 10.2 2.5 885 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 11.5 6.0 1.1 1.2 2.5 885 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 10.6 0.0 2.5 1440 4.1 11.7 1.227 8.5 6.0 1.1 1.1 2.1 1440 4.1 11.7 1.227 8.5 6.0 1.1 1.1 2.1 1440 4.1 11.7 1.227 8.5 6.0 1.1 1.1 2.1 1440 1.1 11.7 1.227 8.5 6.0 1.1 1.1 1.1 2.1 1440 1.1 11.7 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.	Rural	2.8	1,834	3.1	14.0	1,605	3.7	229	2.0	933
1.3 550 na	lge .	;					;	į		į
14. 2.7 653 2.7 11.2 633 na na 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 4.4 2.2 4.4 2.2 4.4 2.2 4.4 2.2 4.4 2.2 4.4 2.2 4.4 2.2 4.4 2.2 4.4 2.2 4.4 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4	15-19	1.3	550	na	na	na	4.4	250	(0.0)	24
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44 4 4 5 591 4.1 14.1 591 na na 16 44 5 537 4.1 14.1 591 na na 16 44 5 53	25-29	2.9	669	2.9	10.1	669	na	na	1.2	317
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	30-34	4.1	591	4.1	14.1	591	na	na	1.6	351
44 3.0 493 3.6 493 na na 1.6 tion 2.5 621 1.5 493 na na 1.6 tion 4.3 3.6 2.5 1.2.6 621 na 1.6 tion 4.3 4.8 5.4 2.5 10.2 3,070 4.3 539 1.6 nndary+ 2.4 3.609 2.5 10.2 3,070 4.3 539 1.6 nndary+ 2.4 7.3 4.8 2.3 6.6 8.9 1.6 4.3 1.6 nnd collection 2.5 1.2 6.6 4.9 1.6 4.9 1.6 4.3 1.6 nnd collection 2.5 1.2 6.6 4.9 1.6 4.9 1.6 4.3 3.6 1.6 4.3 3.6 1.6 4.3 3.6 1.6 4.3 3.6 1.6 4.3 3.6 1.6 4.9 1.6 4.3 </td <td>35-39</td> <td>2.7</td> <td>537</td> <td>2.7</td> <td>13.8</td> <td>537</td> <td>na</td> <td>na</td> <td>1.6</td> <td>338</td>	35-39	2.7	537	2.7	13.8	537	na	na	1.6	338
tion (*) 18 (*) (*) 12.5 12.6 621 na na 538 tion (*) 18 (*) (*) (*) 16 (*) 2 (*) 43 ary 5.3 494 5.4 25.1 485 (*) 10 43 ary 5.3 496 5.4 25.1 485 (*) 10 43 ary 6.4 3 5.39 1.6 7.5 791 2.9 12.1 676 4.9 115 ary 7.5 791 2.9 12.1 676 4.9 115 ary 7.5 792 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 116 7.5 885 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 106 ary 7.5 885 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 106 ary 7.5 1.4 40 4.1 11.7 1,227 3.3 212 ary 2.1 1,716 2.3 11.4 774 6.0 134 ary 8 40 6.0 1.8) 49 49 4.7 11.8 ary 1.3 880 3.3 13.9 1,523 4.7 193 ary 1.4 1.7 1,227 3.3 212 ary 1.5 1.8 4.7 193 ary 1.6 6.0 1.8) 49 49 4.7 1.8 ary 1.7 1,227 3.3 3.3 212 ary 1.8 4.7 193 ary 1.9 4.9 4.7 193 ary 1.9 4.9 4.7 193 ary 1.9 4.7 1.8 4.7 ary 1.1 1.8 4.7 ary 1.1 1.8 4.7 ary 1.1 1.8 4.7 ary 1.1 1.8 4.7 ary 1.2 1.8 4.7 ary 1.3 1.8 4.7 ary 1.4 1.8 4.7 ary 1.4 1.8 4.7 ary 1.4 1.8 4.7 ary 1.5 1.8 4.7 ary 1.6 6.0 1.8 1.8 ary 1.8 4.7 ary 1.9 4.7 ary 1.	40-44	3.0	493	3.0	13.6	493	na	na	1.6	313
tion tion it on it o	45-49	2.5	621	2.5	12.6	621	na	na	3.8	403
e (*) 18 (*) 18 (*) (*) 16 (*) 2 (*) 2 (*) 3 (*) 4 (*) 2 (*) 4 (*) 2 (*) 4 (*) 4 (*) 2 (*) 4 (*) 4 (*) 2 (*) 4 (*) 4 (*) 2 (*) 4 (*) 2 (*) 4 (*) 2 (*) 2 (*) 3 (*) 2 (*) 2 (*) 2 (*) 3 (*) 2 (*) 2 (*) 3 (*) 2 (*) 2 (*) 3 (*)	ducation									
tary 5.3 494 5.4 25.1 485 (*) 10 4.3 nndack quintile (*) 3.609 2.5 10.2 3,070 4.3 539 1.6 thindex quintile (*) 2. (*) (*) (*) 1.6 4.3 539 1.6 rest test 4.7 733 4.8 23.4 616 8.9 116 2.0 (*) nnd 2.2 791 2.9 1.2 6.0 1.2 6.0 1.1 2.0 2.4 106 6.0 1.1 2.0 2.4 106 0.6 2.0 1.1 1.8 2.4 1.0 2.0 2.4 1.0 2.0 2.4 1.0 2.0 2.4 1.0 2.0 2.4 1.0 2.0 2.4 2.0 2.4 2.0 2.4 2.0 2.4 2.0 2.4 2.0 2.4 2.0 2.4 2.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 <th< td=""><td>None</td><td>*)</td><td>18</td><td>*)</td><td>*)</td><td>16</td><td>*</td><td>2</td><td>(*)</td><td>6</td></th<>	None	*)	18	*)	*)	16	*	2	(*)	6
10.2 3,070 4.3 5.9 1.6 1	Primary	5.3	494	5.4	25.1	485	*	10	4.3	321
ing/DK (*) 2 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) hindex quintile hindex quintile 4.7 733 4.8 23.4 616 8.9 116 3.6 a.5 791 2.9 12.1 676 4.9 115 2.0 dle 3.3 865 3.6 13.8 762 5.5 102 2.4 trh 2.2 885 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 106 0.6 est the 2.2 885 1.4 8.7 779 1.1 1.1 1.8 an 3.5 1,440 4.1 11.7 1,227 3.3 212 2.8 an 3.5 1,440 4.1 11.7 1,227 3.3 212 2.8 an 3.5 1,440 4.1 11.4 774 6.0 134 1.4 an 2.9 908 2.5 11.4 774 6.0 134 1.4 an 1.9 1.8 Approximate before age 15 AMICS indicator 8.6 - Young women age 15-19 years currently married or in union *MICS indicator 8.7 - Polygyny	Secondary+	2.4	3,609	2.5	10.2	3,070	4.3	539	1.6	1,582
h index quintile rest 4.7 733 4.8 23.4 616 8.9 116 3.6 rest 7.2 791 2.9 12.1 676 4.9 115 2.0 and 2.5 791 2.9 12.1 676 4.9 115 2.0 dle 3.3 865 3.6 13.8 762 5.5 102 2.4 th 2.2 885 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 106 0.6 est 4.1 1.2 6.0 739 0.0 111 1.8 an 2.1 1.440 4.1 11.7 1.523 4.7 193 an 2.1 1.716 2.3 11.4 774 6.0 134 1.4 ref 5.9 908 2.5 11.4 774 6.0 134 1.4 ref 7 193 1.9 ref 6.0 134 1.4 ref 7 193 1.9 ref 7 193 1.9 ref 7 193 1.9 ref 7 193 1.9 ref 8 1.9 ref 8 1.9 ref 8 1.9 ref 9	Missing/DK	*)	2	*	*	2		0	*)	1
rest 4.7 733 4.8 23.4 616 8.9 116 3.6 and 2.5 791 2.9 12.1 676 4.9 115 2.0 dde 3.3 885 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 106 0.6 est 1.3 850 1.5 6.0 739 0.0 111 1.8 ity of household 2.1 1440 4.1 11.7 1,523 4.7 193 1.9 ed 2.9 908 2.5 11.4 774 6.0 134 1.4 er/Not stated (1.4) 60 (1.8) 1.8 49 (*) 11 (*) 1.8 AMICS indicator 8.5 - Marriage before age 18 **MICS indicator 8.6 - Young women age 15-19 years currently married or in union 4 MICS indicator 8.7 - Polygyny	ealth index quintile									
2.5 791 2.9 12.1 676 4.9 115 2.0 dle 3.3 865 3.6 13.8 762 5.5 102 2.4 trh 2.2 885 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 106 0.6 est at 1.3 850 1.5 6.0 739 0.0 111 1.8 ity of household 3.5 1,440 4.1 11.7 1,227 3.3 212 2.8 an 2.1 1,716 2.3 13.9 1,523 4.7 193 1.9 er/Not stated (1.4) 60 (1.8) 49 Marriage before age 15 → MICS indicator 8.5 - Marriage before age 18 → MICS indicator 8.6 - Young women age 15-19 years currently married or in union → MICS indicator 8.7 - Polygyny	Poorest	4.7	733	4.8	23.4	616	8.9	116	3.6	320
th 2.2 885 3.6 13.8 762 5.5 102 2.4 th 2.2 885 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 106 0.6 est 1.3 850 1.5 6.0 739 0.0 111 1.8 ity of household 3.5 1,440 4.1 11.7 1,227 3.3 212 2.8 an 2.1 1,716 2.3 13.9 1,523 4.7 193 1.9 ed 2.9 908 2.5 11.4 774 6.0 134 1.4 Indicator 8.4 - Marriage before age 15 AMICS indicator 8.5 - Marriage before age 18 **MICS indicator 8.5 - Warriage before age 18 **MICS indicator 8.7 - Polygyny	Second	2.5	791	2.9	12.1	929	4.9	115	2.0	349
th 2.2 885 2.4 8.7 779 2.4 106 0.6 est cast 1.3 850 1.5 6.0 739 0.0 11 1.8 1.8 ity of household 2.3 1.440 4.1 11.7 1,523 4.7 193 1.9 1.9 est cast 2.4 8.7 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8	Middle	3.3	865	3.6	13.8	762	5.5	102	2.4	401
est 1.3 850 1.5 6.0 739 0.0 111 1.8 1.8 (ity of household sign of household sign of household sign of household 3.5 1,440 4.1 11.7 1,527 3.3 212 2.8 2.9 908 2.5 11.4 774 6.0 (*) 134 1.4 774 6.0 (*) 1.8 (*)	Fourth	2.2	885	2.4	8.7	779	2.4	106	9.0	408
3.5 1,440 4.1 11.7 1,227 3.3 212 2.8 2.8 and 2.1 1.9 and 2.2 2.9 908 2.5 11.4 774 6.0 134 1.9 1.9 e./Not stated (1.4) 60 (1.8) 1 MICS indicator 8.5 - Marriage before age 15 **MICS indicator 8.5 - Young women age 15-19 years currently married or in union** **MICS indicator 8.7 - Polygyny **MICS indicator 8.7 - Polygyny	Richest thnicity of household	1.3	850	1.5	0.9	739	0.0	111	1.8	406
1.716	ead	20	7	7	7 7	766 1	c	21.2	0	546
2.1 1,710 2.3 13.9 1,523 4,7 1.93 1.93 1.99 2.9 908 2.5 11.4 774 6.0 134 1.4 Not stated (1.4) 60 (1.8) 49 (*) 11 (*) (*) 11 (*) **MICS indicator 8.5 - Marriage before age 15 **MICS indicator 8.6 - Young women age 15-19 years currently married or in union 4MICS indicator 8.7 - Polygyny	All Call	 	1,1	÷ c	, r	1,22,	. r	402	5,7	5 10
2.9 508 2.3 11.4 7/4 0.0 1.34 1.4 (*) (1.4) (60 (1.8)	เทตเลท	2.1 2.0	1,/16	2.3	13.9	1,523	7.4	193	J.9	955
(1.4) OU (1.8) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	IVIIXed	2.9	908 90	C.2	11.4	4//	0.0	134	T.4	382
² MICS indicator 8.5 - Marriage before age 18 ³ MICS indicator 8.6 - Young women age 15-19 years currently married or in union ⁴ MICS indicator 8.7 - Polygyny	Other/Not stated	(1.4)	00		ICS indicator 8.4 -	Marriage before		ТТ		000
MICS indicator 8.6 - Young women age 15-19 years currently married or in union *MICS indicator 8.7 - Polygyny				2 10	ICS indicator 9 E	Marriago boforo	9- 10			
*MICS indicator 8.6 - Young women age 15-19 years currently married or in union *MICS indicator 8.7 - Polygyny				2	- 6.0	Mail lage perole	9c TO			
⁴ MICS indicator 8.7 - Polygyny			Σ,	ICS indicator 8.6 -	Young women age	15-19 years curre	ntly married or in	union		
					4 MICS indicat	or 8.7 - Polygyny				

(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

"-" denotes zero unweighted cases

na: not applicable () Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases







Percentage of wc	omen who wer	e first marri	ied or entered	into a marit	Percentage of women who were first married or entered into a marital union before age 15 and 18, by residence and age groups, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011	15 and 18, by res	idence and age gro	ups, Trinida	d and Tobago, 2011			
		J.D	Urban			Rural				All		
	Percentage of women married before age	Number of women	Percentage of women married before age	Number of women	Percentage of women married before age 15	Number of women	Percentage of women married before age 18	Number of women	Percentage of women married before age 15	Number of women	Percentage of women married before age 18	Number of women
Total	2.7	2,289	11.1	1968	2.8	1,834	14.0	1,605	2.8	4123	12.4	3,573
Age												
15-19	1.9	321	na	na	9.0	229	na	na	1.3	550	na	na
20-24	2.9	347	10.5	347	2.4	286	12.0	286	2.7	633	11.2	633
25-29	2.8	380	10.1	380	3.0	319	10.0	319	2.9	669	10.1	669
30-34	3.9	339	12.2	339	4.3	251	16.7	251	4.1	591	14.1	591
35-39	2.9	281	11.4	281	2.5	256	16.3	256	2.7	537	13.8	537
40-44	3.1	284	13.3	284	2.9	500	14.0	500	3.0	493	13.6	493
45-49	1.5	337	8.6	337	3.7	284	15.9	284	2.5	621	12.6	621
na: not applicable	e											





Number of women age 20-24 years currently married/ in union 168 32 16 59 83 98 na 168 162 28 41 57 0 9 34 2 Percentage of currently married/in union women age 20-24 years whose husband 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Total Husband/Partner's age unknown (3.5)(5.7)(0.0)(0.0)(0.0)1.2 0.0 * 1.3 1.1 1.2 * * 0.9 3.5 na Percent distribution of women currently married/in union age 15-19 and 20-24 years according to the age difference with their husband or partner, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011 10+ years older² (17.6)(23.9)(14.5)(15.2)(14.6)10.2 15.9 15.5 14.0 15.7 15.5 15.7 * na * * 5-9 years older (31.7)(23.3)(44.7)(36.0)(24.7)46.0 43.9 34.4 36.7 * na * * 0-4 years older (39.5)(35.0)(41.1)(52.9)(43.0)40.2 40.9 31.5 39.8 * * Younger (7.8) 9.9 (9.7)(0.0)(7.7) 5.7 7.5 5.8 6.9 5.0 (7.8)na * * * Number of women age 15-19 years currently married/ in union 24 16 24 na 0 23 10 9 ∞ 6 9 Percentage of currently married/in union women age 15-100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Total na 19 years whose husband or partner is: 10+ years older¹ (36.3) (36.3)* * na * * * * * * * * * 5-9 years older (27.0) (27.0)* * * * * * * * * na * * Table CP.7: Spousal age difference 0-4 years (29.7)older (29.7) * * * * * * * na * * * * * Younger (7.0) (7.0)* * * * * * na * * * * * * Wealth index quintile North Central North West South West Secondary+ Tobago Education Primary Second Poorest Middle Urban 15-19 None Rural Region Area Total Age





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	Percenta	ge of currentl 19 years who	ly married/ir	Percentage of currently married/in union women age 15-19 years whose husband or partner is:	n age 15-		Percentage	of currently	married/in u	n union womer or partner is:	Percentage of currently married/in union women age 20-24 years whose husband or partner is:	se husband	Nimber of women age
	Younger	0-4 years older	0-4 years 5-9 years 10+ years older	10+ years older¹	Total	Number of women age 15-19 years currently married/ in union	Younger	0-4 years older	5-9 years older	5-9 years 10+ years older	Husband/Partner's age unknown	Total	20-24 years currently married/ in union
Fourth	(*)	(*)	*)	(*)	100.0	æ	(3.4)	(41.5)	(32.7)	(22.3)	(0.0)	100.0	25
Richest	•	•	1			0	*)	*)	*)	*)	*)	100.0	11
Ethnicity of household head	sehold head												
African	(*)	*)	*)	*)	100.0	7	10.3	35.5	34.0	18.1	2.1	100.0	52
Indian	(*)	*)	*)	*)	100.0	6	4.1	40.6	37.9	17.4	0.0	100.0	80
Mixed	(*)	*)	*)	*)	100.0	∞	(7.0)	(42.8)	(38.9)	(8.8)	(2.6)	100.0	35
Other/Not stated	,	1	ı	•	ı	0	*)	*)	*)	*)	(*)	100.0	1
					1 7	¹ MICS indicator 8.8a - Spousal age difference (among women age 15-19)	ence (among	women age	15-19)				

² MICS indicator 8.8b - Spousal age difference (among women age 20-24)

na: not applicable

() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases "-" denotes zero unweighted cases







Table CP.8: Attitudes toward domestic violence

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who believe a husband is justified in beating his wife/partner in various circumstances, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percentage of	of women age 1	5-49 years who his w		and is justifie	d in beating	Number
	If she goes out without telling him	If she neglects the children	If she argues with him	If she refuses sex with him	If she burns the food	For any of these five reasons ¹	of women age 15-49 years
Total	0.6	2.5	1.1	0.5	0.5	3.7	4,123
Region							
North West	0.8	3.2	0.7	0.6	0.2	4.1	961
East	1.0	2.5	1.3	0.6	0.7	3.5	333
North Central	0.6	2.6	1.5	0.6	0.5	4.3	1,514
South West	0.2	1.9	0.6	0.3	0.5	2.6	1,184
Tobago	0.7	3.6	2.2	1.3	0.8	5.5	131
Area							
Urban	0.6	2.6	1.0	0.5	0.3	3.7	2,289
Rural	0.5	2.5	1.2	0.5	0.7	3.8	1,834
Age							
15-19	0.9	5.4	1.5	0.8	0.7	7.6	550
20-24	0.4	3.1	0.9	0.2	0.2	3.8	633
25-29	0.4	2.0	0.8	0.9	0.7	2.8	699
30-34	0.5	2.0	1.1	0.6	0.4	2.9	591
35-39	0.3	1.6	1.3	0.7	0.3	2.7	537
40-44	0.6	1.7	0.2	0.3	0.3	2.2	493
45-49	0.9	2.2	1.5	0.1	0.6	4.0	621
Marital/Union status							
Currently married/in union	0.7	2.4	1.3	0.6	0.6	3.8	2,023
Formerly married/in union	0.2	2.7	0.8	0.3	0.3	3.2	489
Never married/in union	0.5	2.7	0.9	0.5	0.4	3.8	1,611
Education							
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	18
Primary	2.2	4.5	3.8	1.4	1.6	7.2	494
Secondary+	0.3	2.3	0.7	0.4	0.3	3.2	3,609
Missing/DK	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	2
Wealth index quintile	. ,	, ,	. ,		. ,	. ,	
Poorest	1.3	4.5	2.6	1.2	1.6	7.0	733
Second	0.4	3.1	1.5	1.2	0.5	5.1	791
Middle	0.6	2.6	0.7	0.2	0.2	3.4	865
Fourth	0.3	1.4	0.4	0.2	0.1	1.9	885
Richest	0.3	1.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.8	850
Ethnicity of household head							
African	0.6	2.6	1.1	0.8	0.3	4.0	1,440
Indian	0.5	2.7	1.4	0.4	0.7	4.0	1,716
Mixed	0.6	2.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	3.0	908
Other/Not stated	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	60

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\mbox{MICS}$ indicator 8.12 - Attitudes towards domestic violence

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases







⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table CP.9: Children's living arrangements and orphanhood

Percent distribution of children age 0-17 years according to living arrangements, percentage of children age 0-17 years not living with a biological parent and percentage of children who have one or both parents dead, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

						living with mother	mother	Living with father	h father					
	Living	Living v	Living with neither biological		parent	only	Ą	only	<u>~</u>	Missing		Living with		
	with both parents	Only father alive	Only mother alive	Both alive	Both	Father	Father	Mother alive	Mother	information on father/ mother	Total	neither biological parent¹	One or both parents dead²	Number of children age 0-17 years
Total	54.9	9.0	0.2	5.5	9.0	27.6	3.9	4.3	0.7	2.0	100.0	9.9	6.5	4,402
Sex														
Male	55.3	0.5	0.2	5.1	0.5	27.5	3.6	4.7	0.8	1.8	100.0	6.2	5.7	2,249
Female	54.4	0.7	0.2	5.9	0.3	27.7	4.2	3.8	0.5	2.2	100.0	7.1	6.1	2,154
Region														
North West	45.5	0.0	0.1	5.4	0.2	37.4	3.1	5.7	0.2	2.2	100.0	5.8	4.2	1,059
East	54.9	0.7	9.0	6.7	1.5	23.7	3.5	2.0	0.8	2.5	100.0	9.5	7.2	396
North Central	58.9	1.1	0.0	5.3	0.3	23.0	4.7	3.8	1.1	1.9	100.0	9.9	7.1	1,608
South West	8.09	0.3	0.4	4.1	0.4	24.3	3.7	3.4	0.4	2.1	100.0	5.4	5.3	1,139
Tobago	37.8	0.4	0.2	12.6	0.2	39.8	3.2	4.5	0.7	9.0	100.0	13.4	5.0	201
Area														
Urban	51.7	9.0	0.2	5.1	0.3	30.8	4.0	4.4	0.5	2.4	100.0	6.2	5.8	2,460
Rural	58.9	0.5	0.2	5.9	0.5	23.6	3.7	4.1	6.0	1.5	100.0	7.2	6.0	1,943
Age														
0-4	2.09	0.2	0.1	3.3	0.0	29.1	2.7	5.6	0.2	1.2	100.0	3.5	3.3	1,191
2-9	54.7	0.3	0.2	5.9	9.0	28.0	3.2	5.0	0.4	1.8	100.0	7.0	4.7	1,191
10-14	52.2	1.1	0.2	6.5	0.5	26.7	4.4	4.7	1.2	2.4	100.0	8.3	7.7	1,246
15-17	50.4	9.0	0.5	6.5	9.0	26.3	5.9	5.1	1.0	3.1	100.0	8.2	8.5	774
Wealth index quintiles	iles													
Poorest	45.2	6.0	0.7	6.7	0.4	35.0	4.8	3.8	0.2	2.3	100.0	8.6	7.2	1,034



Table CP.9: Children's living arrangements and orphanhood

Percent distribution of children age 0-17 years according to living arrangements, percentage of children age 0-17 years not living with a biological parent and percentage of children who have one or both parents dead, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

botil parelles dead, illingad and lobago, zott	ווממת מות	Undago, zo	7.7												_
						Living with mother	mother	Living with father	h father						
	Living	Living w	Living with neither biological		parent	only	Α	only	٨	Missing		Living with			
	with both parents	Only father alive	Only mother alive	Both alive	Both	Father alive	Father	Mother	Mother	information on father/ mother	Total	neither biological parent¹	One or both parents dead²	Number of children age 0-17 years	
Second	50.4	1.2	0:0	6.9	1.1	29.3	3.6	4.8	0.7	2.1	100.0	9.2	6.5	897	
Middle	50.5	0:0	0.3	5.1	0.0	31.2	4.4	4.2	1.1	3.2	100.0	5.4	5.8	901	
Fourth	59.9	9.0	0.0	4.9	0.4	23.6	3.5	5.1	0.7	1.3	100.0	5.9	5.1	837	
Richest	73.7	0:0	0:0	5.9	0.1	15.3	5.8	3.4	8.0	6.0	100.0	3.1	4.0	734	
Ethnicity of household head	d head														
African	41.1	1.0	0.2	6.4	9.0	38.2	3.5	0.9	0.7	2.3	100.0	8.3	6.1	1,681	
Indian	71.6	0.4	0.1	4.1	0.1	14.5	3.7	2.7	1.1	1.5	100.0	4.8	5.5	1,571	
Mixed	51.3	0.1	0.3	5.3	0.5	31.7	4.6	3.8	0.0	2.4	100.0	6.2	5.9	1,071	
Other/Not stated	64.0	0.0	0.0	13.3	0.0	8.3	7.1	5.4	0.0	1.9	100.0	13.3	7.1	79	
					1 M	¹ MICS indicator 8.13 - Children's living arrangements	r 8.13 - Chil	Idren's livin	g arrangem	ents					

² MICS indicator 8.14 - Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead







HIV/AIDS and Sexual Behaviour

Table HA.1 Knowledge about HIV transmission, misconceptions about HIV, and comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who know the main ways of preventing HIV transmission, percentage who know that a healthy looking person can have the AIDS virus, percentage who reject common misconceptions, and percentage who have comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Percentage w	Percentage who know transmission can be prevented by:	nission	Percentage who know that a healthy	Percentag	Percentage who know that HIV cannot be transmitted by:	V cannot be	Percentage who reject the two most common		
	Percentage who have heard of AIDS	Having only one faithful uninfected sex partner	Using a condom every time	Both	looking person can have the AIDS virus	Mosquito bites	Supernatural means	Sharing food with someone with HIV	misconceptions and know that a healthy looking person can have the AIDS virus	Percentage with comprehensive knowledge [‡]	Number of women age 15-49
Total	7:66	91.5	85.3	80.1	97.0	85.4	94.8	88.1	76.8	64.1	4,123
Region											
North West	9.66	8.06	85.9	9.62	95.2	83.8	91.3	84.2	71.7	58.5	961
East	7.66	95.3	88.9	87.0	98.3	91.9	92.6	91.5	84.3	75.6	333
North Central	8.66	89.4	83.4	77.1	9.96	81.5	95.3	85.1	72.1	59.7	1,514
South West	8.66	93.5	85.6	81.6	98.6	89.3	97.1	93.2	84.1	70.0	1,184
Tobago	7.66	92.7	91.5	86.1	95.9	91.8	92.6	94.9	85.0	73.4	131
Area		,	į	1	,		;		i	,	
Urban	8.66	91.8	85.2	79.8	97.3	85.7	94.3	86.5	76.1	63.0	2,289
Rural	9.66	91.1	85.4	80.4	9.96	85.0	95.5	0.06	77.8	65.5	1,834
Age											
15-241	9.66	89.9	83.8	77.7	2.96	84.0	92.8	85.1	73.5	60.2	1,183
25-29	6.66	92.2	87.0	81.8	97.2	88.5	94.9	8.06	81.2	68.0	669
30-39	6.66	91.8	86.2	80.5	97.6	8.98	95.9	88.3	78.1	65.2	1,128
40-49	9.66	92.3	84.9	81.0	9.96	83.6	95.9	89.2	76.4	64.7	1,113
Marital status			;	;	,	;		;	i	,	,
Ever married/in union	100.0	97.8	86.0	81.4	97.6	85.5	95.9	88.4	7/.2	65.1	7,512
Never married/in union	99.4	89.4	84.2	78.0	96.1	85.3	93.2	87.5	76.4	62.5	1,611
Education	į	*	4	7	ş	ş	ş	į	19	ş	,
None	(·)	(+)	(±)	((t)	(t)	(+)	()	(±)	(+)	×1 :
Primary	99.2	88.9	79.6	77.7	94.5	/3.9	93.6	83.6	64.5	50.2	494
Secondary+	99.9	91.9	86.1	81.1	97.4	87.0	95.1	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	/8.6	66.1	3,609
Missing/DK	*	*	*	*)	*	*)	*)	*)	*	*	2
Wealth index quintiles											
Poorest	99.3	89.7	84.0	78.3	94.2	82.2	92.3	84.2	70.9	59.3	733
Second	9.66	8.06	83.4	78.3	96.4	82.7	93.9	87.2	73.3	6.09	791
Middle	6.66	92.7	83.6	78.9	98.4	85.6	93.7	87.6	77.5	63.3	865
Fourth	7.66	92.4	9.98	82.0	97.3	85.4	97.4	89.2	77.9	65.8	882
Richest	100.0	91.4	88.6	82.4	98.3	90.5	96.2	91.5	83.5	70.4	850
Ethnicity of household head											
African	7.66	92.5	9.98	81.8	6.96	87.5	92.6	88.3	78.7	66.5	1,440
Indian	6.66	91.1	85.1	79.4	97.4	82.8	95.4	87.8	74.5	61.9	1,716
Mixed	9.66	90.2	83.1	78.1	96.1	87.1	92.6	88.5	78.6	64.5	806
	(1000)	(959)	(91.6)	(87.5)	(100.0)	(84.8)	(92.1)	(82.4)	(71.9)	(64.2)	09

() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases



Table HA.2: Knowledge about HIV transmission, misconceptions about HIV/AIDS, and comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission among young people

Percentage of young women age 15-24 years who know the main ways of preventing HIV transmission, percentage who know that a healthy looking person can have the AIDS virus, percentage who reject common misconceptions, and percentage who have comprehensive knowledge about HIV transmission, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Percentage who know transmission can be prevented by:	who know transmit be prevented by:	ission can	Percentage	בורבווים	refrentage with know that his callingt be transmitted by:	IIV cannot ne	Percentage who reject		
	Percentage who have heard of AIDS	Having only one faithful uninfected sex partner	Using a condom every time	Both	who know that a healthy looking person can be HIV- positive	Mosquito bites	Supernatural means	Sharing food with someone with HIV	the two most common misconceptions and know that a healthy looking person can be HIV-positive	Percentage with comprehensive knowledge ¹	Number of women age 15-24
Total	9.66	89.9	83.8	7.77	96.7	84.0	92.8	85.1	73.5	60.2	1,183
Region											
North West	99.4	89.0	84.1	9.92	95.4	78.6	87.5	80.4	66.7	52.0	285
East	100.0	0.96	90.0	88.7	8.86	91.8	92.6	8.06	83.1	76.1	108
North Central	99.7	86.1	81.4	73.4	92.6	78.9	93.3	80.3	62.9	53.3	410
South West	99.7	92.9	83.9	79.5	9.86	91.4	95.5	92.2	84.4	69.5	348
Tobago	98.7	93.7	88.6	87.4	93.2	90.7	92.9	2.06	79.6	6.69	32
Area											
Urban	8.66	89.7	83.3	76.7	97.6	83.7	91.7	83.4	72.4	57.7	699
Rural	99.4	90.2	84.4	79.1	95.5	84.5	94.1	87.2	74.8	63.5	515
Age											
15-19	99.4	90.1	80.8	75.1	9.96	82.8	7.06	82.7	71.1	55.3	220
20-24	8.66	89.7	86.4	80.1	8.96	85.1	94.6	87.1	75.6	64.5	633
Marital status											
Ever married/in union	100.0	91.5	86.1	80.4	7.76	82.4	93.4	84.2	72.3	61.3	273
Never married/in union	99.5	89.4	83.1	6.97	96.4	84.5	92.6	85.3	73.8	59.9	910
Education											
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	*)	*)	(*)	*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	2
Primary	(88.7)	(82.7)	(63.1)	(28.9)	(84.9)	(51.8)	(86.8)	(73.8)	(40.4)	(26.2)	24
Secondary+	8.66	0.06	84.2	78.1	97.0	84.7	92.9	85.3	74.2	6.09	1,157
Wealth index quintiles											
Poorest	6.86	88.1	79.4	73.4	94.3	81.5	89.3	82.8	689	54.4	235
Second	99.3	90.4	6.98	82.2	95.8	79.2	91.5	85.5	71.0	62.8	248
Middle	100.0	2.06	80.8	75.7	98.1	84.2	91.3	82.9	72.6	58.2	230
Fourth	100.0	92.4	86.5	80.7	0.86	86.4	97.2	86.2	75.6	63.0	242
Richest Ethnicity of household	100.0	87.8	85.0	76.2	97.3	89.1	94.4	87.8	79.5	62.6	229
African	99.2	91.2	84.1	78.9	97.0	82.8	91.8	86.5	76.6	63.4	446
Indian	100.0	9.68	84.7	78.0	97.0	81.1	95.1	84.5	70.8	58.5	456
Mixed	9.66	88.1	81.6	75.3	95.3	86.0	6.68	83.8	73.4	58.6	566
Other/Not stated	*	(*)	*	*)	(*)	*)	*	(*)	(*)	*)	15







Table HA.3: Knowledge of mother-to-child HIV transmission

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who correctly identify means of HIV transmission from mother to child, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percentage	Percen	tage of wor	nen age 15-49 wh	o have hea	rd of AIDS and:	Number
	who know HIV can be transmitted from mother to child	During pregnancy	During delivery	By breastfeeding	By all three means ¹	Do not know any of the specific means of HIV transmission from mother to child	of women age 15- 49
Total	93.1	82.9	66.5	69.6	49.5	6.7	4,123
Region							
North West	93.8	84.7	69.5	76.7	57.3	5.8	961
East	97.6	83.3	82.5	84.1	62.7	2.1	333
North Central	92.2	85.3	54.4	55.7	35.6	7.5	1,514
South West	91.7	78.6	73.7	75.6	56.3	8.1	1,184
Tobago	97.4	79.1	78.4	87.5	58.3	2.3	131
Area							
Urban	93.8	84.2	65.8	70.6	49.8	6.0	2,289
Rural	92.1	81.2	67.4	68.5	49.1	7.5	1,834
Age group							
15-24	92.2	82.7	63.7	72.5	50.8	7.5	1,183
15-19	91.0	82.1	59.8	71.0	49.7	8.4	550
20-24	93.2	83.2	67.1	73.7	51.8	6.7	633
25-29	94.6	82.0	72.2	74.6	54.2	5.2	699
30-39	93.3	83.2	67.3	70.5	50.8	6.6	1,128
40-49	92.7	83.3	65.1	62.6	43.8	6.9	1,113
Marital status							
Ever married/in union	93.2	83.4	66.6	69.2	48.8	6.8	2,512
Never married/in union	92.9	82.1	66.4	70.2	50.6	6.5	1,611
Education							
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	18
Primary	89.6	79.2	60.5	64.6	43.6	9.5	494
Secondary+	93.7	83.5	67.4	70.4	50.3	6.2	3,609
Missing/DK	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	2
Wealth index quintiles							
Poorest	92.1	81.7	64.6	73.3	51.2	7.3	733
Second	92.7	82.2	64.0	73.4	50.6	7.0	791
Middle	94.5	85.0	67.0	71.6	51.1	5.4	865
Fourth	92.3	82.9	67.1	64.2	46.5	7.3	885
Richest	93.6	82.4	69.3	66.5	48.5	6.4	850
Ethnicity of household head							
African	95.1	83.3	70.4	78.6	55.8	4.6	1,440
Indian	90.6	82.2	62.3	60.9	43.7	9.2	1,716
Mixed	94.6	83.8	67.7	72.6	50.5	5.0	908
Other/Not stated	(90.8)	(79.5)	(75.2)	(60.2)	(48.4)	(9.2)	60

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\text{MICS}$ indicator 9.2 - Knowledge of mother-to-child transmission of HIV





⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table HA.4: Accepting attitudes toward people living with HIV

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who have heard of AIDS who express an accepting attitude towards people living with HIV/AIDS, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

			Percentage of wor	men who:			
	Are willing to care for a family member with AIDS in own home	Would buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor who is HIV-positive	Believe that a female teacher who is HIV- positive and is not sick should be allowed to continue teaching	Would not want to keep secret that a family member is HIV-positive	Agree with at least one accepting attitude	Express accepting attitudes on all four indicators ¹	Number of women age 15-49 who have heard of AIDS
Total	81.6	59.7	82.0	33.6	96.7	17.4	4,112
Region							
North West	78.5	61.5	83.6	29.8	95.7	13.6	958
East	80.2	63.9	84.1	35.7	96.5	21.2	332
North Central	84.7	55.8	81.0	34.3	97.1	17.1	1,511
South West	79.9	60.1	80.0	34.6	96.7	18.6	1,182
Tobago	86.2	76.6	93.3	39.1	99.5	27.8	130
Area	- 			- 			
Urban	79.6	60.0	82.8	32.4	96.2	16.6	2,285
Rural	84.0	59.3	81.0	35.1	97.3	18.4	1,827
Age	04.0	33.3	01.0	33.1	37.3	10.4	1,027
15-24	82.8	54.0	82.3	31.5	96.3	15.5	1,179
15-19	80.2	47.2	78.5	29.2	94.7	11.7	547
20-24	85.0	59.9	85.5	33.6	97.7	18.9	632
25-29	81.2	63.5	88.7	32.1	98.2	17.1	698
30-39	79.9	61.1	80.3	34.8	96.9	17.1	1,127
40-49	82.3	62.0	79.1	35.5	95.8	18.9	1,109
Marital status	02.5	02.0	75.1	33.3	33.0	10.5	1,103
	00.0	64.6	00.0	25.0	06.2	40.0	2.544
Ever married/in union	80.8	61.6	80.8	35.8	96.3	18.8	2,511
Never married/in union	82.8	56.7	83.9	30.2	97.2	15.2	1,601
Education	(#)	(#)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	16
Primary	81.1	52.8	69.5	42.9	96.3	18.9	490
Secondary+	81.7	60.6	83.8	32.3	96.8	17.1	3,604
Missing/DK	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	2
Wealth index quintiles							
Poorest	79.6	60.7	75.8	39.8	96.4	20.1	728
Second	82.5	57.5	83.1	35.5	97.6	17.2	788
Middle	80.6	61.2	82.5	33.4	96.2	17.1	864
Fourth	83.3	59.3	84.1	32.8	97.2	17.1	882
Richest	81.6	59.9	83.6	27.7	96.0	15.7	850
Ethnicity of household head							
African	81.0	62.2	86.4	31.5	96.6	18.3	1,435
Indian	80.9	55.8	77.2	34.6	96.2	16.2	1,713
Mixed	84.1	62.9	84.6	35.3	98.2	18.1	904
Other/Not stated	(74.9)	(64.1)	(74.9)	(31.2)	(89.4)	(17.0)	60

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,{\rm MICS}$ indicator 9.3 - Accepting attitudes towards people living with HIV

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases







^() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table HA.5: Knowledge of a place for HIV testing

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who know where to get an HIV test, percentage who have ever been tested, percentage who have been tested in the last 12 months, and percentage who have been tested and know the result, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Perc	entage of women wh	0:	
	Know a place to get tested ¹	Have ever been tested	Have been tested in the last 12 months	Have been tested in the last 12 months and know the result ²	Number of women age 15-49
Total	92.4	60.1	21.2	19.9	4,123
Region					
North West	94.8	71.3	28.0	26.6	961
East	95.5	60.3	27.0	25.7	333
North Central	89.3	56.6	17.5	16.6	1,514
South West	93.1	53.8	17.8	16.1	1,184
Tobago	97.4	75.6	29.3	28.3	131
Area					
Urban	93.3	64.9	22.6	21.3	2,289
Rural	91.4	54.2	19.4	18.2	1,834
Age					
15-24	89.1	36.6	20.6	19.4	1,183
15-19	83.5	16.7	11.0	10.0	550
20-24	93.9	53.9	28.9	27.6	633
25-29	97.3	75.8	30.4	28.8	699
30-39	94.8	77.3	23.4	21.3	1,128
40-49	90.5	57.9	13.8	13.5	1,113
Marital status					
Ever married/in union	93.5	73.4	25.0	23.3	2,512
Never married/in union	90.8	39.4	15.1	14.6	1,611
Wealth index quintiles					
Poorest	89.8	64.6	27.4	25.7	733
Second	92.9	57.2	19.7	18.9	791
Middle	92.5	61.7	21.9	19.9	865
Fourth	93.1	58.4	20.3	19.1	885
Richest	93.5	59.3	17.2	16.8	850
Ethnicity of household head					
African	94.1	69.5	27.5	26.0	1,440
Indian	90.6	48.5	13.8	12.8	1,716
Mixed	93.7	67.2	25.6	24.2	908
Other/Not stated	(86.7)	(61.6)	(11.9)	(11.9)	60

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ MICS indicator 9.4 - Women who know where to be tested for HIV



 $^{^{\}rm 2}\,\text{MICS}$ indicator 9.5 - Women who have been tested for HIV and know the results

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table HA.6: Knowledge of a place for HIV testing among sexually active young women

Percentage of women age 15-24 years who have had sex in the last 12 months, and among women who have had sex in the last 12 months, the percentage who know where to get an HIV test, percentage of women who have ever been tested, percentage of women who have been tested in the last 12 months, and percentage of women who have been tested and know the result, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percentage			Perce	ntage of women v	vho:	
	who have had sex in the last 12 months	Number of women age 15-24 years	Know a place to get tested	Have ever been tested	Have been tested in the last 12 months	Have been tested in the last 12 months and know the result ¹	Number of women age 15-24 years who have had sex in the last 12 months
Total	45.8	1,183	94.5	67.2	38.5	36.0	542
Region							
North West	50.6	285	99.4	75.7	45.6	42.6	144
East	48.2	108	94.5	64.8	46.4	43.6	52
North Central	45.7	410	89.0	65.1	36.0	33.0	187
South West	40.4	348	96.3	61.3	31.5	30.0	141
Tobago	56.5	32	98.5	74.3	41.2	40.0	18
Area							
Urban	48.2	669	95.0	69.5	39.7	36.7	322
Rural	42.8	515	93.7	64.0	36.8	35.1	220
Age							
15-19	24.8	550	88.6	53.1	35.7	31.7	137
20-24	64.1	633	96.5	72.0	39.5	37.5	406
Marital status							
Ever married/in union	96.5	273	95.9	83.5	46.2	42.1	264
Never married/in union	30.6	910	93.2	51.8	31.3	30.3	279
Education							
None	(*)	2	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	0
Primary	(41.3)	24	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	10
Secondary+	46.0	1,157	94.6	67.2	38.8	36.3	532
Wealth index quintiles							
Poorest	59.7	235	95.1	73.6	41.9	40.6	140
Second	50.6	248	92.6	67.8	35.6	33.3	126
Middle	52.2	230	93.3	67.5	42.0	38.0	120
Fourth	38.5	242	96.4	69.2	42.8	38.5	93
Richest	27.7	229	96.2	48.5	24.1	24.1	63
Ethnicity of household head							
African	50.3	446	95.5	73.0	41.2	38.1	224
Indian	39.2	456	92.1	59.0	33.5	30.6	179
Mixed	51.4	266	95.9	69.1	41.5	40.4	137
Other/Not stated	(*)	15	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	2

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\text{MICS}$ indicator 9.6 - Sexually active young women who have been tested for HIV and know the results

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases







^() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Table HA.7: HIV counselling and testing during antenatal care

Among women age 15-49 who gave birth in the last 2 years, percentage of women who received antenatal care from a health professional during the last pregnancy, percentage who received HIV counselling, percentage who were offered and accepted an HIV test and received the results. Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

the results, Trinidad and Tobago, 2	2011		Percentage of won	nen who:		
	Received antenatal care from a health care professional for last pregnancy	Received HIV counselling during antenatal care ¹	Were offered an HIV test and were tested for HIV during antenatal care	Were offered an HIV test and were tested for HIV during antenatal care, and received the results ²	Received HIV counselling, were offered an HIV test, accepted and received the results	Number of women age 15-49 with a live birth in the last 2 years
Total	95.1	66.8	84.5	80.9	61.9	401
Region						
North West	92.6	70.7	86.3	82.4	66.3	107
East	94.9	71.8	89.7	87.0	69.2	36
North Central	99.2	62.0	81.8	78.7	56.7	129
South West	92.9	67.8	84.2	80.0	62.0	115
Tobago	(96.4)	(59.6)	(84.1)	(81.4)	(57.6)	15
Area						
Urban	93.9	70.5	84.8	80.7	65.8	253
Rural	97.3	60.5	84.0	81.2	55.3	148
Age						
15-24	96.3	67.3	85.4	80.8	62.0	128
15-19	(93.6)	(74.0)	(90.1)	(74.1)	(58.6)	26
20-24	97.0	65.5	84.2	82.5	62.9	101
25-29	95.6	68.2	85.3	84.0	64.8	113
30-39	93.4	65.2	83.3	79.6	60.1	147
40-49	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	13
Marital status						
Ever married/in union	95.6	64.8	83.6	80.1	59.8	367
Never married/in union	(90.1)	(88.1)	(93.3)	(89.8)	(83.7)	35
Education						
Primary	(94.6)	(68.1)	(84.0)	(79.9)	(64.0)	36
Secondary+	95.2	66.6	84.5	81.0	61.7	365
Wealth index quintiles						
Poorest	89.6	71.9	86.5	83.6	69.4	117
Second	98.0	77.8	90.7	86.2	70.6	69
Middle	95.5	58.7	78.1	74.0	53.1	89
Fourth	100.0	69.4	86.2	80.9	62.4	80
Richest	(95.8)	(48.2)	(79.3)	(79.3)	(46.0)	46
Ethnicity of household head						
African	93.5	71.6	85.3	83.2	68.3	170
Indian	97.1	55.5	81.0	75.9	47.9	136
Mixed	95.1	73.6	87.5	83.3	69.3	93
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	3

¹ MICS indicator 9.7 - HIV counselling during antenatal care







 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ MICS indicator 9.8 - HIV testing during antenatal care

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table HA.8: Sex with multiple partners

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who ever had sex, percentage who had sex in the last 12 months, percentage who have had sex with more than one partner in the last 12 months and among those who had sex with multiple partners, the percentage who used a condom at last sex, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Perc	entage of won	nen who:		Percent of women age 15-49 years	Number of women age
	Ever had sex	Had sex in the last 12 months	Had sex with more than one partner in last 12 months ¹	Number of women age 15-49 years	who had more than one sexual partner in the last 12 months, who also reported that a condom was used the last time they had sex ²	15-49 years who had more than one sexual partner ir the last 12 months
Total	81.9	70.3	2.9	4,123	44,2	120
Region						
North West	83.0	69.2	3.9	961	(53.6)	37
East	81.5	72.1	2.6	333	(*)	9
North Central	82.6	70.3	2.6	1,514	(33.3)	39
South West	79.6	70.2	2.6	1,184	(45.1)	31
Tobago	90.0	73.3	2.7	131	(*)	3
Area						
Urban	81.9	69.3	3.8	2,289	42.1	87
Rural	82.0	71.4	1.8	1,834	(50.0)	32
Age						
15-24	51.9	45.8	3.1	1,183	(43.8)	36
15-19	28.2	24.8	0.9	550	(*)	5
20-24	72.5	64.1	4.9	633	(46.1)	31
25-29	89.2	80.2	4.3	699	(43.7)	30
30-39	94.7	83.9	2.7	1,128	(57.6)	31
40-49	96.4	76.2	2.1	1,113	(*)	23
Marital status						
Ever married/in union	99.8	89.4	2.9	2,512	34.1	74
Never married/in union	54.1	40.5	2.8	1,611	(60.6)	46
Education						
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	18	(*)	1
Primary	94.6	81.2	2.5	494	(*)	12
Secondary+	80.3	68.8	2.9	3,609	46.5	106
Missing/DK	(*)	(*)	(*)	2	-	0
Wealth index quintiles						
Poorest	87.6	75.1	5.2	733	(41.9)	38
Second	82.9	73.0	3.1	791	(*)	24
Middle	84.4	72.4	2.8	865	(23.9)	24
Fourth	78.7	67.3	2.0	885	(*)	18
Richest	77.1	64.5	1.8	850	(*)	15
Ethnicity of household head						
African	82.9	70.1	3.9	1,440	61.2	56
Indian	79.9	70.5	1.6	1,716	(*)	27
Mixed	84.7	70.9	3.9	908	(30.5)	35
Other/Not stated	(75.9)	(58.3)	(2.8)	60	(*)	2

 $^{\mbox{\tiny 1}}$ MICS indicator 9.12 - Multiple sexual partnerships

[&]quot;-" denotes zero unweighted cases







 $^{^{2}}$ MICS indicator 9.13 - Condom use at last sex among people with multiple sexual partnerships

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table HA.9: Sex with multiple partners (young women)

Percentage of women age 15-24 years who ever had sex, percentage who had sex in the last 12 months, percentage who have had sex with more than one partner in the last 12 months and among those who had sex with multiple partners, the percentage who used a condom at last sex, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Perce	entage of wom	en who:		Percent of women age 15-24 years who had	Number of
	Ever had sex	Had sex in the last 12 months	Had sex with more than one partner in last 12 months	Number of women age 15-24 years	more than one sexual partner in the last 12 months, who also reported that a condom was used the last time they had sex	women age 15-24 years who had more than one sexual partner in the last 12 months
Total	51.9	45.8	3.1	1,183	(43.8)	36
Region						
North West	55.2	50.6	3.6	285	(*)	10
East	53.0	48.2	1.3	108	(*)	1
North Central	53.2	45.7	3.8	410	(*)	16
South West	46.3	40.4	2.6	348	(*)	9
Tobago	64.6	56.5	0.0	32	(*)	0
Area						
Urban	53.4	48.2	3.5	669	(*)	23
Rural	49.9	42.8	2.6	515	(*)	13
Age						
15-19	28.2	24.8	0.9	550	(*)	5
20-24	72.5	64.1	4.9	633	(46.1)	31
Marital status						
Ever married/in union	100.0	96.5	5.3	273	(*)	15
Never married/in union	37.5	30.6	2.4	910	(*)	22
Education						
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	2	(*)	0
Primary	(47.3)	(41.3)	(0.0)	24	(*)	0
Secondary+	52.0	46.0	3.1	1,157	(43.8)	36
Wealth index quintiles						
Poorest	66.4	59.7	3.6	235	(*)	8
Second	54.7	50.6	2.6	248	(*)	6
Middle	58.1	52.2	3.8	230	(*)	9
Fourth	44.7	38.5	3.2	242	(*)	8
Richest	35.4	27.7	2.3	229	(*)	5
Ethnicity of household head						
African	56.4	50.3	3.5	446	(*)	16
Indian	45.2	39.2	3.1	456	(*)	14
Mixed	58.0	51.4	2.5	266	(*)	7
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	15	-	0

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases



^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases "-" denotes zero unweighted cases

Table HA.10: Sex with non-regular partners

Percentage of women age 15-24 years who ever had sex, percentage who had sex in the last 12 months, percentage who have had sex with a non-marital, non-cohabiting partner in the last 12 months and among those who had sex with a non-marital, non-cohabiting partner, the percentage who used a condom the last time they had sex with such a partner, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	wome	ntage of en 15-24 vho:		Percentage who had sex with a non-	Number of women	Percentage of women age 15-24 years who had sex with a non-	Number of women
	Ever had sex	Had sex in the last 12 months	Number of women age 15- 24 years	marital, non- cohabiting partner in the last 12 months ¹	age 15-24 years who had sex in the last 12 months	marital, non-cohabiting partner in the last 12 months, who also reported that a condom was used the last time they had sex with such a partner ²	age 15-24 years who had sex with a non-marital, non- cohabiting partner in the last 12 months
Total	51.9	45.8	1,183	66.0	542	59.2	358
Region							
North West	55.2	50.6	285	76.1	144	56.5	110
East	53.0	48.2	108	65.4	52	59.8	34
North Central	53.2	45.7	410	66.6	187	59.6	125
South West	46.3	40.4	348	54.7	141	64.2	77
Tobago	64.6	56.5	32	69.1	18	(45.6)	12
Area							
Urban	53.4	48.2	669	71.6	322	57.6	230
Rural	49.9	42.8	515	57.9	220	62.1	128
Age							
15-19	28.2	24.8	550	82.6	137	65.9	113
20-24	72.5	64.1	633	60.4	406	56.1	245
Marital status							
Ever married/in union	100.0	96.5	273	31.2	264	31.3	82
Never married/in union	37.5	30.6	910	99.0	279	67.5	276
Education							
None	(*)	(*)	2	(*)	0	-	0
Primary	(47.3)	(41.3)	24	(*)	10	(*)	4
Secondary+	52.0	46.0	1,157	66.6	532	59.7	354
Wealth index quintiles							
Poorest	66.4	59.7	235	54.0	140	55.1	76
Second	54.7	50.6	248	62.0	126	56.4	78
Middle	58.1	52.2	230	70.9	120	62.0	85
Fourth	44.7	38.5	242	71.9	93	56.1	67
Richest	35.4	27.7	229	82.7	63	(68.4)	52
Ethnicity of household head							
African	56.4	50.3	446	73.8	224	61.9	166
Indian	45.2	39.2	456	52.4	179	58.5	94
Mixed	58.0	51.4	266	71.0	137	56.1	97
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	15	(*)	2	(*)	1

¹ MICS indicator 9.14 - Sex with non-regular partners







² MICS indicator 9.15; MDG indicator 6.2 - Condom use with non-regular partners

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

 $^{(\}ensuremath{^*}\xspace)$ Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

[&]quot;-" denotes zero unweighted cases

Table HA.11: Key sexual behaviour indicators of risk of HIV infection (young women)

Percentage of never-married young women age 15-24 years who have never had sex, percentage of young women age 15-24 years who have had sex before age 15, and percentage of young women age 15-24 years who had sex with a man 10 or more years older during the last 12 months, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

<u> </u>	Percentage of never-married women age 15- 24 years who have never had sex ¹	Number of never-married women age 15-24 years	Percentage of women age 15- 24 years who had sex before age 15 ²	Number of women age 15-24 years	Percentage of women age 15- 24 years who had sex in the last 12 months with a man 10 or more years older ³	Number of women age 15-24 years who had sex in the 12 months preceding the survey
Total	62.5	910	3.7	1183	12.6	542
Region						
North West	57.5	222	5.9	285	11.1	144
East	62.3	81	3.5	108	17.0	52
North Central	60.7	316	3.0	410	13.6	187
South West	69.8	268	2.1	348	9.9	141
Tobago	50.7	22	10.7	32	22.6	18
Area						
Urban	60.8	512	3.6	669	11.0	322
Rural	64.7	398	3.8	515	15.0	220
Age						
15-19	77.4	510	2.9	550	13.8	137
20-24	43.5	400	4.4	633	12.2	406
Marital status						
Ever married/in union	na	na	9.7	273	17.9	264
Never married/in union	62.5	910	1.9	910	7.6	279
Education						
None	(*)	2	(*)	2	(*)	0
Primary	(*)	15	(13.6)	24	(*)	10
Secondary+	62.1	893	3.5	1157	12.2	532
Wealth index quintiles						
Poorest	55.8	141	7.7	235	16.2	140
Second	60.3	187	4.6	248	13.3	126
Middle	57.2	168	1.5	230	13.9	120
Fourth	66.9	200	2.9	242	10.6	93
Richest	69.0	214	1.7	229	3.8	63
Ethnicity of household head						
African	55.8	348	4.8	446	11.3	224
Indian	70.6	353	2.0	456	12.9	179
Mixed	57.7	194	4.8	266	14.5	137
Other/Not stated	(*)	14	(*)	15	(*)	2

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\text{MICS}$ indicator 9.9 - Young women who have never had sex

na: not applicable





 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ MICS indicator 9.10 - Sex before age 15 among young women

³ MICS indicator 9.11 - Age-mixing among sexual partners

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table HA.12: School attendance of orphans and non-orphans

School attendance of children age 10-14 years by orphanhood, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percentage of children whose mother and father have died (orphans)	Percentage of children whose parents are still alive and who are living with at least one parent (non-orphans)	Number of children age 10-14 years	Percentage of children whose mother and father have died (orphans) and are attending school	Total number of orphan children age 10-14 years	Percentage of children whose parents are still alive, who are living with at least one parent (non-orphans), and who are attending school	Total number of non- orphan children age 10-14 years	Orphans to non-orphans school attendance ratio ¹
Total	0.5	83.6	1,246	(*)	6	98.7	1,042	(*)
Sex								
Male	0.5	84.4	658	(*)	4	98.7	556	(*)
Female	0.5	82.8	588	(*)	3	98.6	487	(*)
Area								
Urban	0.4	83.5	698	(*)	3	98.5	583	(*)
Rural	0.7	83.9	548	(*)	4	98.9	459	(*)

¹ MICS indicator 9.16; MDG indicator 6.4 - Ratio of school attendance of orphans to school attendance of non-orphans

See Table CP.9 for further overall results related to children's living arrangements and orphanhood







^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Access to Mass Media and Use of ICT

Table	MT.1.	Expos	ure to	mass	media
Iabic	IVI I . T .	LADUS	uie to	шаээ	IIICula

Percentage of women age 15-49 years who are exposed to specific mass media on a weekly basis, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percentage of	of women age 15-49 ye	ears who:	_ All three	None	Number
	Read a newspaper at least once a week	Listen to the radio at least once a week	Watch television at least once a week	media at least once a week ¹	of the media at least once a week	of women age 15-49 years
Total	84.1	89.3	94.3	75.1	1.0	4,123
Age						
15-19	75.9	92.1	92.6	68.6	0.7	550
20-24	86.2	88.2	93.7	77.4	1.4	633
25-29	85.9	88.7	93.3	75.2	1.3	699
30-34	87.8	88.8	96.1	77.8	0.8	591
35-39	85.8	87.2	94.9	75.3	0.9	537
40-44	83.8	90.2	95.9	75.9	0.4	493
45-49	82.8	90.4	93.9	75.2	1.3	621
Region						
North West	82.6	87.0	92.1	70.9	1.7	961
East	81.6	86.0	93.2	71.2	1.3	333
North Central	83.4	90.3	94.9	74.9	0.9	1,514
South West	87.4	91.0	95.5	80.3	0.7	1,184
Tobago	81.4	88.1	94.6	71.7	0.5	131
Area						
Urban	83.5	88.4	94.3	74.2	1.3	2,289
Rural	85.0	90.5	94.3	76.3	0.7	1,834
Education						
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	18
Primary	69.0	84.4	92.9	60.4	1.9	494
Secondary+	86.6	90.2	94.6	77.5	8.0	3,609
Missing/DK	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	2
Wealth index quintile						
Poorest	75.1	80.1	88.0	60.1	2.5	733
Second	82.7	88.4	95.9	73.3	8.0	791
Middle	84.7	90.7	95.2	77.1	0.7	865
Fourth	86.1	90.9	95.6	78.5	0.5	885
Richest	90.6	95.0	95.8	84.3	0.7	850
Ethnicity of household head						
African	82.5	88.8	94.5	73.6	0.9	1,440
Indian	84.9	91.4	94.9	77.0	8.0	1,716
Mixed	85.4	86.9	93.3	74.4	1.2	908
Other/Not stated	(82.5)	(80.1)	(85.4)	(70.2)	(7.3)	60

 $^{^{\}scriptsize 1}$ MICS indicator 10.1 - Exposure to mass media





⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Table MT.2: Use of computers and internet

Percentage of young women age 15-24 years who have ever used a computer and the internet, percentage who have used during the last 12 months, and percentage who have used at least once weekly during the last one month, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Percenta	ge of women ag	ge 15-24 years v	vho have:		
	Ever used a computer	Used a computer during the last 12 months ¹	Used a computer at least once a week during the last one month	Ever used the internet	Used the internet during the last 12 months ²	Used the internet at least once a week during the last one month	Number of women age 15-24 years
Total	97.3	93.0	80.4	94.3	90.7	78.8	1,183
Age							
15-19	97.8	94.7	81.9	95.5	92.4	78.7	550
20-24	96.8	91.4	79.0	93.2	89.3	78.9	633
Region							
North West	98.3	93.4	80.3	97.1	94.1	81.7	285
East	95.7	87.1	75.3	87.8	83.0	72.0	108
North Central	97.0	94.8	83.9	95.2	92.2	82.6	410
South West	97.8	92.8	78.8	93.2	88.9	75.0	348
Tobago	91.8	86.1	70.2	90.4	88.4	70.7	32
Area							
Urban	98.0	94.6	81.5	96.8	94.2	82.0	669
Rural	96.3	90.8	78.9	91.0	86.2	74.7	515
Education							
None	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	2
Primary	(67.3)	(49.8)	(42.3)	(36.2)	(34.2)	(22.9)	24
Secondary+	98.0	93.9	81.3	95.6	92.1	80.1	1,157
Wealth index quintile							
Poorest	92.1	82.3	51.0	86.0	78.0	51.0	235
Second	97.5	92.6	76.0	92.2	88.0	73.6	248
Middle	97.9	94.0	83.8	94.8	89.8	78.2	230
Fourth	98.9	96.8	93.3	98.5	98.1	93.1	242
Richest	100.0	99.1	98.1	100.0	100.0	98.6	229
Ethnicity of household head							
African	97.2	92.8	78.3	94.7	91.7	77.2	446
Indian	96.8	92.0	80.9	92.3	88.7	78.2	456
Mixed	98.0	94.4	82.1	96.7	92.1	81.8	266
Other/Not stated	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	15

¹ MICS indicator 10.2 - Use of computers







 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ MICS indicator 10.3 - Use of internet

^(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

Appendix C. Estimates of Sampling Errors

The sample of respondents selected in the 2011 Trinidad and Tobago Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey is only one of the samples that could have been selected from the same population, using the same design and size. Each of these samples would yield results that differ somewhat from the results of the actual sample selected. Sampling errors are a measure of the variability between the estimates from all possible samples. The extent of variability is not known exactly, but can be estimated statistically from the survey data.

The following sampling error measures are presented in this appendix for each of the selected indicators:

- Standard error (se): Standard error is the square root of the variance of the estimate. For survey indicators that are means, proportions or ratios, the Taylor series linearization method is used for the estimation of standard errors. For more complex statistics, such as fertility and mortality rates, the Jackknife repeated replication method is used for standard error estimation.
- Coefficient of variation (se/r) is the ratio of the standard error to the value (r) of the indicator, and is a measure of the relative sampling error.
- Design effect (deff) is the ratio of the actual variance of an indicator, under the sampling method used in the survey, to the variance calculated under the assumption of simple random sampling based on the same sample size. The square root of the design effect (deft) is

- used to show the efficiency of the sample design in relation to the precision. A *deft* value of 1.0 indicates that the sample design of the survey is as efficient as a simple random sample for a particular indicator, while a *deft* value above 1.0 indicates an increase in the standard error due to the use of a more complex sample design.
- Confidence limits are calculated to show the interval within which the true value for the population can be reasonably assumed to fall, with a specified level of confidence. For any given statistic calculated from the survey, the value of that statistic will fall within a range of plus or minus two times the standard error (r + 2.se or r 2.se) of the statistic in 95 percent of all possible samples of identical size and design.

For the calculation of sampling errors from MICS data, programs developed in CSPro and SPSS Version 18 Complex Samples module have been used.

The results are shown in the tables that follow. In addition to the sampling error measures described above, the tables also include weighted and unweighted counts of denominators for each indicator. Given the use of normalized weights, by comparing the weighted and unweighted counts it is possible to determine whether a particular domain has been under-sampled or over-sampled compared to the average sampling rate. If the weighted count is smaller than the unweighted count, this means that the particular domain had been over-sampled. As explained later in the footnote of Table SE.1, there is an exception in the case of indicators 4.1 and 4.3, for which the unweighted count represents the number of sample households, and the weighted counts reflect the total population; and in the case of indicators 8.2 and 8.3, for which the unweighted count represents the number of households with children in the age range, whereas the weighted numbers reflects the number of children in the age range.





Sampling errors are calculated for indicators of primary interest, for the national level, for urban and rural areas, and for all regions. Eight of the selected indicators are based on households members, 18 are based on women, and 16 are based on children under

5. Table SE.1 shows the list of indicators for which sampling errors are calculated, including the base population (denominator) for each indicator. Tables SE.2 to SE.9 show the calculated sampling errors for selected domains.







Table	SE.1: Indicators selected for sampling error calcul	ations
	ndicators selected for sampling error calculations, and base populations (
MICS In	dicator	Base Population
Househ	old members	
4.1	Use of improved drinking water sources	All household members ^a
4.3	Use of improved sanitation	All household members ^a
7.5	Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)	Children of secondary school age
8.2	Child labour	Children age 5-14 years ^b
8.3	Violent discipline	Children age 2-14 years ^b
8.14	Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead	Children age 0-17 years
9.19	School attendance of orphans	Children age 10-14 years
9.20	School attendance of non-orphans	Children age 10-14 years
Women		
5.2	Early childbearing	Women age 20-24 years
5.3	Contraceptive prevalence	Women age 15-49 years who are currently married or in union
5.4	Unmet need	Women age 15-49 years who are currently married or in union
5.5a	Antenatal care coverage - at least once by skilled personnel	Women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years
5.5b	Antenatal care coverage – at least four times by any provider	Women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years
5.7	Skilled attendant at delivery	Women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years
5.8	Institutional deliveries	Women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years
5.9	Caesarean section	Women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years
7.1	Literacy rate among young women	Women age 15-24 years
8.5	Marriage before age 18	Women age 20-49 years
8.7	Polygyny Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young	Women age 15-49 years
9.1	people	Women age 15-24 years
9.2	Knowledge of mother- to-child transmission of HIV	Women age 15-49 years
9.3	Accepting attitudes towards people living with HIV	Women age 15-49 years
9.5	Women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	Women age 15-49 years
9.6	Sexually active young women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	Women age 15-24 years who have had sex in the last 12 months
9.10	Sex before age 15 among young women	Women age 15-24 years
9.15	Condom use with non-regular partners	Women age 15-24 years who had a non-marital, non-cohabiting partner in the last 12 months
Under-5	is	III the last 12 months
2.1a	Underweight prevalence	Children under age 5 years
2.2a	Stunting prevalence	Children under age 5 years
2.3a	Wasting prevalence	Children under age 5 years
2.7	Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	Infants under 6 months of age
2.12	Age-appropriate breastfeeding	Children age 0-23 months
3.2	Received polio immunization	Children age 18-29 months
3.3	Received DPT or Pentavalent immunization	Children age 18-29 months
3.4	Received measles immunization	Children age 18-29 months
3.5	Received Hepatitis B or Pentavalent immunization	Children age 18-29 months
-	Diarrhoea in the previous 2 weeks	Children under age 5 years
-	Illness with a cough in the previous 2 weeks	Children under age 5 years
3.12	Oral rehydration therapy with continued feeding	Children under age 5 with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks
3.14	Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms	Children under age 5 with ARI symptoms in the last 2 weeks
6.2	Support for learning	Children age 36-59 months
6.1	Attendance to early childhood education	Children age 36-59 months
8.1	Birth registration	Children under age 5 years

^aTo calculate the weighted results of MICS Indicators 4.1 and 4.3, the household weight is multiplied by the number of household members in each household. Therefore the unweighted base population presented in the SE tables reflect the unweighted number of households, whereas the weighted numbers reflect the household population.

^bTo calculate the weighted results of MICS Indicators 8.2 and 8.3, the household sample weight is multiplied by the total number of children in the age range in each household. Therefore the unweighted base population presented in the SE tables reflect the unweighted number of households with children in the age range, whereas the weighted numbers reflects the number of children in the age range.







r + 2se 0.494 0.970 0.770 0.028 0.519 0.189 0.214 0.396 0.048 0.069 0.951 0.993 0.263 0.901 0.996 0.257 0.137 0.635 0.991 0.895 0.033 0.071 0.794 0.084 0.992 0.627 * Confidence limits r - 2se 0.455 0.983 0.013 0.047 0.980 0.740 0.042 0.380 0.933 0.845 0.965 0.186 0.706 0.013 0.570 0.159 0.026 0.041 0.971 0.111 0.933 0.856 0.223 0.471 0.184 0.325 0.557 * Unweighted count 5,203 5,573 1,919 4,123 4,112 1,090 5,573 1,271 4,517 2,501 1,052 2,001 2,041 2,041 410 410 1,191 3,564 1,191 4,123 1,191 410 410 410 632 561 368 ∞ Weighted 5,215 17,883 1,250 4,402 1,042 3,215 3,573 1,087 2,437 2,023 2,023 1,183 1,914 1,183 4,123 4,112 4,123 1,183 Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011 633 401 9 401 401 401 401 of design effect (*deft*) Square root 1.410 1.419 1.415 1.706 0.942 1.423 1.039 1.048 0.852 1.015 0.960 0.866 0.999 1.042 1.684 1.079 0.866 1.262 1.204 1.086 1.162 1.551 1.258 1.203 0.997 0.881 0.683 * effect (deff) Design 2.910 1.987 0.997 2.014 1.086 2.835 0.887 2.025 1.165 080.1 1.098 0.750 0.725 1.030 0.922 0.751 1.592 1.450 1.180 1.350 2.405 1.448 0.994 0.466 2.001 1.581 7777 * of variation Coefficient (se/r) 0.002 0.005 0.011 0.102 0.003 0.018 0.165 0.028 0.010 0.016 900.0 0.007 0.080 0.024 0.043 0.038 0.050 0.148 0.125 0.221 0.022 0.054 0.171 0.027 0.030 0.041 0.021 * error (se) Standard 0.0098 0.0022 0.0044 0.0097 0.0050 0.0060 0.0033 0.0135 0.0105 0.0113 0.0100 0.0092 0.0140 0.0063 0.0068 0.0178 0.0161 0.0066 0.0035 0.0165 0.0121 0.0074 0.0075 0.0179 0.0054 0.0175 0.0069 * 0.9870 0.4029 0.4948 0.5916 0.0552 0.4743 0.7670 0.8729 0.9838 0.9788 0.0205 0.6025 0.3605 0.9421 0.8753 0.0227 0.0586 0.9866 0.0634 0.2431 0.9514 0.2211 0.7381 0.1241 0.1738 * Ξ Indicator 2.19 8.2 8.14 9.19 9.20 8.3 5.5a 5.5b 5.8 5.9 8.5 9.2 9.3 9.5 9.10 9.15 2.1a 4.1 4.3 7.5 5.3 5.4 5.7 7.1 8.7 9.1 Sexually active young women who have been tested for HIV and Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young Antenatal care coverage – at least four times by any provider Women who have been tested for HIV and know the results Antenatal care coverage - at least once by skilled personnel Table SE.2: Sampling errors: Total sample Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead Knowledge of mother- to-child transmission of HIV Accepting attitudes towards people living with HIV Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted) Use of improved drinking water sources Sex before age 15 among young women Condom use with non-regular partners Use of improved sanitation facilities School attendance of non-orphans Literacy rate among young women School attendance of orphans Skilled attendant at delivery Contraceptive prevalence lodized salt consumption Underweight prevalence Marriage before age 18 Institutional deliveries Caesarean section Household Members Early childbearing Violent discipline know the results Unmet need Child labour Polygyny Households







Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of		effects (deft) and confiden	design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011	ected indicators	, Trinidad and Tok	адо, 2011			
				Coefficient		Sauare root			Confider	Confidence limits
	MICS Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	of variation (se/r)	Design effect (<i>deff</i>)	of design effect (<i>deft</i>)	Weighted count	Unweighted count	r - 2se	r + 2se
Stunting prevalence	2.2a	0.1096	9600.0	0.088	1.020	1.010	1,069	1,074	0.090	0.129
Wasting prevalence	2.3a	0.0633	0.0076	0.120	1.028	1.014	1,053	1,058	0.048	0.079
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	2.7	0.2146	0.0196	0.091	0.238	0.488	103	105	0.175	0.254
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	2.12	0.2834	0.0175	0.062	0.626	0.792	418	416	0.248	0.318
Received polio immunization	3.2	0.9326	0.0094	0.010	0.336	0.580	242	240	0.914	0.951
Received DPT or Pentavalent immunization	3.3	0.6525	0.0180	0.028	0.334	0.578	238	235	0.617	0.689
Received measles immunization	3.4	0.9142	0.0091	0.010	0.253	0.503	241	238	968.0	0.933
Received Hepatitis B or Pentavalent immunization	3.5	0.6065	0.0206	0.034	0.409	0.640	233	231	0.565	0.648
Diarrhoea in the previous 2 weeks		0.0530	0.0069	0.130	1.127	1.062	1,199	1,199	0.039	0.067
Illness with a cough in the previous 2 weeks	,	0.0407	0.0063	0.156	1.231	1.110	1,199	1,199	0.028	0.053
Oral rehydration therapy with continued feeding	3.12	0.3982	0.0355	0.089	0.332	0.576	64	64	0.327	0.469
Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms	3.14	0.3219	0.0412	0.128	0.397	0.630	49	52	0.239	0.404
Support for learning	6.2	0.9569	0.0082	0.009	0.861	0.928	523	527	0.940	0.973
Attendance to early childhood education	6.1	0.8451	0.0141	0.017	0.795	0.891	523	527	0.817	0.873
Birth registration	8.1	0.9649	0.0054	900.0	1.033	1.016	1,199	1,199	0.954	0.976
(*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases										





Table SE.3: Sampling errors: Urban										
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff),	ects (deff), sq	uare root o	f design effec	ts (deft) and co	nfidence inte	square root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011	indicators, Tr	inidad and Toba	igo, 2011	
	(-	Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confidence limits	ce limits
	MICS	value (r)	Standard error (se)	of variation (se/r)	effect (<i>deff</i>)	of design effect (<i>deft</i>)	Weighted	Unweignted count	r - 2se	r + 2se
Households lodized salt consumption	2.19	0.4662	0.0131	0.028	1.635	1.279	3,041	2,373	0.440	0.492
Household Members Use of improved drinking water sources	4.1	0.9907	0.0029	0.003	2.361	1.537	10,259	2,559	0.985	0.997
Use of improved sanitation facilities	4.3	0.9321	0.0069	0.007	1.938	1.392	10,259	2,559	0.918	0.946
Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)	7.5	0.8870	0.0125	0.014	0.858	0.926	402	553	0.862	0.912
Child labour	8.2	0.0197	0.0061	0.310	2.002	1.415	1,330	1,041	0.007	0.032
Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead School attendance of orphans	8.14	0.0578	0.0089	0.154 (*)	2.820 (*)	1.679	2,460	1,932	0.040	0.076
School attendance of non-orphans	9.20	0.9846	0.0049	0.005	0.710	0.843	583	457	0.975	0.994
Violent discipline	8.3	0.7609	0.0206	0.027	1.957	1.399	1,761	841	0.720	0.802
Women										
Early childbearing	5.2	0.0456	0.0119	0.261	0.903	0.950	347	279	0.022	0.069
Contraceptive prevalence	5.3	0.4257	0.0170	0.040	0.980	0.990	1,058	831	0.392	0.460
Unmet need	5.4	0.2479	0.0152	0.061	1.027	1.014	1,058	831	0.218	0.278
Antenatal care coverage - at least once by skilled personnel	5.5a	0.9387	0.0138	0.015	0.672	0.819	253	204	0.911	996.0
Antenatal care coverage – at least four times by any provider	5.5b	0.8389	0.0210	0.025	0.663	0.815	253	204	0.797	0.881
Skilled attendant at delivery	5.7	0.9837	0.0088	0.009	0.975	0.987	253	204	0.966	1.000
Institutional deliveries	5.8	0.9794	0.0097	0.010	0.944	0.972	253	204	096.0	0.999
Caesarean section	5.9	0.2383	0.0215	0.090	0.515	0.717	253	204	0.195	0.281
Literacy rate among young women	7.1	0.7443	0.0203	0.027	1.153	1.074	699	531	0.704	0.785
Marriage before age 18	8.5	0.1113	0.0098	0.088	1.534	1.239	1,968	1,566	0.092	0.131
Polygyny	8.7	0.0209	0.0052	0.249	1.016	1.008	981	768	0.010	0.031
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among voung people	9.1	0.5772	0.0225	0.039	1.096	1.047	699	531	0.532	0.622
Knowledge of mother- to-child transmission of HIV	9.2	0.4982	0.0174	0.035	2.208	1.486	2,289	1,818	0.463	0.533
Accepting attitudes towards people living with HIV	9.3	0.1660	0.0108	0.065	1.533	1.238	2,285	1,815	0.144	0.188







Table SE.3: Sampling errors: Urban Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011	cts (deff), sq	uare root o	if design effec	ts (deft) and cor	nfidence inte	rvals for selected	indicators, Tr	inidad and Toba	igo, 2011	
				Coefficient	Decion	Soliare root			Confidence limits	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	of variation (se/r)	effect (deff)	oddalc root of design effect (<i>deft</i>)	Weighted count	Unweighted count	r - 2se	r + 2se
Women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.5	0.2128	0.0112	0.052	1.350	1.162	2,289	1,818	0.191	0.235
Sexually active young women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.6	0.3671	0.0241	990.0	0.654	0.808	322	262	0.319	0.415
Sex before age 15 among young women	9.10	0.0355	0.0075	0.211	0.868	0.931	699	531	0.021	0.051
Condom use with non-regular partners	9.15	0.5755	0.0206	0.036	0.320	0.566	230	186	0.534	0.617
Under-5s										
Underweight prevalence	2.1a	0.0390	0.0076	0.194	0.745	0.863	629	487	0.024	0.054
Stunting prevalence	2.2a	0.1041	0.0127	0.122	0.828	0.910	621	481	0.079	0.129
Wasting prevalence	2.3a	0.0424	0.0096	0.227	1.073	1.036	809	472	0.023	0.062
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	2.7	0.2681	0.0308	0.115	0.236	0.486	99	20	0.207	0.330
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	2.12	0.2861	0.0243	0.085	0.590	0.768	592	205	0.237	0.335
Received polio immunization	3.2	0.9263	0.0118	0.013	0.206	0.454	132	102	0.903	0.950
Received DPT or Pentavalent immunization	3.3	0.6615	0.0155	0.023	0.106	0.325	129	100	0.631	0.692
Received measles immunization	3.4	0.9016	0.0072	0.008	0.059	0.244	132	102	0.887	0.916
Received Hepatitis B or Pentavalent immunization	3.5	0.6195	0.0152	0.025	960.0	0.311	128	66	0.589	0.650
Diarrhoea in the previous 2 weeks	,	0.0503	0.0091	0.180	0.925	0.962	700	538	0.032	0.068
Illness with a cough in the previous 2 weeks		0.0420	0.0000	0.214	1.078	1.038	700	538	0.024	090.0
Oral rehydration therapy with continued feeding	3.12	(0.4892)	(0.0377)	(0.077)	(0.159)	(0.399)	35	29	(0.414)	(0.565)
Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms	3.14	*)	*)	(*)	*)	(*)	29	22	(*)	*
Support for learning	6.2	0.9470	0.0138	0.015	0.847	0.920	296	225	0.919	0.975
Attendance to early childhood education	6.1	0.8423	0.0194	0.023	0.632	0.795	296	225	0.804	0.881
Birth registration	8.1	0.9522	0.0085	0.009	0.862	0.929	700	538	0.935	696'0
() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases										



Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011	e root of des	ign effects (d	eft) and conf	fidence interva	ls for select	ed indicators, ∏	rinidad and Tc	obago, 2011		
	MICS Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect (<i>deff</i>)	Square root of design effect (<i>deft</i>)	Weighted	Unweighted Count	Confidence limits r - 2se r + 2	ce limits r + 2se
Households Iodized salt consumption	2.19	0.4856	0.0146	0.030	2.412	1.553	2,174	2,830	0.456	0.515
Household Members Use of improved drinking water sources	4.1	0.9820	0.0032	0.003	1.745	1.321	7,624	3,014	0.976	0.988
Use of improved sanitation facilities	4.3	0.9556	0.0045	0.005	1.430	1.196	7,624	3,014	0.947	0.965
Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)	7.5	0.8600	0.0151	0.018	1.364	1.168	540	718	0.830	0.890
Child labour	8.2	0.0264	0.0082	0.312	3.854	1.963	1,107	1,460	0.010	0.043
Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead	8.14	0.0596	0.0074	0.124	2.531	1.591	1,943	2,585	0.045	0.074
School attendance of orphans	9.19	*	(*)	*	*	*)	4	9	(*)	*
School attendance of non-orphans	9.20	0.9891	0.0045	0.005	1.099	1.048	459	262	0.980	0.998
Violent discipline	8.3	0.7743	0.0162	0.021	1.747	1.322	1,454	1,160	0.742	0.807
Women Early childbearing	5.2	0.0851	0.0177	0.209	1.424	1.193	286	353	0.050	0.121
Contraceptive prevalence	5.3	0.3780	0.0147	0.039	1.110	1.053	965	1,210	0.349	0.407
Unmet need	5.4	0.2378	0.0126	0.053	1.066	1.032	965	1,210	0.213	0.263
Antenatal care coverage - at least once by skilled personnel	5.5a	0.9732	0.0083	0.009	0.543	0.737	148	206	0.957	0.990
Antenatal care coverage – at least four times by any provider	5.5b	0.9310	0.0115	0.012	0.421	0.649	148	506	0.908	0.954
Skilled attendant at delivery	5.7	0.9840	0.0083	0.008	0.904	0.951	148	506	0.967	1.000
Institutional deliveries	5.8	0.9778	0.0083	0.009	0.652	0.808	148	506	0.961	0.994
Caesarean section	5.9	0.1917	0.0323	0.169	1.381	1.175	148	506	0.127	0.256
Literacy rate among young women	7.1	0.7301	0.0259	0.036	2.246	1.499	515	099	0.678	0.782
Marriage before age 18	8.5	0.1397	0.0085	0.061	1.208	1.099	1,605	1,998	0.123	0.157
Polygyny	8.7	0.0201	0.0047	0.234	1.288	1.135	933	1,151	0.011	0.030
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people	9.1	0.6353	0.0236	0.037	1.590	1.261	515	099	0.588	0.683
Knowledge of mother- to-child transmission of HIV	9.2	0.4907	0.0162	0.033	2.426	1.558	1,834	2,305	0.458	0.523
Accepting attitudes towards people living with HIV	9.3	0.1835	0.0098	0.053	1.467	1.211	1,827	2,297	0.164	0.203
Women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.5	0.1820	0.0094	0.052	1.364	1.168	1,834	2,305	0.163	0.201
Sexually active young women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.6	0.3507	0.0262	0.075	0.901	0.949	220	299	0.298	0.403
Sex before age 15 among young women	9.10	0.0385	0.0079	0.204	1.102	1.050	515	099	0.023	0.054
Condom use with non-regular partners	9.15	0.6207	0.0324	0.052	0.806	0.898	128	182	0.556	0.685
Under-5s Underweight prevalence	2.1a	0.0774	0.0121	0.157	1.237	1.112	458	603	0.053	0.102





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				Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confider	Confidence limits
	MICS Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	of variation (se/r)	effect (<i>deff</i>)	of design effect (<i>deft</i>)	Weighted count	Unweighted count	r - 2se	r + 2se
Stunting prevalence	2.2a	0.1173	0.0146	0.125	1.223	1.106	448	593	0.088	0.147
Wasting prevalence	2.3a	0.0919	0.0122	0.133	1.049	1.024	446	286	0.067	0.116
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	2.7	0.1204	0.0007	0.006	0.000	0.017	37	55	0.119	0.122
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	2.12	0.2786	0.0224	0.080	0.523	0.723	152	211	0.234	0.323
Received polio immunization	3.2	0.9401	0.0150	0.016	0.550	0.742	110	138	0.910	0.970
Received DPT or Pentavalent immunization	3.3	0.6418	0.0350	0.054	0.713	0.844	108	135	0.572	0.712
Received measles immunization	3.4	0.9295	0.0183	0.020	0.687	0.829	109	136	0.893	996.0
Received Hepatitis B or Pentavalent immunization	3.5	0.5907	0.0420	0.071	0.954	0.977	105	132	0.507	0.675
Diarrhoea in the previous 2 weeks		0.0568	0.0104	0.184	1.344	1.159	499	661	0.036	0.078
Illness with a cough in the previous 2 weeks		0.0390	0.0085	0.219	1.284	1.133	499	661	0.022	0.056
Oral rehydration therapy with continued feeding	3.12	(0.2853)	(0.0581)	(0.204)	(0.563)	(0.751)	28	35	(0.169)	(0.402)
Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms	3.14	(0.1892)	(0.0237)	(0.125)	(0.106)	(0.325)	19	30	(0.142)	(0.237)
Support for learning	6.2	0.9697	0.0054	900.0	0.300	0.548	227	302	0.959	0.981
Attendance to early childhood education	6.1	0.8487	0.0203	0.024	0.965	0.983	227	302	0.808	0.889
Birth registration	8.1	0.9828	0.0049	0.005	0.919	0.959	499	661	0.973	0.992

() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases





r + 2se 0.489 0.987 0.939 0.890 0.063 0.056 0.995 0.085 0.543 0.966 0.901 0.991 0.999 0.268 0.830 0.144 0.043 0.591 0.621 0.167 0.297 0.476 0.090 0.083 0.835 0.255 0.628 Confidence limits * r - 2se 0.411 0.958 0.895 0.012 0.028 0.978 0.716 0.028 0.455 0.175 0.885 0.750 0.988 0.959 0.118 0.082 0.008 0.448 0.106 0.028 0.022 0.827 0.704 0.524 0.236 0.376 0.501 * Unweighted Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011 1,106 1,205 258 522 228 255 740 336 255 856 856 235 937 393 139 374 374 96 96 96 853 131 255 0 96 96 Weighted count 4,199 4,199 1,059 1,261 291 594 261 423 107 107 285 831 380 285 961 958 961 144 273 0 777 154 423 107 107 107 110 of design effect (*deft*) Square root 1.302 1.527 1.380 0.724 1.538 1.068 0.568 1.416 0.845 0.948 0.760 0.966 0.067 0.676 0.932 1.1841.335 1.139 1.446 1.286 1.022 0.573 1.054 0.636 1.062 1.027 0.721 * effect (deff) Design 1.694 1.141 0.899 0.577 0.005 1.297 1.110 2.332 0.524 2.366 0.322 2.006 0.520 0.714 0.457 0.868 1.055 1.127 1.905 1.401 1.783 2.090 1.654 1.044 0.329 0.405 0.934 * of variation Coefficient 0.043 0.007 0.012 0.018 0.342 0.167 0.004 0.039 0.250 0.044 0.094 0.022 0.046 0.001 0.010 0.195 0.041 0.138 0.348 0.069 0.043 0.111 0.058 0.058 0.264 0.056 0.295 * error (se) Standard 0.0195 0.0110 0.0043 0.0299 0.0219 0.0319 0.0155 0.0072 0.0157 0.0128 0.0070 0.0142 0.0202 0.0205 0.0376 0.0007 0.0099 0.0377 0.0314 0.0156 0.0088 0.0357 0.0245 0.0151 0.0154 0.0249 * 0.0525 0.4505 0.9725 0.0373 0.7753 0.4990 0.2148 0.7670 0.1130 0.0253 0.5725 0.8588 0.0421 0.9869 0.0567 0.9255 0.8254 0.9896 0.9792 0.5197 0.2664 0.0591 0.1930 0.1363* $\overline{\mathcal{E}}$ Indicator 2.19 8.2 8.14 9.19 9.20 8.3 5.5a 5.5b 5.8 5.9 8.5 9.5 9.10 9.15 2.1a 4.1 4.3 7.5 5.3 5.4 5.7 7.1 8.7 9.1 9.2 9.3 Sexually active young women who have been tested for HIV and Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young Antenatal care coverage – at least four times by any provider Women who have been tested for HIV and know the results Antenatal care coverage - at least once by skilled personnel **Table SE.5: Sampling errors: North West** Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead Knowledge of mother- to-child transmission of HIV Accepting attitudes towards people living with HIV Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted) Use of improved drinking water sources Sex before age 15 among young women Condom use with non-regular partners Use of improved sanitation facilities School attendance of non-orphans Literacy rate among young women School attendance of orphans Skilled attendant at delivery Contraceptive prevalence lodized salt consumption Underweight prevalence Marriage before age 18 Institutional deliveries Caesarean section Household Members Early childbearing Violent discipline know the results Unmet need Child labour Polygyny Households





Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), squar	eff), square root	of design (effects (deft) a	and confidence i	ntervals for sele	e root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011.	rinidad and To	bago, 2011		
	MICS	Value (r)	Standard error (<i>se</i>)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect (<i>deff</i>)	Square root of design effect (<i>deft</i>)	Weighted	Unweighted -	Confidence limits r - 2se r + 2s	ce limits r + 2se
Stunting prevalence	2.2a	0.0954	0.0174	0.183	0.816	0.903	271	233	0.061	0.130
Wasting prevalence	2.3a	0.0183	0.0068	0.370	0.583	0.763	264	229	0.005	0.032
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	2.7	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	25	21	(*)	(*)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	2.12	0.3213	0.0360	0.112	0.558	0.747	110	95	0.249	0.393
Received polio immunization	3.2	0.9436	0.0155	0.016	0.221	0.470	57	20	0.913	0.975
Received DPT or Pentavalent immunization	3.3	(0.7852)	(0.0173)	(0.022)	(0.085)	(0.292)	99	49	(0.751)	(0.820)
Received measles immunization	3.4	0.9056	0.0158	0.017	0.144	0.379	57	50	0.874	0.937
Received Hepatitis B or Pentavalent immunization	3.5	(0.7238)	(0.0182)	(0.025)	(0.078)	(0.279)	55	48	(0.687)	(0.760)
Diarrhoea in the previous 2 weeks	•	0.0743	0.0154	0.207	0.863	0.929	293	253	0.044	0.105
Illness with a cough in the previous 2 weeks	,	0.0317	0.0093	0.295	0.717	0.847	293	253	0.013	0.050
Oral rehydration therapy with continued feeding	3.12	*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	22	19	*)	(*)
Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms	3.14	*	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	6	∞	*)	*
Support for learning	6.2	0.9606	0.0173	0.018	0.792	0.890	118	101	0.926	0.995
Attendance to early childhood education	6.1	0.8312	0.0306	0.037	0.666	0.816	118	101	0.770	0.892
Birth registration	8.1	0.9632	0.0096	0.010	0.657	0.810	293	253	0.944	0.982

^() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases



Table SE.6: Sampling errors: East										
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011), square root	of design effe	ects (deft) and o	confidence interv	als for selecte	d indicators, Trinic	ad and Tobag	0, 2011		
	MICS	Value (r)	Standard error (<i>se</i>)	Coefficient of variation	Design effect	Square root of design effect	Weighted	Unweighted	Confidence limits	ce limits
Households lodized salt consumption	2.19	0.5520	0.0244	(<i>se/r</i>) 0.044	(<i>deff</i>)	(<i>deft</i>)	387	851	0.503	0.601
Household Members										
Use of improved drinking water sources	4.1	0.9859	0.0038	0.004	0.909	0.953	1,355	901	0.978	0.993
Use of improved sanitation facilities	4.3	0.9712	0.0075	0.008	1.817	1.348	1,355	901	0.956	0.986
Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)	7.5	0.8399	0.0237	0.028	0.978	0.989	107	236	0.793	0.887
Child labour	8.2	0.0085	0.0043	0.499	1.015	1.007	216	475	0.000	0.017
Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead	8.14	0.0721	0.0183	0.253	4.323	2.079	396	898	0.036	0.109
School attendance of orphans	9.19	*	*)	*	*)	(*)	2	2	*)	*
School attendance of non-orphans	9.20	1.0000	0.0000	0.000	na	na	83	183	1.000	1.000
Violent discipline	8.3	0.7964	0.0246	0.031	1.382	1.175	284	372	0.747	0.846
Women										
Early childbearing	5.2	0.1211	0.0230	0.190	0.564	0.751	54	115	0.075	0.167
Contraceptive prevalence	5.3	0.4453	0.0238	0.053	0.878	0.937	179	385	0.398	0.493
Unmet need	5.4	0.2232	0.0184	0.082	0.746	0.864	179	385	0.186	0.260
Antenatal care coverage - at least once by skilled personnel	5.5a	0.9487	0.0211	0.022	0.695	0.834	36	77	0.907	0.991
Antenatal care coverage – at least four times by any provider	5.5b	0.8956	0.0328	0.037	0.875	0.936	36	77	0.830	0.961
Skilled attendant at delivery	5.7	0.9602	0.0215	0.022	0.919	0.959	36	77	0.917	1.000
Institutional deliveries	5.8	0.9602	0.0215	0.022	0.919	0.959	36	77	0.917	1.000
Caesarean section	5.9	0.1267	0.0277	0.218	0.525	0.725	36	77	0.071	0.182
Literacy rate among young women	7.1	0.7349	0.0315	0.043	1.165	1.079	108	230	0.672	0.798
Marriage before age 18	8.5	0.2017	0.0188	0.093	1.306	1.143	279	595	0.164	0.239
Polygyny	8.7	0.0192	0.0097	0.505	1.845	1.358	172	370	0.000	0.039
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people	9.1	0.7611	0.0386	0.051	1.879	1.371	108	230	0.684	0.838
Knowledge of mother- to-child transmission of HIV	9.2	0.6274	0.0238	0.038	1.719	1.311	333	710	0.580	0.675
Accepting attitudes towards people living with HIV	9.3	0.2116	0.0182	0.086	1.404	1.185	332	708	0.175	0.248
Women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.5	0.2572	0.0190	0.074	1.335	1.155	333	710	0.219	0.295
Sexually active young women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.6	0.4362	0.0351	0.080	0.556	0.746	52	112	0.366	0.506
Sex before age 15 among young women	9.10	0.0348	0.0111	0.319	0.840	0.916	108	230	0.013	0.057
Condom use with non-regular partners	9.15	0.5979	0.0388	0.065	0.451	0.672	34	73	0.520	929.0





Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square		of design effe	ects (deft) and	confidence interv	/als for select€	root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011	dad and Tobag	0, 2011		
	MICS	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation	Design effect	Square root of design effect	Weighted	Unweighted	Confider r - 2se	Confidence limits r - 2se r + 2se
2				(1/2)	((()	(262)				
Underweight prevalence	2.1a	0.0521	0.0131	0.252	0.727	0.853	100	210	0.026	0.078
Stunting prevalence	2.2a	0.0957	0.0218	0.228	1.145	1.070	100	210	0.052	0.139
Wasting prevalence	2.3a	0.0532	0.0148	0.277	0.877	0.937	26	204	0.024	0.083
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	2.7	(0.0843)	(0.0002)	(0.003)	(0.000)	(0.004)	12	25	(0.084)	(0.085)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	2.12	0.3047	0.0453	0.149	0.783	0.885	39	82	0.214	0.395
Received polio immunization	3.2	(0.9584)	(0.0209)	(0.022)	(0.492)	(0.701)	22	46	(0.917)	(1.000)
Received DPT or Pentavalent immunization	3.3	(0.8303)	(0.0419)	(0.050)	(0.561)	(0.749)	22	46	(0.746)	(0.914)
Received measles immunization	3.4	(0.9376)	(0.0210)	(0.022)	(0.338)	(0.581)	22	46	(0.896)	(0.980)
Received Hepatitis B or Pentavalent immunization	3.5	(0.7870)	(0.0465)	(0.059)	(0.579)	(0.761)	22	46	(0.694)	(0.880)
Diarrhoea in the previous 2 weeks	,	0.0526	0.0134	0.254	0.822	0.907	110	231	0.026	0.079
Illness with a cough in the previous 2 weeks	,	0.0773	0.0212	0.275	1.453	1.205	110	231	0.035	0.120
Oral rehydration therapy with continued feeding	3.12	(*)	*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	9	12	(*)	*
Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms	3.14	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	∞	18	(*)	*)
Support for learning	6.2	0.9693	0.0103	0.011	0.363	0.602	48	102	0.949	0.990
Attendance to early childhood education	6.1	0.7858	0.0174	0.022	0.182	0.427	48	102	0.751	0.821
Birth registration	8.1	0.9567	0.0152	0.016	1.276	1.129	110	231	0.926	0.987
na: not applicable										
() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases										



Table SE.7: Sampling errors: North Central										
Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), squar	square root o	f design effe	cts (deft) and	confidence inte	rvals for selecte	e root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011.	ad and Tobago	5, 2011		
	MICS Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (se)	Coefficient of variation (se/r)	Design effect (<i>deff</i>)	Square root of design effect (deft)	Weighted count	Unweighted count	Confidence limits	se limits
Households lodized salt consumption	2.19	0.4804	0.0169	0.035	1.544	1.243	1,972	1,358	0.447	0.514
Household Members Use of improved drinking water sources	4.1	0.9975	0.0020	0.002	2.184	1.478	6,838	1,446	0.994	1.000
Use of improved sanitation facilities	4.3	0.9419	0.0081	0.009	1.710	1.308	6,838	1,446	0.926	0.958
Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)	7.5	9668.0	0.0160	0.018	0.891	0.944	456	315	0.868	0.932
Child labour	8.2	0.0230	0.0099	0.428	2.683	1.638	904	623	0.003	0.043
Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead	8.14	0.0712	0.0105	0.148	1.853	1.361	1,608	1,111	0.050	0.092
School attendance of non-orphans	9.20	0.9854	0.0066	0.007	0.800	0.895	381	263	0.972	0.999
Violent discipline	8.3	0.7690	0.0222	0.029	1.437	1.199	1,186	518	0.725	0.813
Women Early childbearing	5.2	0.0657	0.0248	0.377	1.579	1.257	223	159	0.016	0.115
Contraceptive prevalence	5.3	0.4171	0.0196	0.047	0.849	0.922	753	537	0.378	0.456
Unmet need	5.4	0.2310	0.0174	0.075	0.912	0.955	753	537	0.196	0.266
Antenatal care coverage - at least once by skilled personnel	5.5a	0.9918	0.0082	0.008	0.765	0.874	129	93	0.975	1.000
Antenatal care coverage – at least four times by any provider	5.5b	0.8723	0.0221	0.025	0.402	0.634	129	93	0.828	0.916
Skilled attendant at delivery	5.7	0.9918	0.0082	0.008	0.765	0.874	129	93	0.975	1.000
Institutional deliveries	5.8	0.9918	0.0082	0.008	0.765	0.874	129	93	0.975	1.000
Caesarean section	5.9	0.2348	0.0363	0.155	0.676	0.822	129	93	0.162	0.307
Literacy rate among young women	7.1	0.7209	0.0296	0.041	1.275	1.129	410	293	0.662	0.780
Marriage before age 18	8.5	0.1199	0.0112	0.093	1.112	1.054	1,327	945	0.098	0.142
Polygyny	8.7	0.0147	0.0052	0.352	0.959	0.979	727	518	0.004	0.025
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people	9.1	0.5328	0.0299	0.056	1.049	1.024	410	293	0.473	0.593
Knowledge of mother- to-child transmission of HIV	9.5	0.3555	0.0184	0.052	1.598	1.264	1,514	1,079	0.319	0.392
Accepting attitudes towards people living with HIV	9.3	0.1708	0.0139	0.081	1.456	1.206	1,511	1,076	0.143	0.199
Women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.5	0.1664	0.0128	0.077	1.276	1.129	1,514	1,079	0.141	0.192
Sexually active young women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.6	0.3304	0.0353	0.107	0.748	0.865	187	134	0.260	0.401
Sex before age 15 among young women	9.10	0.0300	0.0081	0.270	0.657	0.810	410	293	0.014	0.046
Condom use with non-regular partners	9.15	0.5963	0.0381	0.064	0.531	0.729	125	68	0.520	0.673







North Central	ation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011
Table SE.7: Sampling errors: North Central	, desi

	-))			
	0			Coefficient		Square root of	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	1	Confidence limits	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	Value (r)	standard error (<i>se</i>)	of variation (se/r)	Design effect (<i>deff</i>)	design effect (<i>deft</i>)	Weignted	Unweignted count	r - 2se	r + 2se
Under-5s										
Underweight prevalence	2.1a	0.0612	0.0134	0.219	0.804	0.897	374	257	0.034	0.088
Stunting prevalence	2.2a	0.0887	0.0166	0.187	0.859	0.927	370	254	0.056	0.122
Wasting prevalence	2.3a	0.0619	0.0123	0.199	0.648	0.805	362	249	0.037	0.087
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	2.7	(0.3239)	(0.0020)	(0.006)	(0.000)	(0.021)	37	25	(0.320)	(0.328)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	2.12	0.2282	0.0327	0.143	0.596	0.772	146	66	0.163	0.294
Received polio immunization	3.2	0.9216	0.0237	0.026	0.443	0.666	98	28	0.874	0.969
Received DPT or Pentavalent immunization	3.3	0.6458	0.0309	0.048	0.234	0.483	84	57	0.584	0.708
Received measles immunization	3.4	0.9075	0.0201	0.022	0.275	0.524	98	28	0.867	0.948
Received Hepatitis B or Pentavalent immunization	3.5	0.5808	0.0366	0.063	0.302	0.549	83	26	0.508	0.654
Diarrhoea in the previous 2 weeks	1	0.0496	0.0136	0.275	1.138	1.067	424	290	0.022	0.077
Illness with a cough in the previous 2 weeks	1	0.0345	0.0103	0.298	0.918	0.958	424	290	0.014	0.055
Oral rehydration therapy with continued feeding	3.12	*	*	*)	*	(*)	21	15	*	*
Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms	3.14	*)	*)	*)	*)	(*)	15	10	*)	*
Support for learning	6.2	0.9367	0.0169	0.018	0.624	0.790	190	131	0.903	0.970
Attendance to early childhood education	6.1	0.8953	0.0231	0.026	0.741	0.861	190	131	0.849	0.942
Birth registration	8.1	0.9610	0.0112	0.012	0.965	0.983	424	290	0.939	0.983
() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases										



^() Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases

Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), squ	quare root of o	lesign effects	s (deft) and co	are root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011	s for selected	indicators, Trini	dad and Tobag	0, 2011		
				Coefficient	Design	Square root			Confidence limits	ce limits
	MICS Indicator	Value (r)	Standard error (<i>se</i>)	of variation (<i>se/r</i>)	effect (<i>deff</i>)	of design effect (<i>deft</i>)	Weighted count	Unweighted ⁻ count	r - 2se	r + 2se
Households lodized salt consumption	2.19	0.4544	0.0199	0.044	2.108	1.452	1,382	1,327	0.415	0.494
Household Members Use of improved drinking water sources	4.1	0.9864	0.0037	0.004	1.410	1.188	4,752	1,386	0.979	0.994
Use of improved sanitation facilities	4.3	0.9554	0.0062	900.0	1.247	1.117	4,752	1,386	0.943	0.968
Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)	7.5	0.8783	0.0226	0.026	1.559	1.249	341	327	0.833	0.924
Child labour	8.2	0.0126	0.0048	0.380	1.069	1.034	909	579	0.003	0.022
Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead	8.14	0.0529	0.0148	0.280	4.731	2.175	1,139	1,079	0.023	0.083
School attendance of orphans	9.19	*)	(*)	(*)	*	(*)	ж	2	*	*)
School attendance of non-orphans	9.20	0.9883	0.0071	0.007	1.145	1.070	272	263	0.974	1.000
Violent discipline	8.3	0.7523	0.0290	0.038	2.158	1.469	815	481	0.694	0.810
Women Early childhearing	C U	0 048	0.0124	0 200	0 7/3	698.0	, 00 00	178	0 8 10 8	0.072
Contraceptive prevalence	5.3	0.3135	0.0232	0.074	1.424	1.193	209	571	0.267	0.360
Unmet need	5.4	0.2761	0.0196	0.071	1.097	1.047	209	571	0.237	0.315
Antenatal care coverage - at least once by skilled personnel	5.5a	0.9294	0.0233	0.025	0.824	0.908	115	101	0.883	0.976
Antenatal care coverage – at least four times by any provider	5.5b	0.9182	0.0218	0.024	0.634	0.796	115	101	0.875	0.962
Skilled attendant at delivery	5.7	0.9749	0.0188	0.019	1.438	1.199	115	101	0.937	1.000
Institutional deliveries	5.8	0.9669	0.0187	0.019	1.095	1.047	115	101	0.929	1.000
Caesarean section	5.9	0.2659	0.0278	0.105	0.396	0.629	115	101	0.210	0.322
Literacy rate among young women	7.1	0.7340	0.0313	0.043	1.599	1.265	348	320	0.671	0.797
Marriage before age 18	8.5	0.1163	0.0118	0.101	1.293	1.137	1023	957	0.093	0.140
Polygyny	8.7	0.0267	0.0070	0.263	1.044	1.022	584	551	0.013	0.041
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people	9.1	0.6945	0.0286	0.041	1.227	1.108	348	320	0.637	0.752
Knowledge of mother- to-child transmission of HIV	9.5	0.5630	0.0255	0.045	2.905	1.704	1,184	1,099	0.512	0.614
Accepting attitudes towards people living with HIV	9.3	0.1857	0.0127	0.069	1.174	1.083	1,182	1,097	0.160	0.211
Women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.5	0.1607	0.0136	0.085	1.509	1.228	1,184	1,099	0.133	0.188
Sexually active young women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.6	0.3000	0.0397	0.132	0.974	0.987	141	131	0.221	0.379
Sex before age 15 among young women	9.10	0.0209	0.0074	0.352	0.845	0.919	348	320	900.0	0.036
Condom use with non-regular partners	9.15	0.6419	0.0196	0.031	0.115	0.340	77	70	0.603	0.681
Under-5s Underweight prevalence	2.1a	0.0530	0.0108	0.203	0.603	0.776	294	263	0.032	0.075
Stunting prevalence	2.2a	0.1587	0.0230	0.145	0.995	0.998	282	253	0.113	0.202







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	MICS	Value	Standard	of variation	effect	of design	Weighted	Unweighted	Collinger	כב
	Indicator	(2)	error (se)	(se/r)	(ffap)	effect (deft)	count	count	r - 2se	r + 2se
Wasting prevalence	2.3a	0.1097	0.0212	0.193	1.164	1.079	284	254	0.067	0.152
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	2.7	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	24	21	(*)	*
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	2.12	0.3090	0.0318	0.103	0.435	0.659	106	93	0.245	0.373
Received polio immunization	3.2	0.9375	0.0021	0.002	0.005	0.070	70	65	0.933	0.942
Received DPT or Pentavalent immunization	3.3	0.5001	0.0433	0.087	0.465	0.682	89	63	0.413	0.587
Received measles immunization	3.4	0.9192	0.0136	0.015	0.157	0.396	69	64	0.892	0.946
Received Hepatitis B or Pentavalent immunization	3.5	0.4854	0.0505	0.104	0.611	0.782	99	61	0.385	0.586
Diarrhoea in the previous 2 weeks		0.0376	0.0111	0.295	0.977	0.988	321	288	0.015	090.0
Illness with a cough in the previous 2 weeks	,	0.0468	0.0156	0.333	1.557	1.248	321	288	0.016	0.078
Oral rehydration therapy with continued feeding	3.12	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	*)	12	10	*)	(*)
Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms	3.14	*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	*)	15	12	*)	*)
Support for learning	6.2	0.9813	0.0131	0.013	1.177	1.085	142	127	0.955	1.000
Attendance to early childhood education	6.1	0.7991	0.0301	0.038	0.712	0.844	142	127	0.739	0.859
Birth registration	8.1	0.9721	0.0091	0.009	0.883	0.939	321	288	0.954	0.690

⁽⁾ Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases





Standard errors, coefficients of variation, design effects (deff), square root of design effects (deft) and confidence intervals for selected indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011	f), square roo	t of design ef	fects (deft) an	id confidence int	ervals for selected	indicators, Trinio	dad and Tobag	ço, 2011		
	MICS		Standard	Coefficient of variation	Design effect	Square root of design	Weighted	Unweighted -	Confidence limits	ce limits
Households	Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	(se/r)	(ffap)	effect (<i>deft</i>)	count	count	r - 2se	r + 2se
lodized salt consumption	2.19	0.5461	0.0299	0.055	2.019	1.421	214	561	0.486	0.606
Household Members										
Use of improved drinking water sources	4.1	0.9782	0.0080	0.008	1.890	1.375	739	635	0.962	0.994
Use of improved sanitation facilities	4.3	0.9478	0.0128	0.013	2.092	1.446	739	635	0.922	0.973
Secondary school net attendance ratio (adjusted)	7.5	0.8108	0.0306	0.038	0.816	0.903	53	135	0.750	0.872
Child labour	8.2	0.0245	0.0127	0.517	2.025	1.423	117	302	0.000	0.050
Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead	8.14	0.0502	0.0123	0.244	1.644	1.282	201	522	0.026	0.075
School attendance of orphans	9.19	*	*)	*)	(*)	*)	0	0	*	*)
School attendance of non-orphans	9.20	0.9599	0.0184	0.019	1.003	1.002	45	115	0.923	0.997
Violent discipline	8.3	0.7331	0.0382	0.052	1.761	1.327	153	237	0.657	0.810
Women										
Early childbearing	5.2	(0.1246)	(0.0533)	(0.428)	(1.043)	(1.021)	14	41	(0.018)	(0.231)
Contraceptive prevalence	5.3	0.3283	0.0300	0.091	0.707	0.841	61	174	0.268	0.388
Unmet need	5.4	0.3183	0.0373	0.117	1.109	1.053	61	174	0.244	0.393
Antenatal care coverage - at least once by skilled personnel	5.5a	(0.9642)	(0.0176)	(0.018)	(0.375)	(0.612)	15	43	(0.929)	(0.999)
Antenatal care coverage – at least four times by any provider	5.5b	(0.8122)	(0.0437)	(0.054)	(0.525)	(0.724)	15	43	(0.725)	(0.900)
Skilled attendant at delivery	5.7	(1.0000)	(0.0000)	(0.000)	na	na	15	43	(1.000)	(1.000)
Institutional deliveries	5.8	(1.0000)	(0.0000)	(0.000)	na	na	15	43	(1.000)	(1.000)
Caesarean section	5.9	0.1885	0.0548	0.291	0.824	0.908	15	43	0.079	0.298
Literacy rate among young women	7.1	0.7574	0.0463	0.061	1.071	1.035	32	93	0.665	0.850
Marriage before age 18	8.5	0.1330	0.0163	0.123	0.755	0.869	113	327	0.100	0.166
Polygyny	8.7	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	na	na	20	144	0.000	0.000
Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people	9.1	0.6988	0.0387	0.055	0.654	0.809	32	93	0.621	0.776
knowledge of mother- to-child transmission of HIV	9.2	0.5830	0.0316	0.054	1.556	1.247	131	379	0.520	0.646
Accepting attitudes towards people living with HIV	9.3	0.2783	0.0272	0.098	1.390	1.179	130	378	0.224	0.333
Women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.5	0.2826	0.0237	0.084	1.043	1.021	131	379	0.235	0.330
Sexually active young women who have been tested for HIV and know the results	9.6	0.3995	0.0592	0.148	0.760	0.872	18	53	0.281	0.518
Sex before age 15 among young women	9.10	0.1071	0.0394	0.368	1.494	1.222	32	93	0.028	0.186
Condom use with non-regular partners	9.15	(0.4559)	(0.0745)	(0.163)	(0.806)	(0.898)	12	37	(0.307)	(0.605)
Under-5s										
Underweight prevalence	2.1a	0.0425	0.0189	0.444	1.084	1.041	47	125	0.005	0.080
Stunting prevalence	2.2a	0.0903	0.0257	0.284	0.985	0.993	46	124	0.039	0.142





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				Coefficient		Square root				
	MICS		Standard	of variation	Design effect	of design	Weighted	Unweighted	Confidence limits	ice limits
	Indicator	Value (r)	error (se)	(se/r)	(deff)	effect (deft)	count	count	r - 2se	r + 2se
Wasting prevalence	2.3a	0.0682	0.0161	0.236	0.495	0.704	46	122	0.036	0.100
Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months	2.7	*	*)	(*)	(*)	*)	2	13	*	(*)
Age-appropriate breastfeeding	2.12	0.3018	0.0546	0.181	0.651	0.807	18	47	0.193	0.411
Received polio immunization	3.2	*	*)	(*)	(*)	*)	8	21	*	(*)
Received DPT or Pentavalent immunization	3.3	*	*)	(*)	(*)	*)	7	20	*	(*)
Received measles immunization	3.4	*)	*)	(*)	*)	*)	7	20	*)	(*)
Received Hepatitis B or Pentavalent immunization	3.5	*	*)	(*)	(*)	*)	7	20	*	(*)
Diarrhoea in the previous 2 weeks	1	0.0563	0.0166	0.294	0.704	0.839	51	137	0.023	0.089
Illness with a cough in the previous 2 weeks	1	0.0285	0.0161	0.565	1.273	1.128	51	137	0.000	0.061
Oral rehydration therapy with continued feeding	3.12	*	*)	(*)	*)	*)	3	œ	*	*)
Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms	3.14	*	*	(*)	(*)	*)	П	4	*	*)
Support for learning	6.2	0.9292	0.0275	0.030	0.749	0.865	25	99	0.874	0.984
Attendance to early childhood education	6.1	0.9059	0.0370	0.041	1.042	1.021	25	99	0.832	0.980
Birth registration	8.1	0.9808	0.0141	0.014	1.422	1.192	51	137	0.953	1.000

na: not applicable () Figures that are based on 25-49 unweighted cases (*) Figures that are based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases





Appendix D. **Data Quality Tables**







Table DQ.1: Age distribution of household population

Single-year age distribution of household population by sex, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

Jiligic	Ma		Fem		nidad and Tobago, 2	Ma	les	Fem	ales
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	-	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Age					Age				
0	106	1.2	105	1.2	45	140	1.6	127	1.4
1	99	1.1	104	1.2	46	119	1.3	129	1.4
2	126	1.4	127	1.4	47	110	1.2	132	1.5
3	140	1.6	145	1.6	48	122	1.4	139	1.5
4	111	1.2	129	1.4	49	145	1.6	140	1.6
5	121	1.4	114	1.3	50	139	1.6	144	1.6
6	111	1.2	105	1.2	51	118	1.3	131	1.5
7	127	1.4	118	1.3	52	107	1.2	125	1.4
8	128	1.4	136	1.5	53	128	1.4	115	1.3
9	116	1.3	117	1.3	54	124	1.4	133	1.5
10	130	1.5	123	1.4	55	132	1.5	116	1.3
11	137	1.5	111	1.2	56	117	1.3	117	1.3
12	131	1.5	115	1.3	57	107	1.2	121	1.4
13	126	1.4	121	1.3	58	102	1.1	89	1.0
14	135	1.5	118	1.3	59	95	1.1	84	0.9
15	127	1.4	104	1.2	60	97	1.1	104	1.2
16	139	1.6	122	1.4	61	71	0.8	91	1.0
17	142	1.6	142	1.6	62	76	0.9	79	0.9
18	139	1.6	108	1.2	63	89	1.0	90	1.0
19	118	1.3	119	1.3	64	75	0.8	82	0.9
20	124	1.4	131	1.5	65	73	0.8	103	1.2
21	143	1.6	127	1.4	66	87	1.0	92	1.0
22	127	1.4	123	1.4	67	81	0.9	67	0.7
23	120	1.3	143	1.6	68	61	0.7	74	0.8
24	159	1.8	156	1.7	69	59	0.7	59	0.7
25	187	2.1	145	1.6	70	45	0.5	61	0.7
26	154	1.7	145	1.6	71	50	0.6	58	0.6
27	154	1.7	165	1.8	72	41	0.5	48	0.5
28	136	1.5	155	1.7	73	44	0.5	38	0.4
29	171	1.9	155	1.7	74	49	0.6	48	0.5
30	161	1.8	141	1.6	75	37	0.4	41	0.5
31	142	1.6	137	1.5	76	32	0.4	45	0.5
32	129	1.4	119	1.3	77	26	0.3	35	0.4
33	104	1.2	120	1.3	78	24	0.3	44	0.5
34	132	1.5	123	1.4	79	22	0.2	22	0.2
35	139	1.6	138	1.5	80	16	0.2	29	0.3
36	117	1.3	117	1.3	81	29	0.3	37	0.4
37	96	1.1	109	1.2	82	21	0.2	24	0.3
38	117	1.3	98	1.1	83	11	0.1	22	0.2
39	116	1.3	126	1.4	84	15	0.2	19	0.2
40	119	1.3	110	1.2	85+	80	0.9	119	1.3
41	141	1.6	98	1.1					
42	104	1.2	98	1.1	DK/Missing	15	0.2	15	0.2
43	99	1.1	105	1.2					
44	99	1.1	106	1.2	Total	8,925	100.0	8,958	100.0







Table DQ.2: Age distribution of eligible and interviewed women

Household population of women age 10-54 years, interviewed women age 15-49 years, and percentage of eligible women who were interviewed, by five-year age groups, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Household population of women age 10-54 years	Interviewed 15-49	_	Percentage of eligible women interviewed
	Number	Number	Percent	(Completion rate)
Age				
10-14	588	na	na	na
15-19	594	550	13.3	92.5
20-24	679	635	15.4	93.6
25-29	765	699	16.9	91.3
30-34	640	591	14.3	92.3
35-39	588	541	13.1	92.1
40-44	518	489	11.8	94.3
45-49	666	627	15.2	94.1
50-54	648	na	na	na
Total (15-49)	4,451	4,131	100.0	92.8
Ratio of 50-54 to 45-49	0.97	na	na	na
na: not applicable				

Table DQ.3: Age distribution of under-5s in household and under-5 questionnaires

Household population of children age 0-7 years, children age 0-4 years whose mothers/caretakers were interviewed, and percentage of under-5 children whose mothers/caretakers were interviewed, by single ages, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Household population of children 0-7 years		th completed views	Percentage of eligible under-5s with completed interviews
	Number	Number	Percent	(Completion rate)
Age				
0	211	207	17.8	98.4
1	203	199	17.0	98.0
2	253	249	21.4	98.5
3	285	282	24.2	99.1
4	240	230	19.7	95.8
5	234	na	na	na
6	215	na	na	na
7	245	na	na	na
Total (0-4)	1,191	1,167	100.0	98.0
Ratio of 5 to 4	0.98	na	na	na
na: not applicable	e			







Table DQ.4: Women's completion rates by socio-economic characteristics of households

Household population of women age 15-49 years, interviewed women age 15-49 years, and percentage of eligible women who were interviewed, by selected social and economic characteristics of the household, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	popula women a	ehold ation of age 15-49 ars	women a	riewed age 15-49 ars	Percent of eligible women interviewed (Completion rates)
Total	4,451	100.0	4,131	100.0	92.8
Region					
North West	1,049	23.6	966	23.4	92.1
East	334	7.5	323	7.8	96.9
North Central	1,714	38.5	1,551	37.6	90.5
South West	1,184	26.6	1,148	27.8	97.0
Tobago	170	3.8	142	3.4	83.5
Area					
Urban	2,524	56.7	2,312	56.0	91.6
Rural	1,927	43.3	1,819	44.0	94.4
Household size					
1-3	1,401	31.5	1,317	31.9	94.0
4-6	2,439	54.8	2,253	54.5	92.4
7+	611	13.7	561	13.6	91.9
Education of household head					
None	58	1.3	51	1.2	88.7
Primary	1,597	35.9	1,479	35.8	92.6
Secondary+	2,765	62.1	2,575	62.3	93.1
Missing/DK	30	0.7	27	0.7	89.0
Wealth index quintiles					
Poorest	773	17.4	729	17.6	94.2
Second	837	18.8	791	19.1	94.5
Middle	938	21.1	868	21.0	92.6
Fourth	959	21.6	882	21.3	91.9
Richest	944	21.2	861	20.9	91.3
Ethnicity of household head					
African	1,594	35.8	1,454	35.2	91.2
Indian	1,781	40.0	1,694	41.0	95.1
Mixed	1,010	22.7	926	22.4	91.7
Other/Not stated	65	1.5	57	1.4	87.7





Table DQ.5: Completion rates for under-5 questionnaires by socio-economic characteristics of households

Household population of under-5 years children, under-5 questionnaires completed, and percentage of under-5 years children for whom interviews were completed, by selected socio-economic characteristics of the household, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Household of under-	population 5 children		ed under-5 ldren	Percent of eligible under-5s with completed under-5 questionnaires (Completion rates)
Total	1,191	100.0	1,167	100.0	98.0
Region					
North West	291	24.4	284	24.4	97.8
East	106	8.9	106	9.1	100.0
North Central	429	36.0	416	35.7	97.0
South West	311	26.1	309	26.5	99.6
Tobago	55	4.6	51	4.4	93.4
Area					
Urban	692	58.1	679	58.2	98.1
Rural	499	41.9	488	41.8	97.8
Household size					
1-3	209	17.6	203	17.4	97.1
4-6	701	58.9	690	59.1	98.4
7+	280	23.5	274	23.5	97.8
Education of household head					
None	14	1.2	14	1.2	100.0
Primary	419	35.2	410	35.1	97.9
Secondary+	749	62.9	734	62.9	98.0
, Missing/DK	10	.8	10	0.8	100.0
Wealth index quintiles					
Poorest	319	26.8	312	26.7	97.8
Second	239	20.0	235	20.2	98.5
Middle	271	22.8	267	22.9	98.6
Fourth	206	17.3	201	17.3	97.8
Richest	156	13.1	151	13.0	96.9
Ethnicity of household head					
African	477	40.1	465	39.9	97.5
Indian	412	34.6	406	34.8	98.4
Mixed	290	24.4	286	24.5	98.5
Other/Not stated	11	0.9	9	0.8	86.1







Table DQ.6: Completeness of reporting

Percentage of observations that are missing information for selected questions and indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

Questionnaire and type of missing information	Reference group	Percent with missing/incomplete information ^a	Number of cases
Household			
	All household members	0.1	17,844
Age		0.2	5,573
Salt test result	All households interviewed that have salt	0.0	5,573
Starting time of interview	All households interviewed	0.0	5,573
Ending time of interview	All households interviewed	0.0	3,373
Women			
Woman's date of birth:	All women age 15-49		
Only month		0.2	4,123
Both month and year		0.1	4,123
Date of first birth:	All women age 15-49 with at least one live birth		
Only month		0.4	2,406
Both month and year		0.4	2,406
Completed years since first birth	All women age 15-49 with at least one live birth with year of first birth unknown	0.0	14
Date of last birth:	All women age 15-49 with a live birth in last 2 years		
Only month		0.2	2,406
Both month and year		0.3	2,406
Date of first marriage/union: Only month	All ever married women age 15-49	9.0	4,032
Both month and year		4.7	4,032
Age at first marriage/union	All ever married women age 15-49 with year of first marriage not known	0.6	4,032
Age at first intercourse	All women age 15-24 who have ever had sex	2.5	614
Time since last intercourse	All women age 15-24 who have ever had sex	2.4	614
Starting time of interview	All women interviewed	0.0	4,123
Ending time of interview	All women interviewed	0.0	4,123
Children			
Date of birth:	All under-5 children		
Only month		0.4	1,199
Both month and year		0.0	1,199
•	All under-5 children		
Anthropometric measurements:	All unuer-5 chiluren	7.8	1,199
Weight Height		7.5	1,199
· ·		7.5	1,199
Both weight and height Starting time of interview	All under-5 children	0.0	1,199
Ending time of interview	All under-5 children	0.0	1,199
^a Includes "Don't know" responses			





Table DQ.7A: Completeness of information for anthropometric indicators

Distribution of children under 5 years by completeness of information for anthropometric indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	,	, ,			•		0 /	
			Reason for ex	clusion from analysi	s		Percent of	
	Valid weight and date of birth	Weight not measured	Incomplete date of birth	Weight not measured, incomplete date of birth	Flagged cases (outliers)	Total	children excluded from analysis	Number of children under 5
Total	91.6	7.6	0.4	0.0	0.4	100.0	8.4	1,199
Weight by age								
<6 months	93.3	5.7	0.0	0.0	1.0	100.0	6.7	105
6-11 months	91.9	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.9	100.0	8.1	111
12-23 months	92.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	100.0	8.0	200
24-35 months	92.6	6.3	1.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	7.4	256
36-47 months	90.6	8.0	0.7	0.0	0.7	100.0	9.4	286
48-59 months	90.5	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	9.5	241

Table DQ.7B: Completeness of information for anthropometric indicators

Distribution of children under 5 years by completeness of information for anthropometric indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

			Reason for exclus	sion from analysis	i		Percent of	
	Valid height and date of birth	Height not measured	Incomplete date of birth	Height not measured, incomplete date of birth	Flagged cases (outliers)	Total	children excluded from analysis	Number of children under 5
Total	90.2	7.3	0.4	0.0	2.0	100.0	9.8	1,199
Height by age								
<6 months	86.7	5.7	0.0	0.0	7.6	100.0	13.3	105
6-11 months	92.8	5.4	0.0	0.0	1.8	100.0	7.2	111
12-23 months	90.5	7.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	100.0	9.5	200
24-35 months	91.0	6.3	1.2	0.0	1.6	100.0	9.0	256
36-47 months	90.2	8.0	0.7	0.0	1.0	100.0	9.8	286
48-59 months	89.6	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.8	100.0	10.4	241

Table DQ.7C: Completeness of information for anthropometric indicators

Distribution of children under 5 years by completeness of information for anthropometric indicators, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

N (= 1° -1	R	eason for exclu	sion from analysi	is	_	Percent of	
valid weight and height	Weight not measured	Height not measured	Weight and height not measured	Flagged cases (outliers)	Total	excluded from analysis	Number of children under 5
88.5	0.3	0.0	7.3	3.5	100.0	11.1	1,199
81.9	0.0	0.0	5.7	12.4	100.0	18.1	105
90.1	1.8	0.0	5.4	2.7	100.0	9.9	111
90.5	0.5	0.0	7.0	2.0	100.0	9.5	200
91.0	0.0	0.0	6.3	1.6	100.0	7.8	256
88.1	0.0	0.0	8.0	3.1	100.0	11.2	286
86.7	0.0	0.0	9.5	3.7	100.0	13.3	241
	88.5 81.9 90.1 90.5 91.0 88.1	Valid weight and height 88.5 Weight not measured 88.5 0.3 81.9 0.0 90.1 1.8 90.5 0.5 91.0 0.0 88.1 0.0	Valid weight weight and height 88.5 0.3 Height not measured 81.9 0.0 0.0 90.1 1.8 0.0 90.5 0.5 0.0 91.0 0.0 0.0 88.1 0.0 0.0	Walid weight and and height measured Weight and height not measured Weight and height not measured 88.5 0.3 0.0 7.3 81.9 0.0 0.0 5.7 90.1 1.8 0.0 5.4 90.5 0.5 0.0 7.0 91.0 0.0 0.0 6.3 88.1 0.0 0.0 8.0	weight and height not height Weight not measured Height not measured Weight not height not measured Flagged height not cases (outliers) 88.5 0.3 0.0 7.3 3.5 81.9 0.0 0.0 5.7 12.4 90.1 1.8 0.0 5.4 2.7 90.5 0.5 0.0 7.0 2.0 91.0 0.0 0.0 6.3 1.6 88.1 0.0 0.0 8.0 3.1	Valid weight and weight and height measured Weight not height not height not measured Weight and height not cases (outliers) Flagged cases (outliers) Total 88.5 0.3 0.0 7.3 3.5 100.0 81.9 0.0 0.0 5.7 12.4 100.0 90.1 1.8 0.0 5.4 2.7 100.0 90.5 0.5 0.0 7.0 2.0 100.0 91.0 0.0 0.0 6.3 1.6 100.0 88.1 0.0 0.0 8.0 3.1 100.0	Valid weight and weight and height not measured Flagged (outliers) children excluded from analysis 88.5 0.3 0.0 7.3 3.5 100.0 11.1 81.9 0.0 0.0 5.7 12.4 100.0 18.1 90.1 1.8 0.0 5.4 2.7 100.0 9.9 90.5 0.5 0.0 7.0 2.0 100.0 9.5 91.0 0.0 0.0 6.3 1.6 100.0 7.8 88.1 0.0 0.0 8.0 3.1 100.0 11.2







Table DQ.8: Heaping in anthropometric measurements

Distribution of weight and height/length measurements by digits reported for decimals, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Wei	ight	Height (or length
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Digits				
0	121	10.9	528	47.5
1	113	10.2	52	4.7
2	148	13.4	109	9.8
3	111	10.0	72	6.5
4	92	8.3	62	5.6
5	101	9.1	166	14.9
6	126	11.4	43	3.9
7	100	9.0	29	2.6
8	92	8.3	33	3.0
9	104	9.4	17	1.5
0 or 5	222	20.0	694	62.5
Total	1,108	100.0	1,111	100.0

Table DQ.9: Observation of women's health cards

Percent distribution of women with a live birth in the last 2 years by presence of a health card, and the percentage of health cards seen by the interviewers, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

		Woman ha	s health card			Percent of	
	Woman does not have health card	Seen by the interviewer (1)	Not seen by the interviewer (2)	DK/Missing	Total	health cards seen by the interviewer (1)/ (1+2)*100	Number of women with a live birth in the last two years
Total	19.8	23.2	54.6	2.4	100.0	29.8	410
Region							
North West	15.6	31.3	50.0	3.1	100.0	38.5	96
East	10.4	16.9	68.8	3.9	100.0	19.7	77
North Central	30.1	14.0	54.8	1.1	100.0	20.3	93
South West	12.9	36.6	48.5	2.0	100.0	43.0	101
Tobago	39.5	4.7	53.5	2.3	100.0	8.0	43
Area							
Urban	21.6	26.5	49.5	2.5	100.0	34.8	204
Rural	18.0	19.9	59.7	2.4	100.0	25.0	206
Wealth index qui	ntiles						
Poorest	19.7	20.5	56.7	3.1	100.0	26.5	127
Second	18.9	28.4	51.4	1.4	100.0	35.6	74
Middle	25.0	23.9	46.7	4.3	100.0	33.8	92
Fourth	18.9	18.9	62.2	.0	100.0	23.3	74
Richest	11.6	27.9	58.1	2.3	100.0	32.4	43





Table DQ.10: Observation of under-5s birth certificates

Percent distribution of children under 5 by presence of birth certificates, and percentage of birth certificates seen, Trinidad and Tobago,

		Child has bi	rth certificate			Percentage of	
	Child does not have birth certificate	Seen by the interviewer (1)	Not seen by the interviewer (2)	DK/Missing	Total	birth certificates seen by the interviewer (1)/ (1+2)*100	Number of children under age 5
Total	9.5	57.8	32.7	0.0	100.0	63.9	1,199
Region							
North West	7.9	58.5	33.6	0.0	100.0	63.5	253
East	14.3	46.8	39.0	0.0	100.0	54.5	231
North Central	9.7	57.6	32.8	0.0	100.0	63.7	290
South West	8.3	75.0	16.7	0.0	100.0	81.8	288
Tobago	6.6	39.4	54.0	0.0	100.0	42.2	137
Area							
Urban	10.8	56.7	32.5	0.0	100.0	63.5	538
Rural	8.5	58.7	32.8	0.0	100.0	64.1	661
Child's age							
0	36.6	39.8	23.6	0.0	100.0	62.8	216
1	8.5	57.8	33.7	0.0	100.0	63.2	199
2	5.1	59.2	35.7	0.0	100.0	62.4	255
3	1.7	62.8	35.4	0.0	100.0	64.0	288
4	0.0	66.4	33.6	0.0	100.0	66.4	241

Table DQ.11: Observation of vaccination cards

Percent distribution of children under 5 years by presence of a vaccination card, and the percentage of vaccination cards seen by the interviewers, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Child doe vaccinat	es not have ion card	Child has va	ccination card			Percentage of birth	Number
	Had vaccination card previously	Never had vaccination card	Seen by the interviewer (1)	Not seen by the interviewer (2)	DK/Missing	Total	certificates seen by the interviewer (1)/(1+2)*100	of children under age 5
Total	0.4	3.3	75.8	20.3	0.2	100.0	78.9	1,199
Region								
North West	0.0	2.8	70.4	26.9	0.0	100.0	72.4	253
East	0.9	3.0	77.5	17.7	0.9	100.0	81.4	231
North Central	0.3	3.8	80.7	15.2	0.0	100.0	84.2	290
South West	0.7	2.8	80.9	15.6	0.0	100.0	83.8	288
Tobago	0.0	5.1	62.0	32.8	0.0	100.0	65.4	137
Area								
Urban	0.2	3.3	73.6	22.9	0.0	100.0	76.3	538
Rural	0.6	3.3	77.6	18.2	0.3	100.0	81.0	661
Child's age								
0	0.0	16.7	67.6	15.3	0.5	100.0	81.6	216
1	0.5	0.5	80.4	18.6	0.0	100.0	81.2	199
2	0.8	0.4	80.8	18.0	0.0	100.0	81.7	255
3	0.0	0.3	74.0	25.7	0.0	100.0	74.2	288
4	0.8	0.4	76.3	22.0	0.4	100.0	77.6	241







Table DQ.12: Presence of mother in the household and the person interviewed for the under-5 questionnaire

Distribution of children under five years by whether the mother lives in the same household, and the person interviewed for the under-5 questionnaire, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Mother in the household	Мо	ther not in the ho	usehold		Number of children
	Mother interviewed	Father interviewed	Other adult female interviewed	Other adult male interviewed	Total	under 5
Total	93.3	1.1	5.2	0.4	100.0	1,191
Age						
0	97.7	0.0	2.3	0.0	100.0	211
1	95.0	0.8	4.2	0.0	100.0	203
2	91.6	0.8	7.4	0.2	100.0	253
3	93.9	0.4	5.6	0.2	100.0	285
4	89.3	3.3	5.6	1.8	100.0	240

Table DQ.13: Selection of children age 2-14 years for the child discipline module

Percent of households with at least two children age 2-14 years where correct selection of one child for the child discipline module was performed, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Percent of households where correct selection was performed	Number of households with 2 o more children age 2-14 years
Total	71.5	922
Region		
North West	72.5	200
East	85.5	173
North Central	50.9	220
South West	72.9	221
Tobago	86.1	108
Area		
Urban	68.3	379
Rural	73.7	543
Number of children age 2-14 years		
2	74.7	652
3	62.9	194
4	74.1	54
5+	45.5	22





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Distribution of household population age 5-24 years by educational level and standard attended in the current (or most recent) school year, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

Approximate the partial control of the partia		•								Š	Currently attending	ttendin	500										
Prescription 1		Not				Prin	iary sch	looi					S	econda	ry scho	loc							Number o
Not		attending school	Preschool	+	2	1 1	4	1 1	Incon- sistent	ă		7	м	1 1	2	9		Incon- sistent		Tertiary	ă	Total	household
8 81.7 1.25 4.0 0.0 <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>																				•			
18 817 125 4.0 0.0	Age at beginnir	ng of school year																					
44 456 350 34 60 6	2	1.8	81.7	12.5	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		100.0	23
44 56 57 60<	9	0.4	53.0	38.0	8.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		100.0	22
14 15 54 14 62 15 16<	7	0.7	11.4	49.6	35.0	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		100.0	26
14 0.0 1.2 1.8.5 5.4.0 1.3.8 2.1 0.0 0.	8	0.8	1.0	13.4	56.8	25.7	1.7	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		100.0	24
113 10, 24 14, 25, 24 14, 25, 25 15, 25 20, 20, 25 20,	6	1.4	0.0	0.2	18.5	54.0	23.8	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		100.0	22
12	10	1.1	0.0	2.2	2.0	18.7	52.1	22.5	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		100.0	25
22 6.7 1.8 6.5 6.6 6.7 6.1 6.1 6.0	11	1.2	0.0	0.4	0.4	6.1	19.7	54.2	0.0	0.0	14.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0		100.0	25
16 0.2 0.7 0.0 0.3 5.5 0.0 15. 8.5 15. 8.5 15. 15. 2.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 15. 2.6 4.8 15. 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0	12	2.2	0.7	1.8	0.5	9.0	3.3	27.0	0.0	0.0	40.2	21.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.0		100.0	24
2.7 6.0 <td>13</td> <td>1.6</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>0.7</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>5.5</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>15.2</td> <td>58.5</td> <td>15.2</td> <td>2.0</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.5</td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td> <td>100.0</td> <td>24</td>	13	1.6	0.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.3	5.5	0.0	0.0	15.2	58.5	15.2	2.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0		100.0	24
5.6 0.0 <td>14</td> <td>2.7</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.1</td> <td>0.7</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>1.1</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>4.4</td> <td>21.6</td> <td>48.3</td> <td>19.6</td> <td>0.7</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.5</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td> <td>100.0</td> <td>25</td>	14	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	4.4	21.6	48.3	19.6	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.0		100.0	25
346 0.0 <td>15</td> <td>5.6</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>5.8</td> <td>21.3</td> <td>46.6</td> <td>19.7</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td></td> <td>100.0</td> <td>24</td>	15	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	5.8	21.3	46.6	19.7	0.0	0.2	0.0		0.0		100.0	24
34.6 0.0 <td>16</td> <td>13.6</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>9.0</td> <td>6.8</td> <td>15.5</td> <td>46.6</td> <td>11.3</td> <td>0.5</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>2.7</td> <td>1.9</td> <td></td> <td>100.0</td> <td>26</td>	16	13.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	9.0	6.8	15.5	46.6	11.3	0.5	0.0	2.7	1.9		100.0	26
53.5 0.0 <td>17</td> <td>34.6</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>1.1</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>3.5</td> <td>21.7</td> <td>19.9</td> <td>3.2</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>9.9</td> <td>8.9</td> <td></td> <td>100.0</td> <td>28</td>	17	34.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.2	0.3	3.5	21.7	19.9	3.2	0.0	9.9	8.9		100.0	28
61.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	18	53.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.0	10.2	10.3	0.9	0.0	2.3	16.4		100.0	21
70.1 0.0 <td>19</td> <td>61.7</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>1.3</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>1.8</td> <td>2.0</td> <td>1.1</td> <td>0.7</td> <td>4.0</td> <td>27.3</td> <td></td> <td>100.0</td> <td>26</td>	19	61.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	2.0	1.1	0.7	4.0	27.3		100.0	26
68.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	20	70.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	9.0	1.6	0.8	9.0	0.0	3.3	22.8		100.0	24
69.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	21	68.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.5	1.2	29.3		100.0	
80.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	22	69.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.2	27.3		100.0	25
$81.2 \qquad 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.2 16.7 0.0 100.0$	23	80.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	17.8			26
	24ª	81.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	16.7			32







Table DQ.15: Sex ratio at birth among children ever born and living

Sex ratio (number of males per 100 females) among children ever born (at birth), children living, and deceased children, by age of women, Trinidad and Tobago, 2011

	Cl	nildren Ever Boi	rn		Children Living	5	C	hildren Decease	d	
	Sons	Daughters	Sex ratio at birth	Sons	Daughters	Sex ratio	Sons	Daughters	Sex ratio	Number of women
Total	2,839	2,778	0.98	2,713	2,691	0.98	126	87	2.11	4,123
Age										
15-19	16	21	0.76	16	20	0.80	0	1	0.00	559
20-24	152	154	0.99	146	153	0.95	6	1	6.00	632
25-29	331	323	1.02	324	312	1.04	7	11	0.64	697
30-34	457	447	1.02	440	437	1.01	17	10	1.70	596
35-39	565	529	1.07	543	507	1.07	22	22	1.00	549
40-44	543	532	1.02	509	524	0.97	34	8	4.25	484
45-49	775	772	1.00	735	738	1.00	40	34	1.18	606





Appendix E. Questionnaires



HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

	TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO
HOUSEHOLD INFORMATION PANEL	HH
HH1. Cluster number:	HH2. Household number:
HH3. Interviewer name and number:	HH4. Supervisor name and number:
Name	Name
HH5. Day / Month / Year of interview:	
HH6. Area:	HH7. REGION:
Urban1	North West1
Rural	East 2
2	Central3
	South West4
	Tobago5

WE ARE FROM THE MINISTRY OF THE PEOPLE AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT. WE ARE WORKING ON A PROJECT CONCERNED WITH FAMILY HEALTH AND EDUCATION. I WOULD LIKE TO TALK TO YOU ABOUT THESE SUBJECTS. THE INTERVIEW WILL TAKE ABOUT (NUMBER) MINUTES. ALL THE INFORMATION WE OBTAIN WILL REMAIN STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL AND YOUR ANSWERS WILL NEVER BE SHARED WITH ANYONE OTHER THAN OUR PROJECT TEAM.

MAY I START NOW?

No, PERMISSION IS NOT GIVEN & COMPLETE HH9. DISCUSS THIS RESULT WITH YOUR SUPERVISOR.

	AFTER ALL QUESTIONNAIRES FOR THE HOUSEFFOLLOWING INFORMATION:	HOLD HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, FILL IN THE	
Γ	HH8. Name of head of household:		
r	HH9. Result of household interview:		
	Completed01	HH10. Respondent to household questionnaire:	
	No household member or no competent	Name:	
	respondent at home at time of visit02 Entire household absent for extended period of time/Closed Dwelling03	Line Number:	
	Refused	HH11. Total number of household members:	
	Other (<i>specify</i>) 96		
ľ	HH12. Number of women age 15-49 years:	HH13. Number of woman's questionnaires completed:	
	HH14. Number of children under age 5:	HH15. Number of under-5 questionnaires completed:	
	HH16. Field edited by (Name and number):	HH17. Data entry clerk (Name and number):	
	Name	Name	

YES, PERMISSION IS GIVEN & GO TO HH18 TO RECORD THE TIME AND THEN BEGIN THE INTERVIEW.

НL ОF THE HOUSEHOLD.	EHOLD IN LINE 01. LIST ALL HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS (HL2), THEIR RELATIONSHIP TO THE AND THEIR SEX (H		son at a time.		For children age 0-17 years members	HL12. HL13. HL14. HL15. HL16. Does (name)'s (nam	1 2 8
FORM OF EACH PERSON WHO USUALLY LIVES HERE, STARTING WITH THE HEAD OF THE HOUSEHOLD.	EHOLD MEMBERS	HOME NOW?	lf yes, complete listing for questions HL2-HL4. Then, ask questions starting with HL5 for each person at a time.	iave been used.	FOR CHILDREN UNDER AGE 5	HL9.	7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
USUALLY LIVES HERE,	I. LIST ALL HOUS H	$\it Then~ask$: $\sf Are ~there~any~others~who~live~here,~even~if~they~are~not~at~home~now?$	ask questions startii	Use an additional questionnaire if all rows in the household listing form have been used	FOR CHILDREN AGE 5-17	HL8. Who is the mother or primary caretaker of this child? RECORD LINE NUMBER OF MOTHER/ CARETAKER	
FORM DE EACH PERSON WHO	EHOLD IN LINE 01. AND THEIR SEX (H	WHO LIVE HERE, EVE	ns HL2-HL4. Then,	fall rows in the how	FOR WOMEN AGE 15-49	HL6. HL7. How old is (NAME)? CORCLE LINE LINE LINE LINE LINE RECORD IN NUMBER RECORD IN IF WOMAN AGE IS 95 IS AGE OR ABOVE, IS-49 AGE 15-49 ———————————————————————————————————	90 — —
HOUSEHOLD LISTING F First, please tell me the name of	LIST THE HEAD OF THOUSEI HOUSEHOLD HEAD (HL3), AI	THERE ANY OTHERS	te listing for questio	onal questionnaire ij		MONTH YEAR MONTH YEAR	
HOUSEHO First, please 1	LIST THE HE HOUSEHOLI	Then ask: ARE	If yes, complet	Use an additic		HL4. Is (NAME) MALE OR FEMALE? T Male 2 Female 1	2 2
						WHAT IS THE RELATION- SHIP OF (NAME) TO THE HEAD OF HOUSE- HOLD?	
HH18. Record the time.	Hour	Minutes				HLT. HLZ. LINE NAME 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.5	90

										_
HL16. To which ethnic group does (name) BELONG?	ETHNICITY***									
HL15. What is (name)'s religion?	Religion**									
HL14. Does (name)'s NATURAL FATHER LIVE IN THIS HOUSEHOLD? LINE NUMBER OF FATHER OR 00 FOR "NO"	FATHER									
HL13. IS (NAME)'S NATURAL FATHER ALVE? 2 NOSY Next Line 8 DKS Next Line	× N DK	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	
HL12. Does (name)'s NATURAL MOTHER LIVE IN THIS HOUSEHOLD? RECORD LINE NUMBER OF MOTHER OR 00 FOR	Мотнек									
HL11. Is (WAME)'S NATURAL MOTHER ALIVE? 2 NOS HL13 8 DKS HL13	Y N DK	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	
HL9. WHO IS THE MOTHER OR PRIMARY CARETAKER OF THIS CHILD? LINE NUMBER CARETAKER CARETAKER	Мотнек									
HL8. WHO IS THE MOTHER OR PRIMARY CARETAKER OF THIS CHILD? THIS CHILD? NUMBER OF MOTHER/ CARETAKER	Мотнек									
HL7. CIRCLE LINE LINE WOMBER WOMAN IS AGE 15-49	15-49	80	60	10	11	12	13	41	15	
HL6. How old is (NAME)? RECORD IN COMPLETED YEARS. IF AGE IS 95 OR ABOYE, RECORD '95'	AGE									
HL5. WHAT IS (<i>MAME</i>)'S DATE OF BIRTH? 3 DK 9998 DK	YEAR									
WHAT DATE	Момтн									
HL4. Is (<i>NAME</i>) MALE OR FEMALE? 1 Male 2 Female -	M	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	NAIRE
HL3. WHAT IS THE RELATION- SHIP OF (MAME) TO THE HEAD OF HOUSE- HOLD?	Relation*									4L QUESTION
HL2.	NAME									ADDITION
HL1. LINE NUMBER	LINE	80	60	10	11	12	13	14	15	TICK HERE IF ADDITIONAL QUESTIONNAIRE

Probe especially for any infants or small children not listed, and others who may not be members of the family (such as servants, friends) but who usually live in the household. Insert names of additional members in the household list and complete form accordingly. Probe for additional household members.

USED

For each child under age 5, write his/her name and line number AND the line number of his/her mother or caretaker in the information panel of a separate Under-5 Questionnaire. Now for each woman age 15-49 years, write her name and line number and other identifying information in the information panel of a separate Individual Women's Questionnaire. You should now have a separate questionnaire for each eligible woman and each child under five in the household.

* Codes for HL3: Relationship to head of household:

01 Head	06 Parc	ent 11	Niece / Nephew
02 Wife / Husband	07 Pare	ent-In-Law 12	Other relative
03 Son / Daughter	08 Bro	other / Sister 13	Adopted / Foster / Stepchild
04 Son-In-Law / Daugh	nter-In-Law 09 Bro	other-In-Law / Sister-In-Law 14	Not related
05 Grandchild	10 Uno	cle / Aunt 98	Don't know

** Codes for HL15: Religion

01 Anglican 02 Baptist 03 Hindu 04 Muslim	06 Methodist 07 Moravian 08 Pentecostal/Evangelical 09 Presbyterian	11 Seventh Day Adventist 95 No religion 96 Other (specify) 98 DK
05 Jehovah Witness	10 Roman Catholics	70 BR

*** Codes for HL16: Ethnicity

01 African	05 Caucasian
02 Indian	06 Mixed
03 Chinese	07 Not Stated
04 Syrian/Lebanese	96 Other (specify)

				_	Π.														
		S SCHOOL ID STANDARD ATTEND?	STD/FORM/ YEAR 98 DK	STD/FORM /															
SO VEV DO	SO YEARS ED8. DURING THAT PREVIOUS SCHOOL YEAR, WHICH LEVEL AND STANDARD/ FORMYEAR DID (NAME) ATTEND?		Level: 0 Preschool 1 Primary 2 Secondary 3 Tech/Voc 4 Tertiary 8 DK	LEVEL	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8
	2573 AGE 3-0	ED7. DURING THE PREVIOUS SCHOOL YEAR, THAT IS (2010- 2011), DID	AT Line	N DK	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8	1 2 8
	יייטבט ואיבואיב	FEAR, WHICH	Std/Form/ Year 98 DK	STD/FORM/															
	FOR HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS AGE 5-30 YEARS ED6. ED7. DURING THIS SCHOOL YEAR, WHICH LEVEL AND STANDARD/FORM/YEAR IS (NAME) ATTENDING? PREVIOUS PR	EDG. DURING THIS SCHOOL ' LEVEL AND STANDARDÍ((NAME) ATTENDING?	Level: 0 Preschool 1 Primary 2 Secondary 3 Tech/Voc 4 Tertiary 8 DK	Level	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8
ED		ED5. DURING THE (2011) SCHOOL YEAR, DID (NAME) ATTEND SCHOOL OR	PRESCHOOL AT ANY TIME? 1 YES 2 NO S ED7	Yes No	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2
		ED4B. WHAT IS THE HIGHEST STANDARD /FORM/YEAR (NAME)	COMPLETED AT THIS LEVEL? Std/Form/ Year: 98 DK IF LESS THAN STD 1, ENTER 00.	STD/FORM/															
ON MEMBERS ACE E AND ABOVE	GE 3 AIND ABOV	ED4A. WHAT IS THE HIGHEST LEVEL OF SCHOOL (NAME) ATTENDED? LEVEL:	0 Preschool 1 Primary 2 Secondary 3 Tech/Voc 4 Tertiary 8 DK IF LEVEL=0, SKIP TO ED5	LEVEL	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8	0 1 2 3 4 8
AENADEDS A	ILINDERS A	ED3. HAS (NAME) EVER ATTENDED SCHOOL OR PRE-SCHOOL?		Yes No	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2
י חסו ופבחסה מי	N UOUSENOED N	ED2. NAME AND AGE COPY FROM HOUSEHOLD LISTING FORM, HL2 AND HL6		Name Age															
EDUCATION		ED1. LINE NUMBER		LINE	10	02	03	40	90	90	20	80	60	10	11	12	13	14	15

WATER AND SANITATION		ws
WS1. What is the <u>main</u> source of drinking water	Piped water	
FOR MEMBERS OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?	Piped water Piped into dwelling11	11⇒WS6
FOR MEMBERS OF TOUR HOUSEHOLD!	Piped into dwelling	11⇒WS6
	Piped to neighbour	12⇒WS6
	Public tap / standpipe14	13⇒WS0 14⇒WS3
	Water from spring	14-7 003
	Protected spring41	41⇒WS3
	Unprotected spring	41⇒WS3
	Rainwater collection	51⇒WS3
	Tanker-truck	61⇒WS3
	Cart with small tank / drum71	71⇒WS3
	Surface water (river, stream, dam, lake,	7 1 -> VV33
	pond, canal, irrigation channel) 81	81⇒WS3
	Bottled water91	
	Other (specify)96	96 ⇒WS 3
WS2. What is the MAIN SOURCE OF WATER USED BY	Piped water	
YOUR HOUSEHOLD FOR OTHER PURPOSES SUCH AS COOKING AND HANDWASHING?	Piped into dwelling11	11⇒WS6
	Piped into compound, yard or plot 12	12⇒WS6
	Piped to neighbour 13	13⇒WS6
	Public tap / standpipe 14	
	Water from spring	
	Protected spring41	
	Unprotected spring 42	
	Rainwater collection 51	
	Tanker-truck61	
	Cart with small tank / drum71	
	Surface water (river, stream, dam, lake,	
	pond, canal, irrigation channel) 81	
	Bottled water82	
	Other (<i>specify</i>)96	
		4
WS3. Where is that water source located?	In own dwelling	1⇒WS6
	In own yard / plot	2⇒WS6
	Elsewhere 3	
WS4. How long does it take to go there, get		
WATER, AND COME BACK?	Number of minutes	
	DK998	

WS5. Who usually goes to this source to		
	Adult woman (age 15+ years) 1	
COLLECT THE WATER FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD?	Adult man (age 15+ years)2	
	Female child (under 15) 3	
	Male child (under 15)4	
Is this person under age 15?		
	DI/	
What sex?	DK 8	
W00 B	· · ·	
	Yes	
IT SAFER TO DRINK?	No2	2⇒WS8
	DK 8	8⇒WS8
WS7. WHAT DO YOU USUALLY DO TO MAKE THE	BoilA	
	Add bleach / chlorine	
	Strain it through a clothC	
	Use water filter (ceramic, sand, composite,	
Anything else?	etc.)D	
	Let it stand and settleF	
RECORD ALL ITEMS MENTIONED.		
	Other (specify)	
	Other (specify) X	
	DK Z	
WS8. WHAT KIND OF TOILET FACILITY DO MEMBERS	Flush / Pour flush	
OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD USUALLY USE?	Flush to piped sewer system11	
	Flush to septic tank 12	
IF "FLUSH" OR "POUR FLUSH",	Flush to somewhere else	
PROBE:		
	Flush to unknown place / Not sure /	
WHERE DOES IT FLUSH TO?		
	DK where 15	
IF NECESSARY, ASK PERMISSION TO	Pit latrine	
OBSERVE THE FACILITY.	Ventilated Improved Pit latrine (VIP) 21	
	Pit latrine with slab22	
	Pit latrine without slab / Open pit 23	
	Tit latille without slab? Open pit 25	
	D 1 1	
	Bucket41	
		95⇒Next
	No facility, Bush, Field 95	Module
	•	
	Other (<i>specify</i>)96	
	- Carlot (<i>Operatio</i>)	
WS9. Do you share this facility with others	Yes	
_		0.11
WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD?	No	2⇒Next
	2	Module
WS10. Do you share this facility only with	Other households only (not public) 1	
	Public facility2	2⇒Next
KNOW, OR IS THE FACILITY OPEN TO THE USE OF	,	Module
THE GENERAL PUBLIC?		IVIOGUIE
WS11. How many households in total use	N 1 (1 1 1 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	
	Number of households (if less than 10) 0	
THIS TOILET FACILITY, INCLUDING YOUR OWN HOUSEHOLD?		
HOUSEHOLD?	Ten or more households10	
HOUSEHOLD?	Ten or more households10	
HOUSEHOLD?	Ten or more households	

HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS		HC
HC2. How many rooms in this household are		
USED FOR SLEEPING?	Number of rooms	
HC2 Many 1475514 25 745 24714 142 51 225	Natural floor	
HC3. Main material of the dwelling floor.		
DECORD ORSEDVATION	Dirt	
RECORD OBSERVATION.	Tapia	
	Rudimentary floor	
	Wood planks21	
	Finished floor	
	Parquet or polished wood	
	Vinyl or asphalt strips	
	Ceramic tiles	
	Concrete	
	Carpet	
	Other (specify)	
	96	
HC4. Main material of the roof.	Natural roofing	
	No Roof11	
RECORD OBSERVATION.	Rudimentary Roofing	
	, ,	
	Wood planks23	
	Finished roofing	
	Metal31	
	Wood 32	
	Clay tiles34	
	Concrete 35	
	Roofing shingles 36	
	Galvanized iron/Aluzinc	
	Other (<i>specify</i>)96	
	()	
HC5. Main material of the walls.	Natural walls	
	Dirt/Tapia13	
RECORD OBSERVATION.	Tapia14	
	Rudimentary walls	
	Plywood 24	
	Carton25	
	Reused wood26	
	Galvanized iron/Aluzinc27	
	Finished walls	
	Concrete 31	
	Stone with mortar 32	
	Bricks	
	Concrete blocks34	
	Wood (e.g. cedar)36	
	Galvanized iron/Aluzinc37	
	Hollow clay blocks	
	Hollow clay or Concrete blocks	
	(plastered) 39	
	Other (<i>specify</i>)96	

HC6. What type of fuel does your household mainly	Electricity 01	01⇒HC8
USE FOR COOKING?	Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) 02	02⇒HC8
	Natural gas 03	03⇒HC8
	Kerosene 05	04⇒HC8
	Wood 08	05⇒HC8
		0057⊓00
	Other (specify) 96	
HC6a. In this household, is food cooked on an open	Open fire 1	
FIRE, AN OPEN STOVE OR A CLOSED STOVE?	Open stove 2	
	Closed stove	3⇒HC7
	Other (specify) 4	4⇒HC7
HC6B. Does the fire/stove have a chimney or a	Yes 1	
HOOD?	No2	
HC7. IS THE COOKING USUALLY DONE IN THE HOUSE, IN A	In the house	
SEPARATE BUILDING, OR OUTDOORS?	In a separate room used as kitchen 1	
, ,	Elsewhere in the house	
IF 'IN THE HOUSE', PROBE: IS IT DONE IN A SEPARATE	In a separate building 3	
ROOM USED AS A KITCHEN?	Outdoors	
	Other (specify)6	
	0	
	Į.	

HC8. Does your household have:			N.							
[A] ELECTRICITY?		Yes	No							
[B] A RADIO?	Electricity		2							
[C] A TELEVISION?	Radio	1	2							
[D] A NON-MOBILE TELEPHONE?	Television	1	2							
[E] A REFRIGERATOR?	Non-mobile telephone	1	2							
[F] A Stove?	Refrigerator	1	2							
	Stove	1	2							
[G] A WASHING MACHINE?	Washing machine	1	2							
[H] A CLOTHES DRYER?	Clothes dryer	1	2							
[I] A WATER HEATER (TANK/CANISTER)?	Water heater (tank/canister)	1	2							
[J] A MICROWAVE OVEN?	Microwave oven		2							
[K] An air condition unit?	Air condition unit		2							
[L] INTERNET SERVICE?			2							
[M] CABLE/DIRECT TV?										
[N] A DVD PLAYER?	Cable/direct tv Dvd player		2							
[O] A cutlass or gilpin?		2								
	1	2								
[P] A BRUSHING CUTLASS?	Brushing cutlass	1	2							
[Q] A Lawn Mower? HC9. Does any member of your household own:	Lawn mower	1	2							
		Yes	No							
[B] A MOBILE/CELLULAR PHONE?	Mobile/cellular phone	1	2							
[C] A COMPUTER?	Computer	1	2							
[D] A SEWING MACHINE?			_							
[E] An stereo or radio with cd player?	Sewing machine		2							
[J] A car/truck?	Stereo or radio with cd player	1	2							
	Car or truck	1	2							
[F] A BOAT FOR FISHING?	Boat for fishing	1	2							
[G] A BOAT FOR PLEASURE?	Boat for pleasure	1	2							
[H] An MP3 Player?	MP3 Player	1	2							
[I] An ipod	iPod	1	2							

	Τ	т
HC10. Do you or someone living in this household	Own 1	
OWN THIS DWELLING?	Rent2	
IF "No", THEN ASK: DO YOU RENT THIS DWELLING	Other (Not owned or rented)6	
FROM SOMEONE NOT LIVING IN THIS HOUSEHOLD?		
If "Rented from someone else", circle "2". For		
OTHER RESPONSES, CIRCLE "6".		
11044 B		
HC11. Does any member of this household own any	Yes 1	
LAND THAT CAN BE USED FOR AGRICULTURE?	No2	2⇒HC13
HC12. How many hectares of agricultural land do		
MEMBERS OF THIS HOUSEHOLD OWN?	Hectares	
WEWBERG OF THIS HOUSEHGEB OWN.		
If less than 1, record "00". If 95 or more,		
RECORD '95'. If UNKNOWN, RECORD '98'.		
RECORD 30. IF UNKNOWN, RECORD 90.		
HC13. Does this household own any livestock,	Yes	
HERDS, OTHER FARM ANIMALS, OR POULTRY?	No2	2⇒HC15
,		
HC14. How many of the following animals does this		
HOUSEHOLD HAVE?		
[A] CATTLE, MILK COWS, OR BULLS?	Cattle, milk cows, or bulls	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
[B] Horses, donkeys, or mules?	Horses, donkeys, or mules	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
[C] Goats?	Goats	
[-]		
[D] SHEEP?	Sheep	
[E] CHICKENS?	Chickens	
[F] Pigs?	Pigs	
[1] 1 100.		
If none, record '00'.		
If 95 or more, record '95'.		
If unknown, record '98'.		
HC15. Does any member of this household have a	Yes	
BANK ACCOUNT/CREDIT UNION/SAVINGS ACCOUNT	No	
DAME ACCOUNT ON LOT ON	110	

TO BE ADMINISTERED FOR CHILDREN IN THE HOUSEHOLD AGE **5-17** YEARS. FOR HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS BELOW AGE 5 OR ABOVE AGE 17, LEAVE ROWS BLANK. Now I won the factor of the following for the following the factor of the fa CHILD LABOUR

C	O.110.	SINCE LAST (DAY OF THE WEEK),	ABOUT HOW MANY	HOURS DID HE/SHE	SPEND DOING THESE	CHORES?														Number	of hours																
C	C LS.	DURING THE PAST WEEK,	DID (NAME)	HELP WITH	HOUSEHOLD	CHORES SUCH	AS SHOPPING,	WASHING	CLOTHES,	COOKING; OR	CARING FOR	CHILDREN,	OLD OR SICK	PEOPLE?		1 Yes	2 No ⇔ NEXT	LINE			Yes No	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	
Ö	Shior sor	SINCE LASI (DAY OF THE WEEK),	ABOUT HOW MANY HOURS	DID HE/SHE DO THIS WORK	FOR HIS/HER FAMILY OR	HIMSELF/	HEKSELT :													Number	of hours																
Ī		DUKING THE PAST WEEK, DID	(NAME) DO ANY	PAID OR UNPAID	WORK ON A	FAMILY FARM	OK IN A FAMILY	SELLING GOODS	IN THE STREET?		INCLUDE	WORK FOR	A BUSINESS	KON BY	AI ONE OR	WITHONE	OR MORE	PARTNERS.	1 Yes 2 No ⇔ CL9		Yes No	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	
9	Chief i for	OINCE LAST (DAY OF THE WEEK),	ABOUT HOW MANY	HOURS DID HE/SHE	FETCH WATER OR	COLLECT FIREWOOD	FOR HOUSEHOLD USE ?													Number	of hours																
AAY DO.	, C.S.	DUKING THE PAST WEEK,	DID (NAME)	FETCH WATER	OR COLLECT	FIREWOOD	FOR GIGIO	HOUSEHOLD USE?						, ,	10 CN	CL7	i				Yes No	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	
REN IN THIS HOUSEHOLD MAY DO.		SINCE LAST (DAY OF THE WEEK),	ABOUT HOW MANY HOURS	DID HE/SHE DO THIS WORK	FOR SOMEONE WHO IS NOT A	MEMBER OF THIS HOUSEHOLD?	ANO WALL HOUSE	JOB. INCLUDE ALL	HOURS AT ALL JOBS.											Number	of hours																
Now I would like to ask about any work children		DUKING THE PAST WEEK, DID (NAME) DO ANY KIND	OF WORK FOR SOMEONE	WHO IS NOT A MEMBER OF	THIS HOUSEHOLD?	I VII ONO INI ONO INI	IF YES. FOR PAY IN CASH		1 Yes, for pay	(CASH OR KIND)	2 Yes, unpaid	3 No ⊕CL5								Yes No	npaid	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	
D LIKE TO ASK AB	NAME AND ACE	ואאווו אוט אפון		COPY FROM	Household	LISTING TORM,	TILZ AND TILO														Name Age																-
Now I woull		NUMBER																			Line	01	02	03	90	05	90	20	80	60	10	11	12	13	41	15	

HE FOLLOWING:			Х Отнек (specify)												
CL 14 IN HIS/HER WORK IS (NAME) EXPOSED TO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING: A DUST, FUMES, GAS (OXYGEN, AMMONIA) B NOISE C EXTREME TEMPERATURES OR HUMIDITY D DANGEROUS TOOLS (KNIVES, ETC) E WORK UNDERGROUND E WORK AT HEIGHTS G INSUFFICIENT LIGHTING H CHEMICALS (PESTICIDE, GLUE, ETC) X OTHER (SPECIFY) Y NONE OF THE ABOVE Z DON'T KNOW			АВСОЕГ СНҮ 2	ABCDEFGHYZ											
CL 13 DURING WHAT TIME OF DAY DID (NAME) CARRY OUT HIS/HER WORK? A MORNING/AFTERNOON (6AM- C 6PM) B NIGHT/PRE-DAWN (6PM-6AM) E Z DON'T KNOW X X Y Y Y Y	Day Night DK		A B Z	A B Z	A B Z	A B Z	A B Z	A B Z	A B Z	A B Z			A B Z	A B Z	A B Z
α															
	Industry														
TASK (NAME) WAS PLE, CLEANING ICULTURAL DORK THAT (NAME) JOBS OCCUPY SIR THE JOB EY															
CL 11 DESCRIBE THE MAIN JOB/TASK (NAME) WAS PLEASE DESCRIBE PERFORMING, FOR EXAMPLE, CLEANING ACTIVITY, THAT IS, CARS, HARVESTING, AGRICULTURAL SERVICES RENDER PRODUCTS MAIN REFERS TO THE WORK THAT (NAME) SPENT MOST OF THE TIME OF THE WEEK DOING. IF TWO OR MORE JOBS OCCUPY THE SAME TIME, CONSIDER THE JOB EARNING THE MOST MONEY		Occupation													
CL1. LINE NUMBER		Line	01	02	03	04	90	90	20	80	60	10	11	12	13

CHILD DISCIPLINE CD

TABLE 1: CHILDREN AGED 2-14 YEARS ELIGIBLE FOR CHILD DISCIPLINE QUESTIONS

 List each of the children aged 2-14 years below in the order they appear in the Household Listing Form. Do not include other household members outside of the age range 2-14 years.

- o Record the line number, name, sex, and age for each child.
- o Then record the total number of children aged 2-14 in the box provided (CD6).

CD1 Rank number	CD2 Line number from HL1	CD3 Name from HL2	CI Sex fro	D4 om HL4	CD5 Age from HL5
Rank	Line	Name	М	F	Age
1			1	2	
2			1	2	
3			1	2	
4			1	2	
5			1	2	
6			1	2	
7			1	2	
8			1	2	
CD6	Total children age 2-	14 years			

o If there is only one child age 2-14 years in the household, then skip table 2 and go to CD8; write down'1' and continue with CD9

TABLE 2: SELECTION OF RANDOM CHILD FOR CHILD DISCIPLINE QUESTIONS

- o Use Table 2 to select one child between the ages of 2 and 14 years, if there is more than one child in that age range in the household.
- Check the last digit of the household number (HH2) from the cover page. This is the number of the row you should go to in the table below.
- o Check the total number of eligible children (2-14) in CD6 above. This is the number of the column you should go to.
- Find the box where the row and the column meet and circle the number that appears in the box. This is the rank number of the child (CD1) about whom the questions will be asked.

CD7		Total Number of Eligible Children in the Household (CD6)								
Last digit of household number (HH2)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8+		
0	1	2	2	4	3	6	5	4		
1	1	1	3	1	4	1	6	5		
2	1	2	1	2	5	2	7	6		
3	1	1	2	3	1	3	1	7		
4	1	2	3	4	2	4	2	8		
5	1	1	1	1	3	5	3	1		
6	1	2	2	2	4	6	4	2		
7	1	1	3	3	5	1	5	3		
8	1	2	1	4	1	2	6	4		
9	1	1	2	1	2	3	7	5		

SD8	3. F	Record	l the	rank	(numi	ber (ot t	he.	sele	cte	ed (chila		
-----	------	--------	-------	------	--------	-------	------	-----	------	-----	------	-------	--	--

CD9. Write the name and line number of the child selected for the module from CD3 and CD2, based on the rank number in CD8.	Name Line number
CD10. ADULTS USE CERTAIN WAYS TO TEACH CHILDREN THE RIGHT BEHAVIOUR OR TO ADDRESS A BEHAVIOUR PROBLEM. I WILL READ VARIOUS METHODS THAT ARE USED AND I WANT YOU TO TELL ME IF YOU OR ANYONE ELSE IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD HAS USED THIS METHOD WITH (NAME) IN THE PAST MONTH.	
CD11. Took away privileges, forbade something (<i>name</i>) liked or did not allow him/her to leave house.	Yes
CD12. Explained why (<i>NAME</i>)'s BEHAVIOR WAS WRONG.	Yes
CD13. Shook him/her.	Yes
CD14. Shouted, yelled at or screamed at him/her.	Yes
CD15. GAVE HIM/HER SOMETHING ELSE TO DO.	Yes
CD16. Spanked, hit or slapped him/her on the bottom with bare hand.	Yes
CD17. HIT HIM/HER ON THE BOTTOM OR ELSEWHERE ON THE BODY WITH SOMETHING LIKE A BELT, HAIRBRUSH, STICK OR OTHER HARD OBJECT.	Yes
CD18. CALLED HIM/HER DUMB, LAZY, OR ANOTHER NAME LIKE THAT.	Yes
CD19. HIT OR SLAPPED HIM/HER ON THE FACE, HEAD OR EARS.	Yes
CD20. HIT OR SLAPPED HIM/HER ON THE HAND, ARM, OR LEG.	Yes
CD21. BEAT HIM/HER UP, THAT IS HIT HIM/HER OVER AND OVER AS HARD AS ONE COULD.	Yes
CD22. Do you believe that in order to bring up, raise, or educate a child properly, the child needs to be physically punished?	Yes

HANDWASHING		HW
HW1. Please show me where members of your household most often wash their hands.	Observed	2⇒HW4
	No permission to see	3⇒HW4 6⇒HW4
HW2. Observe presence of water at the specific place for handwashing.	Water is available1	
Verify by checking the tap/pump, or basin, bucket, water container or similar objects for presence of water.	Water is not available 2	
HW3. Record if soap or detergent is present at the specific place for handwashing.	Bar soap A	A⇒HH19
CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY.	Detergent (Powder / Liquid / Paste) B	B⇔HH19
SKIP TO HH19 IF ANY SOAP OR DETERGENT CODE (A, B, C, OR D) IS	Liquid soapC	C⇒HH19
CIRCLED. IF "NONE" (Y) IS CIRCLED, CONTINUE WITH HW4.	Ash / Mud / SandD	D⇒HH19
CONTINUE WITH HW4.	NoneY	
HW4. Do you have any soap, detergent or hand sanitizer in your household for washing hands?	Yes1	
HANDS:	No2	2⇒HH19
HW5. Can you please show it to me?	Bar soap A	
RECORD OBSERVATION. CIRCLE ALL THAT APPLY.	Detergent (Powder / Liquid / Paste) B	
	Liquid soapC	
	Ash / Mud / SandD	
	Not able / Does not want to showY	

HH19. Record the time.	Hour and minutes::::::	
THIT S. NECOND THE TIME.	110df dffd 11111dcc3	

SALT IODIZATION		SI
SI1. WE WOULD LIKE TO CHECK WHETHER THE SALT USED IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD IS IODIZED. MAY I HAVE A SAMPLE OF THE SALT USED TO COOK MEALS IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD?	Not iodized 0 PPM	
ONCE YOU HAVE TESTED THE SALT, CIRCLE NUMBER THAT CORRESPONDS TO TEST OUTCOME.	No salt in the house	

HH20. THANK THE RESPONDENT FOR HIS/HER COOPERATION AND CHECK THE HOUSEHOLD LISTING FORM:

" A separate Questionnaire for Individual Women has been issued for each woman age 15-49 years in

the household list (HL7)

" A separate Questionnaire for Children Under Five has been issued for each child under age 5 years

in the household list (HL8)

Return to the cover page and make sure that all information is entered, including the number of eligible women (HH12) and under-5s (HH14).

Make arrangements for the administration of the remaining questionnaire(s) in this household.

Interviewer's Observations
Field Editor's Observations
Supervisor's Observations



QUESTIONNAIRE FOR INDIVIDUAL WOMEN Trinidad and Tobago

WOMAN'S INFORMATION PANEL	WM
	15 through 49 (see Household Listing Form, column HL7).
A separate questionnaire should be used for each eligible	woman.
WM1. Cluster number:	WM2. Household number:
www. Claster Hamber.	WW.Z. Flousefiold Humber.
WM3. Woman's name:	WM4. Woman's line number:
Name	
WM5. Interviewer name and number:	WM6. Day / Month / Year of interview:
Name	//
Repeat greeting if not already read to this woman: We are from the ministry of the people and social developmen' We are working on a project concerned with family Health and education. I would like to talk to you about these subjects. The interview will take about (number) minutes. All the information we obtain will remain strictly confidential and your answers will never be shared with anyone other than our project team. May I start now? Yes, permission is given & Go to WM10 to re	Now I would like to talk to you more about your health and other topics. This interview will take about (number) minutes. Again, all the information we obtain will remain strictly confidential and your answers will never be shared with anyone other than our project team.
☐ No, permission is not given ⊕ Complete Wi	M7. Discuss this result with your supervisor.
WM7. Result of woman's interview	Completed01
	Not at home02
	Refused03
	Partly completed04
	Incapacitated05
	Other (specify)96
WM8. Field edited by (Name and number):	WM9. Data entry clerk (Name and number):
Name	Name

WM10. Record the time.	Hour and minutes : : :	

WOMAN'S BACKGROUND		WB
WB1. In what month and year were you born?	Date of birth Month98	
	Year 9998	
WB2. How old are you? Probe: How old were you at your last birthday?	Age (in completed years)	
Compare and correct WB1 and/or WB2 if inconsistent		
WB3. Have you ever attended school or preschool?	Yes	2⇒WB7
WB4. What is the highest level of school you attended?	Preschool 0 Primary 1 Secondary 2 Tech/Voc 3 Tertiary 4	0⇔WB7
WB5. What is the highest Standard/Form / YEAR/ YOU COMPLETED AT THAT LEVEL? If less than a completed Standard 1, enter	Standard/Form/Year	
"00" WB6. Check WB4:		
☐ Secondary or higher. ⇔ Go to Next Mo	odule	
WB7. Now I would like you to read this sentence to me. Show sentence on the card to the respondent.	Cannot read at all	
If respondent cannot read whole sentence, probe:	No sentence in required language 4	
Can you read part of the sentence to me?	(specify language)	
	Blind / mute, visually / speech impaired 5	

	FORMATION/COMMUNICATION TECHNOLO	OGY MT
MT1. Check WB7:		
" Question left blank (Pespondent has se	econdary or more education) ð Continue with Mī	Γο
Question leit blank (Nespondent has se	econdary of more education, o continue with will	1 2
" Able to read or no sentence in required	l language (codes 2, 3 or 4) ð Continue with MT2	2
" Cannot read at all or blind (codes 1 or t	5) ð Go to MT3	
MT2. How often do you read a newspaper or	Almost every day 1	
MAGAZINE: ALMOST EVERY DAY, AT LEAST ONCE A	At least once a week2	
WEEK, LESS THAN ONCE A WEEK OR NOT AT ALL?	Less than once a week	
	Not at all	
NTO D	4	
MT3. Do you listen to the radio almost every	Almost every day 1 At least once a week 2	
DAY, AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK, LESS THAN ONCE A WEEK OR NOT AT ALL?	Less than once a week	
WEEK OK NOT AT ALE:	Not at all	
	A	
MT4. How often do you watch television: Would	Almost every day1	
YOU SAY THAT YOU WATCH ALMOST EVERY DAY, AT	At least once a week 2	
LEAST ONCE A WEEK, LESS THAN ONCE A WEEK OR	Less than once a week	
NOT AT ALL?	Not at all	
MT5. Check WB2: Age of respondent 15-24 year	<u> </u>	
Wite. Check WB2. Age of respondent to 21 year	o .	
" Yes, age 15-24 ð Continue with MT6		
" No, age 25-49 ở Go to Next Module		1
MT6. Have you ever used a computer?	Yes	
	No 2	2⇒MT9
MT7. Have you used a computer from any	Yes	
LOCATION IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS?	No	2⇒MT9
	2	
MT8. During the last one month, how often did	Almost every day 1	
YOU USE A COMPUTER: ALMOST EVERY DAY, AT	At least once a week	
LEAST ONCE A WEEK, LESS THAN ONCE A WEEK OR NOT AT ALL?	Less than once a week	
NOTALALL!	4	
MT9. Have you ever used the internet?	Yes	
	No	2⇒Next
	2	Module
MT10. In the last 12 months, have you used the	Yes 1	
INTERNET?	No	2⇒ Next
If necessary, probe for use from any	2	Module
location, with any device.		
MT11. During the last one month, how often	Almost every day1	
DID YOU USE THE INTERNET: ALMOST EVERY DAY,	At least once a week	
AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK, LESS THAN ONCE A WEEK	Less than once a week	
OR NOT AT ALL?	Not at all	
	I /I	1

CHILD MORTALITY		CM
All questions refer only to LIVE births.		
CM1. Now I would like to ask about all the	Yes 1	
BIRTHS YOU HAVE HAD DURING YOUR LIFE. HAVE	No2	2⇒CM8
YOU EVER GIVEN BIRTH?		
CM2. What was the date of your first birth?	Date of first birth	
	Day	
I MEAN THE VERY FIRST TIME YOU GAVE BIRTH,	DK day 98	
EVEN IF THE CHILD IS NO LONGER LIVING, OR		
WHOSE FATHER IS NOT YOUR CURRENT PARTNER.	Month	
	DK month	
Skip to CM4 only if year of first birth is		
given. Otherwise, continue with CM3.	Year	⇒CM4
	DK year9998	
CM3. How many years ago did you have		
YOUR FIRST BIRTH?	Completed years since first birth	
CM4. Do you have any sons or daughters to	Yes 1	
WHOM YOU HAVE GIVEN BIRTH WHO ARE NOW	No	2⇔CM6
LIVING WITH YOU?	2	
CM5. How many sons live with you?	Sons at home	
How many daughters live with you?	Daughters at home	
If none, record '00'.		
CM6. Do you have any sons or daughters to	Yes 1	
WHOM YOU HAVE GIVEN BIRTH WHO ARE ALIVE BUT	No2	2⇒CM8
DO NOT LIVE WITH YOU?		
CM7. How many sons are alive but do not live		
WITH YOU?	Sons elsewhere	
How many daughters are alive but do not	Daughters elsewhere	
LIVE WITH YOU?		
If none, record '00'.	l Va	
CM8. Have you ever given birth to a boy or girl	Yes 1	0.00445
WHO WAS BORN ALIVE BUT LATER DIED?	No	2⇒CM10
15 (())	2	
If "No" probe by asking:		
I MEAN, TO A CHILD WHO EVER BREATHED OR CRIED		
OR SHOWED OTHER SIGNS OF LIFE — EVEN IF HE OR		
SHE LIVED ONLY A FEW MINUTES OR HOURS?		
0140 11		
CM9. How many boys have died?	Boys dead	
How many girls have died?	Girls dead	
16.001		
If none, record '00'.		
CM10. Sum answers to CM5, CM7, and CM9.	Sum	

CM11. Just to make sure that I have this right, you have had in total (total number in CM10) live births during your life. Is this correct?		
☐ Yes. Check below:		
☐ No live births ⇒ Go to ILLNESS SYMPTOMS Module		
☐ One or more live births ⇒ Continue w	vith CM12	
☐ No ➡ Check responses to CM1-CM10 and make corrections as necessary before proceeding to CM12		
CM12. OF THESE (total number in CM10) BIRTHS YOU HAVE HAD, WHEN DID YOU DELIVER THE LAST ONE (EVEN IF HE OR SHE HAS DIED)?	Date of last birth Day DK day 98	
Month and year must be recorded.	Month	
	Year	
CM13. Check CM12: Last birth occurred within t in 2009	the last 2 years, that is, since (day and month of interview)	
☐ No live birth in last 2 years. ⇒ Go to Ib	LLNESS SYMPTOMS Module.	
□One or more live births in last 2 years. ⇒ Ask for the name of the child		
Name of child	_	
If child has died, take special care when referring to this child by name in the following modules.		
Continue with the next module.		

DESIRE FOR LAST BIRTH		DB
This module is to be administered to all women v	vith a live birth in the 2 years preceding date of i	nterview.
Check child mortality module CM13 and record n	name of last-born child here	
Use this child's name in the following questions,	where indicated.	
DB1. When you got pregnant with (name), did	Yes1	1⇒Next
YOU WANT TO GET PREGNANT AT THAT TIME?		Module
	No2	
DB2. DID YOU WANT TO HAVE A BABY LATER ON, OR	Later 1	
DID YOU NOT WANT ANY (MORE) CHILDREN?		
	No more	2⇒Next
	2	Module
DB3. How much longer did you want to wait?		
	Months 1	
	Years 2	
	DK998	

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH		MN
This module is to be administered to all women w		
Check child mortality module CM13 and record name of last-born child here		
Use this child's name in the following questions,		
MN1. Did you see anyone for antenatal care	Yes	2 NANE
DURING YOUR PREGNANCY WITH (name)?	No2	2⇒MN5
MN2. WHOM DID YOU SEE?	Health professional:	
With the man big 100 dec.	DoctorA	
Probe:	Nurse / MidwifeB	
Anyone else?	Auxiliary midwifeC	
	Other person	
Probe for the type of person seen and	Traditional birth attendantF	
circle all answers given.	Community health workerG	
100	Other (specify) X	
MN3. How many times did you receive antenatal	N. I. GE	
CARE DURING THIS PREGNANCY?	Number of times	
	DK98	
	DK90	
MN4. As part of your antenatal care during this		
PREGNANCY, WERE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING DONE		
AT LEAST ONCE:	Yes No	
[A] Was your bloop pressure Measures?	Yes No	
[A] Was your blood pressure measured?	Blood pressure 1 2	
[B] DID YOU GIVE A URINE SAMPLE?	Blood pressure	
[D] DID 100 GIVE A GIVINE GAIVII EE!	Urine sample 1 2	
[C] DID YOU GIVE A BLOOD SAMPLE?		
[0] = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Blood sample1 2	
	·	
MN5. Do you have a card or other document	Yes (card seen) 1	
WITH YOUR OWN IMMUNIZATIONS LISTED?	Yes (card not seen) 2	
	No 3	
May I see IT PLEASE?		
	DK 8	
If a card is presented, use it to assist with		
answers to the following questions.	Yes1	-
MN6. When you were pregnant with (name), DID YOU RECEIVE ANY INJECTION IN THE ARM OR	Tes	
SHOULDER TO PREVENT THE BABY FROM GETTING	No2	2⇒MN9
TETANUS, THAT IS CONVULSIONS AFTER BIRTH?	1402	Z
TETANOO, TITAL IO CONVOLCTIONO AT TEN BIRTH.	DK8	8⇒MN9
MN7. How many times did you receive this		
TETANUS INJECTION DURING YOUR PREGNANCY	Number of times	
wiтн (<i>name</i>)?		
	DK 8	8⇒MN9
If 7 or more times, record '7'.		
MN8. How many tetanus injections during last pregnancy were reported in MN7?		
☐ At least two tetanus injections during last pregnancy. ⇒ Go to MN12		
Only one total injection during last	programmy A Continue with MANO	
☐ Only one tetanus injection during last	pregnancy. → Continue with MiN9	

Luio B		1
MN9. DID YOU RECEIVE ANY TETANUS INJECTION	Yes 1	
AT ANY TIME BEFORE YOUR PREGNANCY WITH (name), EITHER TO PROTECT YOURSELF OR	No2	2⇒MN17
ANOTHER BABY?	DK 8	8⇒MN17
MN10. How many times did you receive a tetanus		
INJECTION BEFORE YOUR PREGNANCY WITH (name)?	Number of times	
	DK8	8⇒MN17
If 7 or more times, record '7'.		
MN11. How many years ago did you receive		
THE LAST TETANUS INJECTION BEFORE YOUR PREGNANCY WITH (name)?	Years ago	
MN17. Who assisted with the delivery of	Health professional:	
(name)?	Doctor A	
	Nurse / MidwifeB	
Probe:	Auxiliary midwifeC	
Anyone else?	Other person	
	Traditional birth attendantF	
Probe for the type of person assisting and	Community health workerG	
circle all answers given.	Relative / FriendH	
If respondent says no one assisted, probe	Other (specify)X	
to determine whether any adults were	No oneX	
present at the delivery.		
· ·		
MN18. Where did you give birth to (name)?	Home	
micro. Where sis ros sive sixth to (hame).	Your home11	11⇒MN20
	Other home	12⇒MN20
Probe to identify the type of source.		12 / 1111120
The second secon	Public sector	
If unable to determine whether public or	Govt. hospital21	
private, write the name of the place.	Govt. clinic / health centre	
	Other public (specify)26	
	Private Medical Sector	
	Private hospital 31	
(Name of place)	Private clinic	
	Private maternity home	
	Other private	
	medical (specify)36	
	Other (specify) 96	96⇒MN20
MN19. Was (<i>name</i>) delivered by caesarean	Yes	
SECTION? THAT IS, DID THEY CUT YOUR BELLY	No	
OPEN TO TAKE THE BABY OUT?	110	
5. 21 10 Mile The Bibli 0011		

MN20 Mush (nomo) was popul was usfolis	Von Jorgo 1	
MN20. When (name) was born, was he/she	Very large	
VERY LARGE, LARGER THAN AVERAGE, AVERAGE,	Larger than average2	
SMALLER THAN AVERAGE, OR VERY SMALL?	Average 3	
	Smaller than average 4	
	Very small 5	
	DK 8	
MN21. Was (name) weighed at birth?	Yes1	
	No2	2⇒MN23
	DK 8	8⇒MN23
MN22. How much did (name) weigh?		
	From card 1 (kg)	
Record weight from health card, if	(-9)	
available.	From recall2 (kg)	
	DK99998	
MN23. Has your menstrual period returned	Yes	
	165	
SINCE THE BIRTH OF (name)?	No	
	NO2	
MN24 Dip vou sysp posters (nome)?	Yes1	
MN24. Did you ever breastfeed (name)?		2 → Novet
	No	2⇒Next
MNOS Herri due como como de co	Image a diataly	Module
MN25. How long after birth did you first put	Immediately 000	
(name) to the Breast?	l la una	
161 16 16 16 1600	Hours 1	
If less than 1 hour, record '00' hours.		
If less than 24 hours, record hours.	Days 2	
Otherwise, record days.		
	Don't know / remember 998	
MN26. In the first three days after delivery,	Yes	
WAS (<i>name</i>) GIVEN ANYTHING TO DRINK OTHER	No2	2⇒Next
THAN BREAST MILK?		Module
MN27. What was (name) given to drink?	Milk (other than breast milk)A	
	Plain waterB	
Probe:	Sugar or glucose waterC	
Anything else?	Gripe waterD	
	Sugar-salt-water solutionE	
	Fruit juiceF	
	Infant formulaG	
	Tea / InfusionsH	
	Honey I	
	,	
	Other (specify)X	

POST-NATAL HEALTH CHECKS		PN
This module is to be administered to all women v	vith a live birth in the 2 years preceding the date of	
interview.	, , ,	
Check child mortality module CM13 and record n	name of last-born child here	
Use this child's name in the following questions,		-
PN1. Check MN18: Was the child delivered in a		
☐ Yes, the child was delivered in a healt	h facility (MN18=21-26 or 31-36) ð Continue with PN2	
\square No, the child was not delivered in a he	ealth facility (MN18=11-12 or 96) ð Go to PN6	
DNO N		
PN2. Now I would like to ask you some	Hours1	
QUESTIONS ABOUT WHAT HAPPENED IN THE HOURS	Davis 0	
AND DAYS AFTER THE BIRTH OF (<i>name</i>).	Days 2	
Volume of the that you only pipth in (name	Weeks 3	
You have said that you gave birth in (name	vveeks 3	
or type of facility in MN18). How long did YOU STAY THERE AFTER THE DELIVERY?	Don't know / remember 998	
YOU STAY THERE AFTER THE DELIVERY!	Don't know / terriember 996	
If less than one day, record hours.		
If less than one week, record days.		
Otherwise, record weeks.		
Carerwise, record weeks.		
PN3. I WOULD LIKE TO TALK TO YOU ABOUT CHECKS	Yes 1	
ON (<i>name</i>)'s HEALTH AFTER DELIVERY — FOR	No2	
EXAMPLE, SOMEONE EXAMINING (<i>name</i>),		
CHECKING THE CORD, OR SEEING IF (<i>name</i>) IS OK.		
Before you left the (name or type of facility		
<i>in MN18</i>), did anyone check on (<i>name</i>)'s		
HEALTH?		
PN4. And what about checks on <u>your</u> health – I	Yes 1	
MEAN, SOMEONE ASSESSING YOUR HEALTH, FOR	No2	
EXAMPLE ASKING QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR HEALTH		
OR EXAMINING YOU.		
DID ANYONE CHECK ON VOLID HEALTH REFORE VOL		
Did anyone check on <u>your</u> health before you Left (name or type or facility in MN18)?		
LEFT (hame of type of facility in with to):		
PN5. Now I would like to talk to you about what	Yes	N11
HAPPENED AFTER YOU LEFT (name or type of		N16
facility in MN18).		
,		
Did anyone check on (name)'s health after		
YOU LEFT (name or type of facility in MN18)?		
PN6. Check MN17: Did a health professional, tra	ditional birth attendant, or community health worker a	ssist
with the delivery?		
☐ Yes, delivery assisted by a health		
professional or other health worker (MN17=A-G) ð Continue with PN7		
□ No, delivery not assisted by a health		
professional or other health worker (A-G not circled in MN17) ð Go to PN10		

PN7. You have already said that (person or	Yes	
persons in MN17) assisted with the birth. Now I would like to talk to you about	No2	
CHECKS ON (<i>name</i>)'S HEALTH AFTER DELIVERY,		
FOR EXAMPLE EXAMINING (name), CHECKING THE		
CORD, OR SEEING IF (<i>name</i>) IS OK.		
()		
AFTER THE DELIVERY WAS OVER AND BEFORE		
(person or persons in MN17) LEFT YOU,		
DID (person or persons in MN17) CHECK ON		
(<i>name</i>)'s health?		
PN8. And DID (person or persons in MN17)	Yes1	
CHECK ON YOUR HEALTH BEFORE LEAVING?	No	
One of the service of	2	
By check on your health, I mean assessing		
YOUR HEALTH, FOR EXAMPLE ASKING QUESTIONS		
ABOUT YOUR HEALTH OR EXAMINING YOU.		
PN9. After the (person or persons in MN17)	Yes	1⇒PN11
LEFT YOU, DID ANYONE CHECK ON THE HEALTH OF	No2	2⇒PN18
(name)?		
PN10. I WOULD LIKE TO TALK TO YOU ABOUT CHECKS	Yes	
ON (<i>name</i>)'s HEALTH AFTER DELIVERY — FOR	No2	2⇒PN19
EXAMPLE, SOMEONE EXAMINING (<i>name</i>),		
CHECKING THE CORD, OR SEEING IF THE BABY IS		
OK.		
After (<i>name</i>) was delivered, did anyone		
After (<i>name</i>) was delivered, did anyone check on his/her health?		
CHECK ON HIS/HER HEALTH?	Once	1⇒PN12A
	Once	1⇔PN12A 2⇔PN12B
CHECK ON HIS/HER HEALTH? PN11. DID SUCH A CHECK HAPPEN ONLY ONCE, OR		
CHECK ON HIS/HER HEALTH? PN11. DID SUCH A CHECK HAPPEN ONLY ONCE, OR		
CHECK ON HIS/HER HEALTH? PN11. DID SUCH A CHECK HAPPEN ONLY ONCE, OR MORE THAN ONCE?	More than once	
CHECK ON HIS/HER HEALTH? PN11. DID SUCH A CHECK HAPPEN ONLY ONCE, OR MORE THAN ONCE? PN12A. How long after delivery did that check HAPPEN?	More than once	
CHECK ON HIS/HER HEALTH? PN11. DID SUCH A CHECK HAPPEN ONLY ONCE, OR MORE THAN ONCE? PN12A. How long after delivery did that check happen? PN12B. How long after delivery did the first of	More than once	
CHECK ON HIS/HER HEALTH? PN11. DID SUCH A CHECK HAPPEN ONLY ONCE, OR MORE THAN ONCE? PN12A. How long after delivery did that check HAPPEN?	More than once	
CHECK ON HIS/HER HEALTH? PN11. DID SUCH A CHECK HAPPEN ONLY ONCE, OR MORE THAN ONCE? PN12A. How long after delivery did that check happen? PN12B. How long after delivery did the first of these checks happen?	More than once	
CHECK ON HIS/HER HEALTH? PN11. DID SUCH A CHECK HAPPEN ONLY ONCE, OR MORE THAN ONCE? PN12A. How long after delivery did that check happen? PN12B. How long after delivery did the first of	More than once	
PN11. Did such a check happen only once, or more than once? PN12A. How long after delivery did that check happen? PN12B. How long after delivery did the first of these checks happen? If less than one day, record hours.	More than once	

PN13. Who checked on (name)'s health at that	Health professional	
TIME?	DoctorA	
	Nurse / MidwifeB	
	Auxiliary midwifeC	
	Other person	
	Traditional birth attendantF	
	Community health workerG	
	Relative / FriendH	
	Other (specify)X	
PN14. Where did this check take place?	Home	
	Your home11	
Probe to identify the type of source.	Other home12	
If unable to determine whether public or	Public sector	
private, write the name of the place.	Govt. hospital21	
,	Govt. clinic / health centre	
	Other public (<i>specify</i>) 26	
	20	
	Private medical sector	
(Name of place)	Private hospital	
(Name of place)	Private clinic	
	Private maternity home	
	Other private	
	" ' (' ' ')	
	medical (specify)36	
	Other (specify) 96	
PN15. Check MN18: Was the child delivered in a		
T IN 13. Check why to. Was the child delivered in a	Tiealti facility:	
☐ Yes, the child was delivered in a health facility (MN18=21-26 or 31-36) ⇒ Continue with PN16		
Tes, the child was delivered in a health	11 racinty (1011 110 - 21 - 20 of 31 - 30) -> Continue will	
□ No, the child was not delivered in a he	ealth facility (MN18=11-12 or 96) ⇒ Go to PN17	
Ino, the child was not delivered in a ne	failit facility (WIN 10-11-12 of 90) → GO to FIN 17	
PN16. AFTER YOU LEFT (name or type of facility in	Yes	1⇒PN20
MN18), DID ANYONE CHECK ON YOUR HEALTH?	No	2⇒Next
WINTE, DID ANTONE ONEON TOOK HEALTH:	2	Module
PN17 Check MN17: Did a health professional tr	l aditional hirth attendant, or community health w	
PN17. Check MN17: Did a health professional, traditional birth attendant, or community health worker assist with the delivery?		
☐ Yes, delivery assisted by a health		
professional or other health worker	(MN17=A-G) ⇒ Continue with PN18	
□ No, delivery not assisted by a health	n professional or	
other health worker (A-G not circled		
•	,	
PN18. After the delivery was over and (person	Yes 1	1⇒PN20
or persons in MN17) left, did anyone check	No2	2⇒Next
ON YOUR HEALTH?		Module

		1
PN19. After the birth of (<i>name</i>), did anyone check on <u>your</u> health?	Yes	2⇒Next
MEAN SOMEONE ASSESSING YOUR HEALTH, FOR		Module
EXAMPLE ASKING QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR HEALTH		
OR EXAMINING YOU.		
PN20. DID SUCH A CHECK HAPPEN ONLY ONCE, OR	Once 1	1⇒PN21A
MORE THAN ONCE?	More than once	2⇒PN21B
PN21A. How long after delivery did that check	Hours 1	
HAPPEN?		
	Days 2	
PN21B. How long after delivery did the first of	_	
THESE CHECKS HAPPEN?	Weeks 3	
If less than one day, record hours.	Don't know / remember 998	
If less than one week, record days.		
Otherwise, record weeks.		
PN22. Who checked on <u>your</u> health at that	Health professional	
TIME?	DoctorA	
	Nurse / MidwifeB	
	Auxiliary midwifeC	
	Other person	
	Traditional birth attendantF	
	Community health worker	
	Relative / FriendH	
	Other (specify)X	
PN23. WHERE DID THIS CHECK TAKE PLACE?	Home	
Draha to identify the type of source	Your home	
Probe to identify the type of source.	Other nome12	
If unable to determine whether public or	Public sector	
private, write the name of the place.	Govt. hospital21	
	Govt. clinic / health centre	
	Other public (specify)26	
	Private medical sector	
(Name of place)	Private hospital31	
	Private clinic	
	Private maternity home	
	Other private	
	medical (<i>specify</i>)36	
	Other (specify) 96	

ILLNESS SYMPTOMS	IS
IS1. Check Household Listing, column HL9	
Is the respondent the mother or caretaker of any	child under age 5?
☐ Yes ⇒ Continue with IS2.	
□ No ⇒ Go to Next Module.	
IS2. SOMETIMES CHILDREN HAVE SEVERE ILLNESSES	Child not able to drink or breastfeed A
AND SHOULD BE TAKEN IMMEDIATELY TO A HEALTH	Child becomes sickerB
FACILITY.	Child develops a feverC
What types of symptoms would cause you	Child has fast breathingD
TO TAKE YOUR CHILD TO A HEALTH FACILITY RIGHT	Child has difficult breathingE
AWAY?	Child has blood in stool F
	Child is drinking/eating poorlyG
Probe:	Child is vomitingH
ANY OTHER SYMPTOMS?	Child has diarrhoea I
Keep asking for more signs or symptoms until the mother/caretaker cannot recall any additional symptoms.	Other (specify)X
Circle all symptoms mentioned, but do NOT prompt with any suggestions	Other (specify)Y
	Other (specify)Z

CONTRACEPTION		СР
CP1. I WOULD LIKE TO TALK WITH YOU ABOUT ANOTHER SUBJECT — FAMILY PLANNING.	Yes, currently pregnant1	1⇒Next
ARE YOU PREGNANT NOW?	No2	Module
	Unsure or DK8	
CP2. Couples use various ways or methods to delay or avoid a pregnancy.	Yes1	
	No2	2⇒Next
ARE YOU CURRENTLY DOING SOMETHING OR USING ANY METHOD TO DELAY OR AVOID GETTING PREGNANT?		Module
CP3. What are you doing to delay or avoid a pregnancy?	Female sterilization	
Do not prompt. If more than one method is mentioned, circle each one.	Injectables D Implants E Pill F	
	Male condomG Female condomH	
	Diaphragm I Foam / JellyJ	
	Lactational amenorrhoea method (LAM)K	
	Periodic abstinence / RhythmL Withdrawal	
	Other (specify)X	

UNMET NEED		UN
UN1. Check CP1. Currently pregnant?		
☐ Yes, currently pregnant ⇒ Continue w	ith UN2	
□ No, unsure or DK ⇒ Go to UN5		
UN2. Now I would like to talk to you about your	Yes 1	1⇒UN4
CURRENT PREGNANCY. WHEN YOU GOT PREGNANT, DID YOU WANT TO GET PREGNANT AT THAT TIME?	No	
	2	
UN3. DID YOU WANT TO HAVE A BABY LATER ON OR DID	Later 1	
YOU NOT WANT ANY (MORE) CHILDREN?	No more 2	
UN4. Now I would like to ask some questions	Have another child 1	1⇒UN7
ABOUT THE FUTURE. AFTER THE CHILD YOU ARE NOW EXPECTING, WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAVE	No more / None 2	2⇒UN13
ANOTHER CHILD, OR WOULD YOU PREFER NOT TO	710107 11010	2-01110
HAVE ANY MORE CHILDREN?	Undecided / Don't know 8	8 ⇒UN13
UN5. Check CP3. Currently using "Female sterili	zation"?	
" Yes ⇔ Go to UN13		
" No -> Continue with UNG		
" No ⇒ Continue with UN6		
UN6. Now I would like to ask you some	Have (a/another) child 1	
QUESTIONS ABOUT THE FUTURE. WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAVE (A/ANOTHER) CHILD, OR WOULD YOU	No more / None 2	2⇒UN9
PREFER NOT TO HAVE ANY (MORE) CHILDREN?	THO HOTE / HOTE	2-0110
	Says she cannot get pregnant	3⇒UN11
	Undecided / Don't know 8	8⇒UN9
UN7. How long would you like to wait before		
THE BIRTH OF (A/ANOTHER) CHILD?	Months 11	
	Years 2	
	Soon / Now	
	Says she cannot get pregnant	994 ⇒UN1 1
	After marriage 995 Other 996	
	000	
	Don't know	
UN8. Check CP1. Currently pregnant?		
☐ Yes, currently pregnant ⇒ Go to UN13	3	
☐ No, unsure or DK ⇒Continue with UN	19	

UN9. Check CP2. Currently using a method?		
☐ Yes ⇒ Go to UN13		
☐ No ⇒ Continue with UN10		
UN10. Do you think you are physically able to get pregnant at this time?	Yes1	1 ⇒ UN13
	No2	
	DK 8	8 ⇒UN13
UN11. Why do you think you are not physically able to get pregnant?	Infrequent sex / No sex	
ABLE TO GET TREGIONITE	Never menstruatedC	
	Hysterectomy (surgical removal of uterus)D	
	Has been trying to get pregnant	
	for 2 years or more without result E Postpartum amenorrheic F	
	BreastfeedingG Too oldH	
	Fatalistic	
	Other (specify)X	
	Don't knowZ	
UN12. Check UN11. "Never menstruated" mention	oned?	
☐ Mentioned ⇒ Go to Next Module		
☐ Not mentioned ⇒ Continue with UN1	3	
UN13. When did your last menstrual period start?	Days ago 1	
STAINT:		
	Weeks ago 2	
	Months ago 3 3	
	Years ago 4	
	In menopause / Has had hysterectomy	

ATTITUDES TOWARD DOMESTIC VIOLENCE				DV
DV1. Sometimes a husband is annoyed or				
ANGERED BY THINGS THAT HIS WIFE DOES. IN				
YOUR OPINION, IS A HUSBAND JUSTIFIED IN				
HITTING OR BEATING HIS WIFE IN THE FOLLOWING				
SITUATIONS:	Yes	No	DK	
	Goes out without telling1	2	8	
[A] If she goes out without telling him?				
	Neglects children1	2	8	
[B] If SHE NEGLECTS THE CHILDREN?				
	Argues with him1	2	8	
[C] IF SHE ARGUES WITH HIM?				
	Refuses sex1	2	8	
[D] If SHE REFUSES TO HAVE SEX WITH HIM?				
	Burns food 1	2	8	
[E] If SHE BURNS THE FOOD?				

MARRIAGE/UNION		MA
MA1. ARE YOU CURRENTLY MARRIED OR LIVING	Yes, currently married1	
TOGETHER WITH A MAN AS IF MARRIED OR IN A	Yes, living with a man2	
VISITING RELATION?	Yes, in a visiting relation3	
	No, not in union4	4⇒MA5
MA2. How old is your husband/partner?	,	
	Age in years	
Probe: How old was your husband/partner on		
HIS LAST BIRTHDAY?	DK	
MA3. Besides yourself, does your husband/	Yes1	
PARTNER HAVE ANY OTHER PARTNERS OR	No2	2⇒MA7
DOES HE LIVE WITH OTHER WOMEN AS IF MARRIED?		
MA4. How many OTHER PARTNERS DOES HE HAVE?	Number	⇒MA7
	DK	98⇒MA7
MA5. Have you ever been married or lived	Yes, formerly married	33 / IVI/ (/
TOGETHER WITH A MAN AS IF MARRIED OR WERE IN A	Yes, formerly lived with a man	
VISITING RELATION?	Yes, formerly in a visiting relation	
VISITING RELATION:	No4	4 ⇒Next
	110	Module
MA6. What is your marital status now: are you	Widowed1	IVIOGGIO
WIDOWED, DIVORCED, SEPARATED OR NO LONGER IN A	Divorced	
VISITING RELATION?	Separated3	
	No longer in a visiting relation4	4⇒MA10
MA7. HAVE YOU BEEN MARRIED OR LIVED WITH A MAN	Only once 1	
ONLY ONCE OR MORE THAN ONCE?	More than once	
MA8. In what month and year did you <u>first</u> marry	Date of first marriage	
OR START LIVING WITH A MAN AS IF MARRIED?	Month	
	DK month98	
	Year	⇒Next
		Module
	DK year 9998	
MA9. How old were you when you started living	•	
WITH YOUR FIRST HUSBAND/PARTNER?	Age in years	
		⇒Next
		Module
MA10. Have you been in a visiting relation with a	Only once 1	
MAN ONLY ONCE OR MORE THAN ONCE?	More than once	
MA11. In what month and year did you <u>first</u> start	Date of first visiting relation	
THE VISITING RELATION?	Month	
	DK month	
	Year	⇒Next
		Module
	DK year9998	
MA12. How old were you when you started the	Age in years	

SEXUAL BEHAVIOUR		SB
Check for the presence of others. Before cont	inuing, ensure privacy.	
SB1. Now I would like to ask you some questions about sexual activity in order to gain a better understanding of some important life issues. The information you supply will remain strictly confidential. How old were you when you had sexual intercourse for the very first time?	Never had intercourse	00⇔Next Module
SB2. THE FIRST TIME YOU HAD SEXUAL INTERCOURSE.	Yes1	
WAS A CONDOM USED?	No	
SB3. When was the last time you had sexual intercourse?	Days ago 1	
Record 'years ago' only if last intercourse was one or more years ago. If 12 months or	Weeks ago2	
more the answer must be recorded in years.	Months ago 3 4	4⇒SB15
	Teals ago4 =	45/3013
SB4. THE LAST TIME YOU HAD SEXUAL INTERCOURSE, WAS A CONDOM USED?	Yes	
SB5. What was your relationship to this person with whom you last had sexual intercourse? Probe to ensure that the response refers to the relationship at the time of sexual intercourse	Husband1Cohabiting partner2Boyfriend3Casual acquaintance4Visiting partner5	3⇔SB7 4⇔SB7
If 'boyfriend', then ask: Were You LIVING TOGETHER AS IF MARRIED? If 'yes', circle '2'. If 'no', circle'3'.	Other (specify) 6	6⇔SB7
□ Not married / Not in union (MA1 = 4) ☐	or in a visiting relation (MA1 = 1 or 2 or 3) ⇔ Go > Continue with SB7	to SB8
SB7. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: ABOUT HOW OLD IS THIS PERSON?	Age of sexual partner 98	
SB8. Have you had sexual intercourse with any other person in the last 12 months?	Yes	2⇔SB15
SB9. THE LAST TIME YOU HAD SEXUAL INTERCOURSE WITH THIS OTHER PERSON, WAS A CONDOM USED?	Yes	

SB10. What was your relationship to this	Husband 1	
PERSON?	Cohabiting partner 2	0.10040
Proba to angure that the reasones refers	Boyfriend	3⇒SB12 4⇒SB12
Probe to ensure that the response refers to the relationship at the time of sexual	Visiting partner	5⇒SB11A
intercourse	Visiting partiter	3-7 SBTTA
morecares	Other (specify) 6	6⇒SB12
If 'boyfriend' then ask:		
Were you living together as if married?		
If 'yes', circle '2'. If 'no', circle' 3'.		
SB11. Check MA1 and MA7:		
☐ Currently married or living with a man	(MA1 = 1 or 2)	
AND		
Married only once or lived with a man	only once (MA7 = 1) ⇒ Go to SB13	
	,, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
□ Else ⇔ Go to SB12		
SB11a. Check MA1 and MA7:		,
☐ In a visiting relation (MA1 = 3)		
AND		
In a visiting relation only once (MA10	= 1) ⇒Go to SB13	
	= 1)	
In a visiting relation only once (MA10 □ Else □ Continue with SB12	= 1)	
	= 1)	
☐ Else ⇔ Continue with SB12	= 1)	
☐ Else Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this Person? If response is DK, probe:	Age of sexual partner	
☐ Else Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: About how old is this person?	Age of sexual partner	
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: ABOUT HOW OLD IS THIS PERSON? SB13. Other than these two persons, have you	Age of sexual partner	2r\\$P15
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: ABOUT HOW OLD IS THIS PERSON? SB13. Other than these two persons, have you had sexual intercourse with any other person	Age of sexual partner	2⇔SB15
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: ABOUT HOW OLD IS THIS PERSON? SB13. OTHER THAN THESE TWO PERSONS, HAVE YOU HAD SEXUAL INTERCOURSE WITH ANY OTHER PERSON IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS?	Age of sexual partner	2⇔SB15
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: ABOUT HOW OLD IS THIS PERSON? SB13. Other than these two persons, have you had sexual intercourse with any other person	Age of sexual partner	2⇔SB15
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: ABOUT HOW OLD IS THIS PERSON? SB13. OTHER THAN THESE TWO PERSONS, HAVE YOU HAD SEXUAL INTERCOURSE WITH ANY OTHER PERSON IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS? SB14. IN TOTAL, WITH HOW MANY DIFFERENT PEOPLE HAVE YOU HAD SEXUAL INTERCOURSE IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS?	Age of sexual partner	2⇔SB15
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: About how old is this person? SB13. Other than these two persons, have you had sexual intercourse with any other person in the last 12 months? SB14. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in the last 12 months? SB15. In total, with how many different people	Age of sexual partner DK 98 Yes 1 No 1 Number of partners	2⇒SB15
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: About how old is this person? SB13. Other than these two persons, have you had sexual intercourse with any other person in the last 12 months? SB14. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in the last 12 months? SB15. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in your	Age of sexual partner	2⇔SB15
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: About how old is this person? SB13. Other than these two persons, have you had sexual intercourse with any other person in the last 12 months? SB14. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in the last 12 months? SB15. In total, with how many different people	Age of sexual partner DK	2⇔SB15
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: About how old is this person? SB13. Other than these two persons, have you had sexual intercourse with any other person in the last 12 months? SB14. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in the last 12 months? SB15. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in your lifetime?	Age of sexual partner DK 98 Yes 1 No 1 Number of partners	2⇔SB15
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: About how old is this person? SB13. Other than these two persons, have you had sexual intercourse with any other person in the last 12 months? SB14. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in the last 12 months? SB15. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in your lifetime? If a non-numeric answer is given, probe to	Age of sexual partner DK	2⇔SB15
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: About how old is this person? SB13. Other than these two persons, have you had sexual intercourse with any other person in the last 12 months? SB14. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in the last 12 months? SB15. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in your lifetime?	Age of sexual partner DK	2⇔SB15
□ Else □ Continue with SB12 SB12. How old is this person? If response is DK, probe: About how old is this person? SB13. Other than these two persons, have you had sexual intercourse with any other person in the last 12 months? SB14. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in the last 12 months? SB15. In total, with how many different people have you had sexual intercourse in your lifetime? If a non-numeric answer is given, probe to	Age of sexual partner DK	2⇔SB15

HIV/AIDS		НА
		ПА
HA1. Now I would like to talk with you about something else.	Yes1	
Have you ever heard of the virus HIV or an illness called AIDS?	No2	2 ⇒WM11
HA2. CAN PEOPLE REDUCE THEIR CHANCE OF GETTING THE AIDS VIRUS BY HAVING JUST ONE UNINFECTED SEX PARTNER WHO HAS NO OTHER SEX PARTNERS?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8	
HA3. Can people get the AIDS virus because of obeah, witchcraft or other supernatural means?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8	
HA4. Can people reduce their chance of getting the AIDS virus by using a condom every time they have sex?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8	
HA4A. CAN PEOPLE REDUCE THEIR CHANCE OF GETTING THE AIDS VIRUS BY NOT HAVING SEX AT ALL?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8	
HA4B. Can people be cured of the AIDS virus by having sexual intercourse with a virgin?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8	
HA5. CAN PEOPLE GET THE AIDS VIRUS FROM MOSQUITO BITES?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8	
HA6. Can people get the AIDS virus by sharing food with a person who has the AIDS virus?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8	
HA7. Is it possible for a healthy-looking person to have the AIDS virus?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8	
HA8. Can the virus that causes AIDS be transmitted from a mother to her baby: [A] During pregnancy? [B] During delivery? [C] By breastfeeding?	Yes No DK During pregnancy	
HA9. IN YOUR OPINION, IF A FEMALE TEACHER HAS THE AIDS VIRUS BUT IS NOT SICK, SHOULD SHE BE ALLOWED TO CONTINUE TEACHING IN SCHOOL?	Yes 1 No 2 DK / Not sure / Depends 8	
HA10. Would you buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor if you knew that this person had the AIDS virus? HA11. If a member of your family got infected	Yes 1 No 2 DK / Not sure / Depends 8 Yes 1	
WITH THE AIDS VIRUS, WOULD YOU WANT IT TO REMAIN A SECRET?	No	

HA12. If a MEMBER OF YOUR FAMILY BECAME SICK	Yes 1	
WITH AIDS, WOULD YOU BE WILLING TO CARE FOR	No2	
HER OR HIM IN YOUR OWN HOUSEHOLD?	DK / Not sure / Depends8	
HA13. Check CM13: Any live birth in last 2 years		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
☐ No live birth in last 2 years ⇒ Go to H.	A24	
☐ One or more live births in last 2 years	⇒ Continue with HA14	
HA14. Check MN1: Received antenatal care?	, Contando Warring T	
☐ Received antenatal care ⇒ Continue	with HA15	
☐ Did not receive antenatal care ⇒ Go	to HA24	
HA15. DURING ANY OF THE ANTENATAL VISITS FOR		
YOUR PREGNANCY WITH (name),		
WEDE VOLLOWEN ANY INFORMATION ADOLLS	Y N DK	
WERE YOU GIVEN ANY INFORMATION ABOUT: [A] BABIES GETTING THE AIDS VIRUS FROM	I N DK	
THEIR MOTHER?		
	AIDS from mother 1 2 8	
[B] THINGS THAT YOU CAN DO TO PREVENT		
GETTING THE AIDS VIRUS?		
[C] CETTING TEGTED FOR THE AIDS MIRHO?	Things to do 1 2 8	
[C] GETTING TESTED FOR THE AIDS VIRUS?	Tested for AIDS 1 2 8	
WERE YOU:	rested for Albo	
[D] OFFERED A TEST FOR THE AIDS VIRUS?		
	Offered a test 1 2 8	
HA16. I DON'T WANT TO KNOW THE RESULTS, BUT	Yes 1	
WERE YOU TESTED FOR THE AIDS VIRUS AS PART	No2	2⇒HA19
OF YOUR ANTENATAL CARE?	DK8	8⇒HA19
	DK	0-711/19
HA17. I DON'T WANT TO KNOW THE RESULTS, BUT DID	Yes1	
YOU GET THE RESULTS OF THE TEST?	No2	2⇒HA22
	DK	8 ⇒ HA22
	DK8	ŏ∽⊓AZZ
HA18. REGARDLESS OF THE RESULT, ALL WOMEN	Yes1	1⇒HA22
WHO ARE TESTED ARE SUPPOSED TO RECEIVE	No2	2⇒HA22
COUNSELING AFTER GETTING THE RESULT.	5.4	
A	DK 8	8⇒HA22
AFTER YOU WERE TESTED, DID YOU RECEIVE COUNSELLING?		
HA19. Check MN17: Birth delivered by health pro	ofessional (A. B or C)?	
, , ,	,	
☐ Yes, birth delivered by health profess.	ional ⇒ Continue with HA20	
□ No hirth not dolivered by health profi	posional A Co to HA24	
☐ No, birth not delivered by health profe	essional -> Go to maz4	
HA20. I DON'T WANT TO KNOW THE RESULTS, BUT	Yes 1	
WERE YOU TESTED FOR THE AIDS VIRUS BETWEEN	No2	2⇒HA24
THE TIME YOU WENT FOR DELIVERY BUT BEFORE		

[
HA21. I DON'T WANT TO KNOW THE RESULTS, BUT DID	Yes 1	
YOU GET THE RESULTS OF THE TEST?	No	
HA22. Have you been tested for the AIDS virus	Yes 1	1⇒HA25
SINCE THAT TIME YOU WERE TESTED DURING YOUR	No2	
PREGNANCY?		
HA23. When was the most recent time you were	Less than 12 months ago 1	1⇒WM11
TESTED FOR THE AIDS VIRUS?	12-23 months ago 2	2⇒WM11
	2 or more years ago 3	3⇒WM11
HA24. I DON'T WANT TO KNOW THE RESULTS, BUT	Yes 1	
HAVE YOU EVER BEEN TESTED TO SEE IF YOU HAVE	No	2⇒HA27
THE AIDS VIRUS?	2	
HA25. WHEN WAS THE MOST RECENT TIME YOU WERE	Less than 12 months ago 1	
TESTED?	12-23 months ago 2	
	2 or more years ago 3	
HA26. I DON'T WANT TO KNOW THE RESULTS, BUT DID	Yes 1	1⇒WM11
YOU GET THE RESULTS OF THE TEST?	No2	2⇒WM11
	DK8	8⇒WM11
HA27. Do you know of a place where people can	Yes 1	
GO TO GET TESTED FOR THE AIDS VIRUS?	No2	
MMAAA Dagged that time	House and rejector	
WM11. Record the time.	Hour and minutes : : :	

WM12. Check Household Listing Form, column HL9.
Is the respondent the mother or caretaker of any child age 0-4 living in this household?
☐ Yes ☐ Go to QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CHILDREN UNDER FIVE for that child and start the interview with this respondent.
□ No ⇒ End the interview with this respondent by thanking her for her cooperation. Check for the presence of any other eligible woman or children under-5 in the household.

Interviewer's Observations
Field Editor's Observations
Supervisor's Observations



QUESTIONNAIRE FOR CHILDREN UNDER FIVE TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

UNDER-FIVE CHILD INFORMATION PANEL	L		
This questionnaire is to be administered to all mot	thers or caretakers (see Household Listing Form, column is under the age of 5 years (see Household Listing Form,		
UF1. Cluster number:	UF2. Household number:		
UF3. Child's name:	UF4. Child's line number:		
Name			
UF5. Mother's / Caretaker's name: Name	UF6. Mother's / Caretaker's line number:		
UF7. Interviewer name and number:	UF8. Day / Month / Year of interview:		
Name	///		
Repeat greeting if not already read to this respondent: WE ARE FROM THE MINISTRY OF THE PEOPLE AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT. WE ARE WORKING ON A PROJECT CONCERNED WITH FAMILY HEALTH AND EDUCATION. I WOULD LIKE TO TALK TO YOU MORE ABOUT (child's name from UF3)'s HEALTH AND OTHER TOPICS. AND WELL-BEING. THE INTERVIEW WILL TAKE ABOUT (number) MINUTES. ALL THE INFORMATION WE OBTAIN WILL REMAIN STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL AND YOUR ANSWERS WILL NEVER BE SHARED WITH ANYONE OTHER THAN OUR PROJECT TEAM. May I start now? Yes, permission is given & Go to UF12 to record the time and then begin the interview. Now I would like to Talk to You More About (child's name from UF3)'s HEALTH AND OTHER TOPICS. THIS INTERVIEW WILL TAKE ABOUT (number) MINUTES. AGAIN, ALL THE INFORMATION WE OBTAIN WILL REMAIN STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL AND YOUR ANSWERS WILL NEVER BE SHARED WITH ANYONE OTHER THAN OUR PROJECT TEAM.			
UF9. Result of interview for children under 5	Completed01		
Codes refer to mother/caretaker.	Not at home 02 Refused 03 Partly completed 04 Incapacitated 05		
	Other (specify) 96		
UF10. Field edited by (Name and number):	UF11. Data entry clerk (Name and number):		
Name	Name		

UF12. Record the time.	Hour and minutes : : :	

AGE		AG
AG1. Now I would like to ask you some questions about the health of (name). In what month and year was (name) born? Probe: What is his / her birthday? If the mother/caretaker knows the exact birth date, also enter the day; otherwise, circle 98 for day Month and year must be recorded.	Date of birth	
AG2. How old is (name)? Probe: How old was (name) at his / her last BIRTHDAY? Record age in completed years. Record '0' if less than 1 year. Compare and correct AG1 and/or AG2 if inconsistent.	Age (in completed years)	

BIRTH REGISTRATION		BR
BR1. Does (<i>name</i>) have a birth certificate?	Yes, seen1	1⇒Next
If yes, ask: May I see it?	Yes, not seen2	Module 2⇒Next Module
	No3	Wiodaio
	DK8	
BR2. Has (<i>name</i>)'s birth been registered with the civil authorities?	Yes 1	1⇒Next Module
THE CIVIL AUTHORITIES!	No2	Module
	DK8	
BR3. Do you know how to register your child's	Yes	
BIRTH?	No2	

EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT		EC
EC1. How many children's books or picture		
BOOKS DO YOU HAVE FOR (name)?	None00	
	Number of children's books0	
	Ten or more books10	
EC2. I AM INTERESTED IN LEARNING ABOUT THE THINGS	Terr or more books	
THAT (<i>name</i>) PLAYS WITH WHEN HE/SHE IS AT HOME.		
Does he/she play with:		
Boto neione real willing	Y N DK	
[A] HOMEMADE TOYS (SUCH AS DOLLS, CARS, OR		
OTHER TOYS MADE AT HOME)?	Homemade toys 1 2 8	
[B] TOYS FROM A SHOP OR MANUFACTURED TOYS?	Toys from a shop 1 2 8	
[C] HOUSEHOLD OBJECTS (SUCH AS BOWLS OR		
POTS) OR OBJECTS FOUND OUTSIDE (SUCH AS	Household objects	
STICKS, ROCKS, ANIMAL SHELLS OR LEAVES)?	or outside objects 1 2 8	
If the respondent says "YES" to the		
categories above, then probe to learn		
specifically what the child plays with to		
ascertain the response		
EC3. SOMETIMES ADULTS TAKING CARE OF CHILDREN		
HAVE TO LEAVE THE HOUSE TO GO SHOPPING, WASH		
CLOTHES, OR FOR OTHER REASONS AND HAVE TO		
LEAVE YOUNG CHILDREN.		
ON HOW MANY DAYO IN THE DAY WEEK WAS		
On how many days in the past week was (name):		
(name).		
[A] LEFT ALONE FOR MORE THAN AN HOUR?		
	Number of days left alone for	
	more than an hour	
[B] LEFT IN THE CARE OF ANOTHER CHILD, THAT		
is, someone less than 10 years old, for	Number of days left with other	
MORE THAN AN HOUR?	child for more than an hour	
If 'none' enter' 0'. If 'don't know' enter'8'		
EC4. Check AG2: Age of child		
☐ Child age 3 or 4 ⇒ Continue with EC	5	
☐ Child age 0, 1 or 2 ⇒ Go to Next Mo	odule	

FOE D (manua)	V ₂ 2				- 4	
EC5. Does (<i>name</i>) attend any organized learning or early childhood education	Yes1					
PROGRAMME, SUCH AS A PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT FACILITY, INCLUDING KINDERGARTEN OR COMMUNITY	No2					2⇒EC7
CHILD CARE?	DK 8				8⇒EC7	
EC6. WITHIN THE LAST SEVEN DAYS, ABOUT HOW MANY HOURS DID (name) ATTEND?	Number of hours					
EC7. In the past 3 days, did you or any household member over 15 years of age engage in any of the following activities with (name):						
If yes, ask: WHO ENGAGED IN THIS ACTIVITY WITH (name)?						
Circle all that apply.		Mother	Father	Other	No one	
[A] READ BOOKS TO OR LOOKED AT PICTURE BOOKS WITH (<i>name</i>)?	Read books	Α	В	Χ	Υ	
[B] Told stories to (name)?	Told stories	Α	В	Χ	Υ	
[C] SANG SONGS TO (name) OR WITH (name), INCLUDING LULLABIES?	Sang songs	Α	В	Х	Υ	
[D] Took (<i>name</i>) outside the home, compound, yard or enclosure?	Took outside	Α	В	Χ	Υ	
[E] PLAYED WITH (name)?	Played with	Α	В	Χ	Υ	
[F] Named, counted, or drew things to or with (name)?	Named/ counted	Α	В	Х	Υ	
EC8. I WOULD LIKE TO ASK YOU SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT THE HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF YOUR CHILD. CHILDREN DO NOT ALL DEVELOP AND LEARN AT THE SAME RATE. FOR EXAMPLE, SOME WALK EARLIER THAN OTHERS. THESE QUESTIONS ARE RELATED TO SEVERAL ASPECTS OF YOUR CHILD'S DEVELOPMENT.						
Can (<i>name</i>) identify or name at least ten letters of the alphabet?	Yes No DK				2	
EC9. Can (<i>name</i>) read at least four simple, popular words?	Yes No DK				2	
EC10. Does (<i>name</i>) know the name and recognize the symbol of all numbers from 1 to 10?	Yes No DK				2	
EC11. Can (name) PICK UP A SMALL OBJECT WITH TWO FINGERS, LIKE A STICK OR A ROCK FROM THE GROUND?	Yes No DK				2	

EC12. Is (name) SOMETIMES TOO SICK TO PLAY?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8
EC13. Does (<i>name</i>) follow simple directions on how to do something correctly?	Yes
EC14. When given something to do, is (name) ABLE TO DO IT INDEPENDENTLY?	Yes
EC15. Does (name) get along well with other children?	DK
	DK8
EC16. Does (<i>name</i>) kick, bite, or hit other children or adults?	Yes
EC17. Does (name) get distracted easily?	Yes
	DK8

BREASTFEEDING		BF
BF1. Has (name) ever been breastfed?	Yes1	
	No2	2⇒BF3
	DK 8	8⇒BF3
BF2. IS HE/SHE STILL BEING BREASTFED?	Yes1	
	No2	
	DK8	
BF3. I WOULD LIKE TO ASK YOU ABOUT LIQUIDS THAT (name) MAY HAVE HAD YESTERDAY DURING THE DAY OR THE NIGHT. I AM INTERESTED IN WHETHER (name) HAD THE ITEM EVEN IF IT WAS COMBINED WITH OTHER FOODS.		
Did (<i>name</i>) <u>drink plain water</u> yesterday,		
DURING THE DAY OR NIGHT?	Yes1	
	No2	
	DK 8	
BF4. Did (name) DRINK INFANT FORMULA YESTERDAY,	Yes1	
DURING THE DAY OR NIGHT?	No2	2⇒BF6
	DK8	8⇒BF6
BF5. How many times did (name) drink infant formula?	Number of times	
BF6. Did (name) drink milk, such as tinned,	Yes1	
POWDERED OR FRESH ANIMAL MILK YESTERDAY, DURING THE DAY OR NIGHT?	No2	2⇒BF8
DURING THE DAT OR NIGHT:	DK8	8⇒BF8
BF7. How many times did (name) drink tinned, powdered or fresh animal milk?	Number of times	
BF8. DID (name) DRINK JUICE OR JUICE DRINKS YESTERDAY, DURING THE DAY OR NIGHT?	Yes	
	DK 8	
BF9 Did (<i>name</i>) drink <u>broth/soup</u> yesterday, during the day or night?	Yes	
	DK8	
BF10. Did (name) drink or eat vitamin or mineral supplements or any medicines yesterday, during the day or night?	Yes	
	DK 8	
BF11. Did (name) drink ORS (oral rehydration solution) or gesol yesterday, during the day	Yes	
OR NIGHT?	DK8	

BF12. DID (name) DRINK ANY OTHER LIQUIDS YESTERDAY, DURING THE DAY OR NIGHT? BF13. DID (name) DRINK OR EAT YOGURT YESTERDAY, DURING THE DAY OR NIGHT?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8 Yes 1 No 2	2⇒BF15
	DK8	8⇒BF15
BF14. How many times did (<i>name</i>) drink or eat yogurt yesterday, during the day or night?	Number of times	
BF15. DID (name) EAT THIN PORRIDGE YESTERDAY, DURING THE DAY OR NIGHT?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8	
BF16. Did (name) EAT SOLID OR SEMI-SOLID (SOFT, MUSHY) FOOD YESTERDAY, DURING THE DAY OR NIGHT?	Yes	2⇒BF18 8⇒BF18
BF17. How many times did (name) eat solid or semi-solid (soft, mushy) food yesterday, during the day or night?	Number of times	
BF18. YESTERDAY, DURING THE DAY OR NIGHT, DID (name) DRINK ANYTHING FROM A BOTTLE WITH A NIPPLE?	Yes 1 No 2 DK 8	

CARE OF ILLNESS		CA
CA1. In the last two weeks, has (name) had	Yes	
DIARRHOEA?	No2	2⇔CA7
Diarrhoea is determined as perceived by mother or caretaker, or as three or more loose or watery stools per day, or blood in stool.	DK8	8⇔CA7
CA2. I WOULD LIKE TO KNOW HOW MUCH (<i>name</i>) WAS GIVEN TO DRINK DURING THE DIARRHOEA (INCLUDING BREASTMILK). DURING THE TIME (<i>name</i>) HAD DIARRHOEA, WAS	Much less 1 Somewhat less 2 About the same 3 More 4 Nothing to drink 5	
HE/SHE GIVEN LESS THAN USUAL TO DRINK, ABOUT THE SAME AMOUNT, OR MORE THAN USUAL?	DK8	
If less, probe: Was he/she given much less than usual to drink, or somewhat less?		
CA3. During the time (<i>name</i>) had diarrhoea, was he/she given less than usual to eat, about the same amount, more than usual, or nothing to eat?	Much less 1 Somewhat less 2 About the same 3 More 4 Stopped food 5	
If "less", probe: Was he/she given much less than usual to EAT OR SOMEWHAT LESS?	Never gave food 6 DK 8	
CA4. During the episode of diarrhoea, was (name) given to drink any of the following:		
Read each item aloud and record response before proceeding to the next item.		
[A] A FLUID MADE FROM A SPECIAL PACKET CALLED AN ORAL REHYDRATION SOLUTION OR GESOL?	Y N DK Fluid from ORS packet/Gesol 1 2 8	
[B] A PRE-PACKAGED ORS FLUID FOR DIARRHOEA SUCH AS PEDIALYTE?	Pre-packaged ORS fluid 1 2 8	
[C] LOCAL HOMEMADE FLUID SUCH AS COCONUT WATER, COCA COLA, GUAVA BUDS OR FLOUR AND WATER?	Local homemade fluid 1 2 8	
CA5. Was anything (else) given to treat the diarrhoea?	Yes	2⇔CA7
	DK 8	8⇔CA7

CA6. What (else) was given to treat the	Pill or Syrup	
DIARRHOEA?	Antibiotic A Antimotility B	
Probe:	ZincC	
	Other (Not antibiotic, antimotility	
Anything else?	or zinc)G	
	Unknown pill or syrupH	
Record all treatments given. Write brand	Injection	
name(s) of all medicines mentioned.	AntibioticL	
	Non-antibiotic	
	Unknown injectionN	
(Mama)	IntravenousO	
(Name)	Home remedy / Herbal medicineQ	
	(Local homemade fluid such as coconut	
	water, coca cola, guava buds or flour	
	and water)	
	Other (specify)X	
CA7. AT ANY TIME IN THE LAST TWO WEEKS, HAS	Yes1	
(name) had an illness with a cough?	No2	2⇒CA14
	DK8	8⇒CA14
CA8. When (name) had an illness with a cough,	Yes1	
DID HE/SHE BREATHE FASTER THAN USUAL WITH SHORT, RAPID BREATHS OR HAVE DIFFICULTY	No2	2⇒CA14
BREATHING?	DK8	8⇒CA14
CA9. Was the fast or difficult breathing due	Problem in chest only 1	
TO A PROBLEM IN THE CHEST OR A BLOCKED OR RUNNY NOSE?	Blocked or runny nose only2	2⇒CA14
	Both 3	
	Other (specify) 6	6⇒CA14
	DK 8	
CA10. DID YOU SEEK ANY ADVICE OR TREATMENT FOR	Yes1	
THE ILLNESS FROM ANY SOURCE?	No2	2⇒CA12
	DK8	8⇒CA12

CA11. From where did you seek advice or	Public sector	
TREATMENT?	Govt. hospitalA	
	Govt. health centreB	
Probe:	Village health workerD	
Anywhere else?	Mobile / Outreach clinic E	
7 WITH EIGHT	Other public (<i>specify</i>) H	
Circle all providers mentioned,	other public (specify)11	
but do NOT prompt with any suggestions.	Private medical sector	
but do NOT prompt with any suggestions.		
	Private hospital / clinic	
	Private physicianJ	
Probe to identify each type of source.	Private pharmacyK	
	Mobile clinicL	
If unable to determine if public or private	Other private medical (specify)O	
sector, write the name of the place.		
	Other source	
	Relative / FriendP	
	ShopQ	
	Traditional practitionerR	
(Name of place)	· ·	
, , ,	Other (specify)X	
CA12. Was (<i>name</i>) given any medicine to treat	Yes1	
		2-0044
THIS ILLNESS?	No	2⇒CA14
	DK 8	
0.140.10/	A (1) (1)	8⇒CA14
CA13. What medicine was (name) given?	Antibiotic pill/syrup	
	AmoxilA	
Probe:	CeclorB	
Any other medicine?	AugmentinC	
	CuramD	
Circle all medicines given. Write brand		
name(s) of all medicines mentioned.	Cough syrup	
	TussadrylE	
	Tylenol ColdF	
	RobitussinG	
	Buckleys Jack and JillH	
(Names of medicines)		
(rtames er mediemes)	OTC Painkillers	
	Paracetamol / Panadol / Acetaminophen P	
	AspirinQ	
	IbuprofenR	
	ibuproteri	
	Other (energify)	
	Other (specify) X	
	DKZ	
CA14 Chack AG2: Child agod under 22	Z	
CA14. Check AG2: Child aged under 3? ☐ Yes ⇒ Continue with CA15		
□ No ⇒ Go to Next Module	Child wood toilet / letvis -	
CA15. The last time (name) passed stools, how	Child used toilet / latrine	
WAS THE STOOL DISPOSED?	Put / Rinsed into toilet or latrine	
	Thrown into garbage (solid waste) 04	
	Buried	
	Left in the open06	
	Other (<i>specify</i>)96	
	DK	

IM1. Do you have a card where (name)'s written down?	S VACCINATIONS ARE	1	•					1⇒IM3 2⇒IM6
								Z
(If yes) May I see it please?	(n - m - a)2	\\\						4 > 18.40
IM2. Did you ever have a vaccination car	D FOR (<i>name)?</i>	1						1⇔IM6 2⇔IM6
IM3.(a) Copy dates for each vaccination fi(b) Write '44' in day column if card sh vaccination was given but no date	ows that			Date	e of Immun	izatior	1	
			Day		onth		⁄ear	
IM3P1. Polio 1	Oral Polio Vaccine 1							
ıм3p2. Polio 2	ORAL POLIO VACCINE 2							
ıм3р3. Ро⊔о 3	ORAL POLIO VACCINE 3							
IM3 _{BP} 1. 1 ST Booster Polio	ORAL POLIO VACCINE							
IM3BP2. 2 ND BOOSTER POLIO	ORAL POLIO VACCINE							
ıм3р1.DPT/D⊤ 1	DPT/DT 1							
ıм3D2.DPT/Dт 2	DPT/DT 2							
м3d3.DPT/Dт 3	DPT/DT 3							
IM3BD1. 1ST BOOSTER DPT/DT	DPT/DT							-
IM3bd2. 2nd Booster dpt/dt	DPT/DT							-
IM3DHH1.PENTAVALENT(DPT/HEPB/HIB1)	DPT/НЕРВ/НІВ 1							
IM3DHH2. PENTAVALENT (DPT/HEPB/HIB 2)	DPT/НЕРВ/НІВ 2							
IM3DHH3. PENTAVALENT (DPT/HEPB/HIВ 3)	DРТ/НЕРВ/НІВ 3							
IM3H0. НерВ ат ВІРТН	H0							
IM3H1. НЕРВ1	H1							
ıм3H2. НерВ2	H2							
м3H3. НерВ3	H3							

 IM3. (c) Copy dates for each vaccination from the card. (d) Write '44' in day column if card shows that vaccination was given but no date recorded. 	Date of Immunization Day Month Year
IM3m.Measles/Mumps/rubella MMR	
IM3Y.YELLOW FEVER YF	
IM3PN1.PNEUMOCOCCAL 1	
IM3pn2.pneumococcal 2	
IM3PN3. PNEUMOCOCCAL 3	

IM4. Check IM3. Are all vaccines (Polio to Pneumococcal) recorded?					
☐ Yes ⇒ Go to UF13					
□ No ⇔ Continue with IM5					
IM5. In addition to what is recorded on this card, did					
(name) RECEIVE ANY OTHER VACCINATIONS - INCLUDING	Yes1				
VACCINATIONS RECEIVED IN CAMPAIGNS OR IMMUNIZATION DAYS?	(Probe for vaccinations and write '66' in the corresponding day column for				
Record 'Yes' only if respondent mentions vaccines	each vaccine mentioned. Then skip to				
shown in the table above.	UF13)				
		2⇒UF13			
	No	8⇒UF13			
	DK				
IM6. Has (name) ever received any vaccinations to prevent	Yes1				
HIM/HER FROM GETTING DISEASES, INCLUDING VACCINATIONS	No2	2⇒UF13			
RECEIVED IN A CAMPAIGN OR IMMUNIZATION DAY?	DK8	8⇒UF13			
IM8. Has (<i>name</i>) ever received any "vaccination drops in	Yes1				
THE MOUTH" TO PROTECT HIM/HER FROM GETTING DISEASES —	No2	2⇒IM11			
THAT IS, POLIO?	DK8	8⇒IM11			
IM9. Was the first polio vaccine received in the first two	First two weeks1				
WEEKS AFTER BIRTH OR LATER?	Later2				
IM40 H					
IM10. How many times was the polio vaccine received?	Number of times				
IM11. Has (name) ever been given "DPT/DT" vaccination	Yes1				
INJECTIONS" - THAT IS, AN INJECTION IN THE THIGH OR					
BUTTOCKS — TO PREVENT HIM/HER FROM GETTING DIPTHERIA,	No2	2⇒IM12a			
Whooping Cough and Tetanus?	DK2	8⇒IM12a			
Probe by indicating that DPT/DT vaccination is sometimes					
given at the same time as Polio					
IM12. How many times was a DPT/DT vaccination received?	Number of times				

IM12A. Has (name) ever been given "DPT/HEPB/HIB	Yes1	
VACCINATION INJECTIONS" - THAT IS, AN INJECTION IN THE THIGH	No2	2⇒IM16
OR BUTTOCKS - TO PREVENT HIM/HER FROM GETTING DIPTHERIA,	DK8	8⇒IM16
Whooping Cough, Tetanus, Hepatitis B and Influenza Type		
B?		
Probe by indicating that DPT/HEPB/HIB vaccination is		
sometimes given at the same time as Polio		
IM12B. How many times was a DPT/HEPB/HIB vaccination	Number of times	
RECEIVED?		
IM13. Has (NAME) EVER BEEN GIVEN A HEPATITIS B VACCINATION	Yes1	
- THAT IS, AN INJECTION IN THE THIGH OR BUTTOCKS - TO		
PREVENT HIM/HER FROM GETTING HEPATITIS B?	No2	2⇒IM16
	DK8	8⇒IM16
PROBE BY INDICATING THAT THE HEPATITIS B VACCINE IS SOMETIMES		
GIVEN AT THE SAME TIME AS POLIO AND DPT VACCINES		
IM14. Was the first Hepatitis B vaccine received within 24	Within 24 hours 1	
HOURS AFTER BIRTH, OR LATER?	Later 2	
IM15. How many times was a hepatitis B vaccine received?		
	Number of times	
IM16. Has (name) ever received a "Measles, mumps and	Yes1	
RUBELLA VACCINATION INJECTION (MMR)"- THAT IS, A SHOT IN	No2	
THE ARM AT THE AGE OF 12 MONTHS OR OLDER - TO PREVENT	DK8	
HIM/HER FROM GETTING MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA?		
IM17. Has (name) ever been given a "Yellow Fever	Yes1	
VACCINATION INJECTION" - THAT IS, A SHOT IN THE ARM AT THE	No2	
AGE OF 12 MONTHS OR OLDER – TO PREVENT HIM/HER FROM	DK8	
GETTING YELLOW FEVER? (SOMETIMES GIVEN AT THE SAME TIME		
as MMR).		
Probe by indicating that the yellow fever vaccine is		
sometimes given at the same time as the Measles,		
Mumps and Rubella (MMR) vaccine		
IM20. Has (name) ever been given a "pneumococcal	Yes1	
VACCINATION INJECTION" — THAT IS, AN INJECTION IN THE THIGH	No2	
OR BUTTOCKS — TO PREVENT HIM/HER FROM GETTING THE	DK8	
PNEUMOCOCCAL DISEASE?	DIX	
THEONIOCOCOAL DIOLAGE:		
IM21. How many times was a pneumococcal vaccination	Number of times	
RECEIVED?	_	

UF13. Record the time.	Hour and minutes : : :	

ANTHROPOMETRY		
After questionnaires for all children are complete, the measurer weighs and measures each child.		
Record weight and length/height below, taking care to record the measurements on the correct questionnaire for each child. Check the child's name and line number on the household listing before		
recording measurements.		
AN1. Measurer's name and number:	Name	
AN2. Result of height / length and weight measurement	Either or both measured 1	
	Child not present 2	2⇒AN6
	Child or caretaker refused 3	3⇒AN6
	Other (specify) 6	6⇔AN6
AN3. Child's weight	Kilograms (kg)	
	Weight not measured 99.9	
AN4. Child's length or height		
Check age of child in AG2:		
" Child under 2 years old. • Measure length (lying down).	Length (cm) Lying down1 1	
" Child age 2 or more years. ⊕ Measure height (standing up).	Height (cm) Standing up2	
	Length / Height not measured 9999.9	
AN6. Is there another child in the household who is eligible for measurement?		
☐ Yes ⇒ Record measurements for next child.		
☐ No ⇒ End the interview with this household by thanking all participants for their cooperation.		
Gather together all questionnaires for this household and check that all identification numbers		
are inserted on each page. Tally on the Household Information Panel the number of interviews		
completed.		

Interviewer's Observations	
	Field Editor's Observations
	Supervisor's Observations



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